



## Computation Notebook

Department \_\_\_\_\_

Subject 05049 #2

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- 75 Sheets, 4 x 4 Quad. Ruling
- 11 3/4" x 9 1/4"
- 29.8 x 23.5cm



TOPS • Osage, IA 50461

No. 35126  
Made in China

April 12, 2006

## DAQ Benchmarking

Steps

## 1. LASSA

- Measure Global enable vs. Multiplicity w/ pulser
- Measure Actual readout time vs. Multiplicity w/ pulser  
- Use I/O register.
- Measure Setup and clear times  
- use I/O

## 2. Mini Ball

- Measure veto vs. Multiplicity using pulser system
- Measure Readout time vs. Multiplicity w/ pulser
- Measure setup & clear times.

## 3. CsI

- Measure Veto vs. Multiplicity w/ pulser
- Readout time vs. Multiplicity
- Setup & clear time.

## 4. Neutron wall

- Veto vs. Multiplicity
- Readout time vs. Multiplicity
- Setup & clear.

## 5. FA.

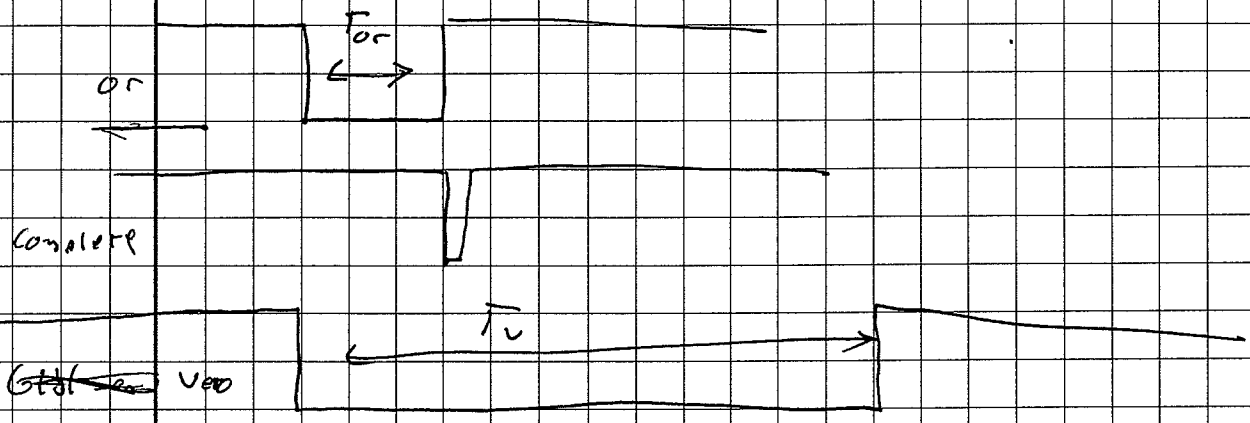
- Veto vs. Multiplicity
- Readout time vs. Multiplicity
- Setup & clear.

LAST DAQ time.

- use pulser. on rel 3 + 4 (all others off)

16 channels LCHOP.

Triggered MS or OR



$T_{or}$  = time to read Motherboard

$T_{or} = 66 \mu s$

$T_v = \text{Total Vero time} = \approx 217 \mu s$

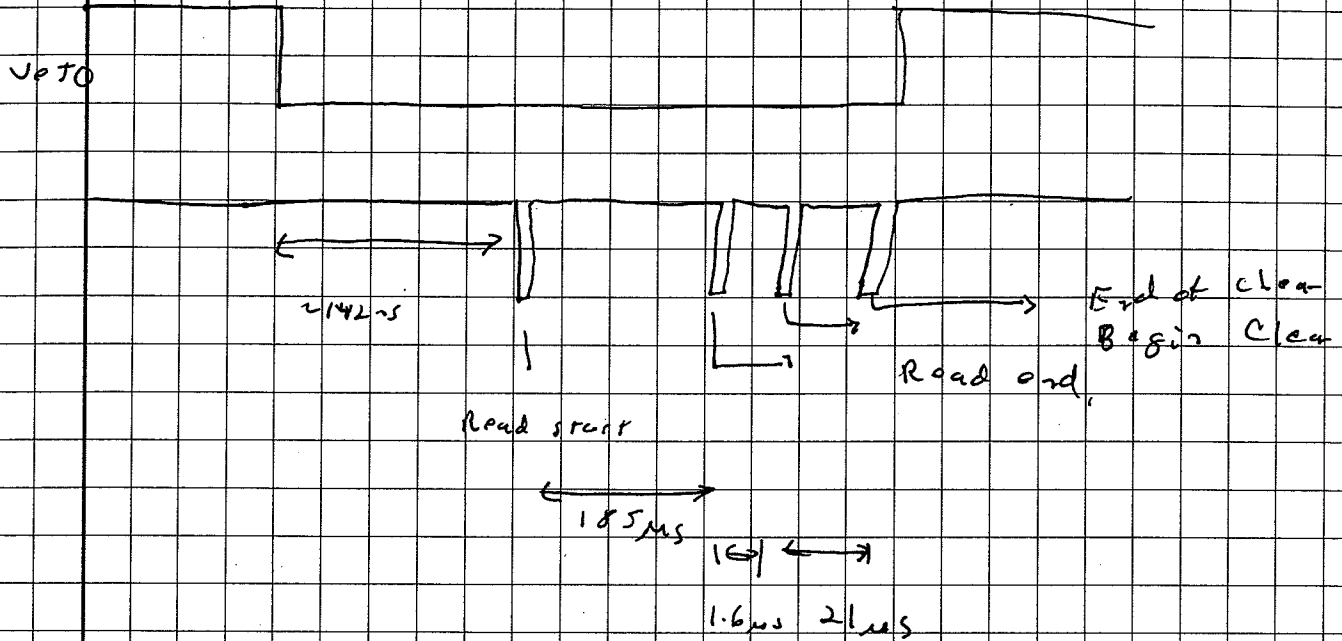
Channels	$T_{or}$	$T_v$	$T_v - T_{or}$
2	7.2 $\mu s$	90 $\mu s$	82.8
16	66 $\mu s$	417 $\mu s$	<del>351</del> 351
32	132 $\mu s$	356 $\mu s$	224
2	12.0	108	96 $\mu s$
4	20.2	122	101.8

about 6  $\mu s$  to read a channel  
- Setup time seems large.

Period to remove some superious statements to speed things

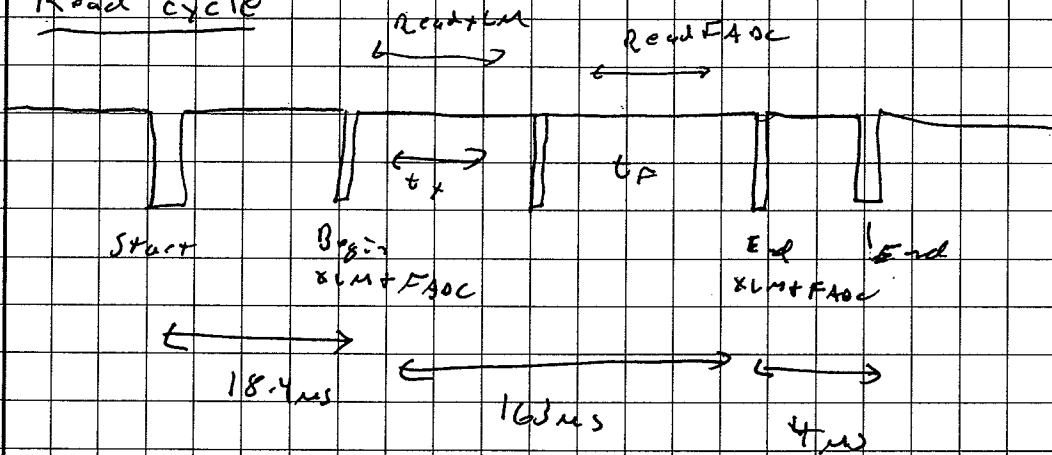
$\mu s$	$T_{or}$	$T_v$	$T_v - T_{or}$
1	7.84	86.4	78.56
2	11.9 $\mu s$	96.4 $\mu s$	84.5
4	19.5 $\mu s$	113 $\mu s$	93.5

Use @ V2C2 IO Mod For 3+ channel Mult



Longest time spent in read.

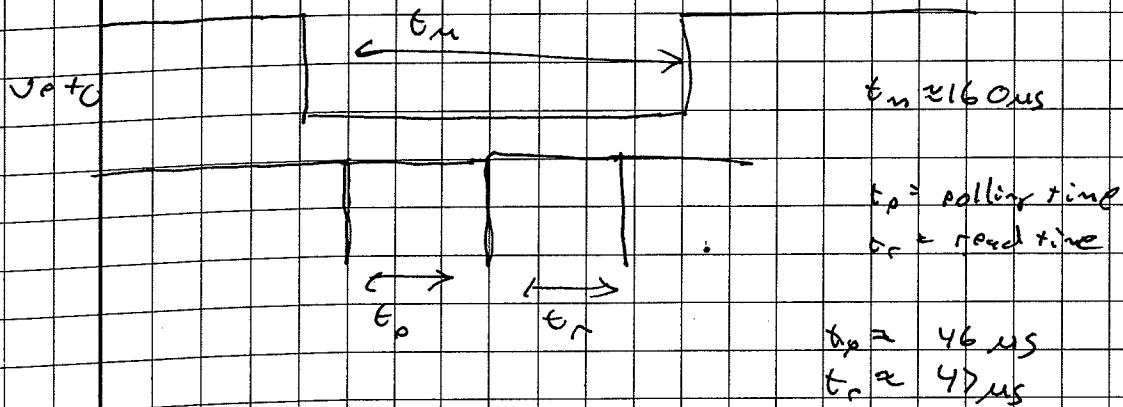
Read cycle



$t_x \approx t_f$

→ fall on about the same amount of time each.

## Mini Ball Read

Multiplicity  $\sim 10$ 

## Questions For Ron

- is it sufficient to just poll the first module?
- Does reader clear the modules?
- Spectrotag problem?
- Mini Ball TDC window

For multiplicities of  $\sim 32$ , the dead time  $\approx 250-550 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

## Neutron wall Gain March Method

1. Find pedestal  $X_p$
2. Find dynamic range in channels  $X_d = 4095 - X_p$
3. Find necessary calibration constant  $m$

$$m = \frac{25 \text{ MeV}}{X_d} = \frac{25 \text{ MeV}}{4095 - X_p}$$

4. Energy of AmBe ~~caliber~~ Compton edge =  $E_c = 4.1884 \text{ MeV}$

- ~~$E_c$~~   $X_B$   
5. PuBe Compton Edge channel must be  $X_B$

~~$X_B$~~   $(X_B - X_p) m = E_c$

$$X_B - X_p = \frac{E_c}{m}$$

$$X_B = \frac{E_c}{m} + X_p$$

$$= \frac{E_c}{25} (4095 - X_p) + X_p$$

=

### Compton Edges

$^{60}\text{Co}$	$E_c \approx 1.00 \text{ MeV}$
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$E_c \approx 0.477 \text{ MeV}$
AmBe	$E_c \approx 4.1884$
$^{238}\text{Th}$	$E_c = 2.3812$

*edge*

Wall	Tube	Total		AmBe Pedestal	
		L	R	L	R
A	X 0	164	251	822.584	895.0084
	X 1	200	294	852.5527	930.8043
	X 2	188	245	842.5632	890.0136
	X 3	243	495	888.3487	1098.13
	X 4	230	324	877.5266	955.7783
	X 5	212	390	862.5423	1010.721
	X 6	258	262	900.8356	904.1655
	X 7	177	311	833.406	944.9562
	X 8	192	379	845.893	1001.564
	X 9	233	406	880.024	1024.04
	X 10	235	375	881.689	998.2339
	X 11	224	226	872.5319	874.1968
	X 12	205	369	856.715	993.2391
	X 13	260	313	902.5006	946.6212
	X 14	309	257	943.2913	900.0032
	X 15	274	307	914.1551	941.6264
	X 16	186	205	840.8982	856.715
	X 17	215	190	865.0397	844.2281
	X 18	210	179	860.8774	835.071
	X 19	272	242	912.4901	887.5162
	X 20	208	278	859.2124	917.4849
	X 21	200	237	852.5527	883.3539
	X 22	247	237	891.6785	883.3539
	X 23	255	215	898.3382	865.0397
	24				

Neutron wall pedestals  
 and  
 necessary covers  
 Edge For AmBe  
 source  
 For dynamic range of  
 25 MeVee

WallB						
	0	X 237	X 616	883.3539	1198.858	
	1	X 315	X 199	948.2861	851.7203	
	2	249	X 738	893.3435	1300.418	
	3	X 210	X 334	860.8774	964.1029	
	4	X 270	X 490	910.8252	1093.967	
	5	252	436	895.8408	1049.014	
	6	X 279	X 209	918.3174	860.0449	
	7	X 322	X 188	954.1133	842.5632	
	8	X 287	393	924.9771	1013.218	
	9	X 279	X 80	918.3174	752.657	
	10	X 279	X 724	918.3174	1288.764	
	11	X 332	X 230	962.438	877.5266	
	12	X 260	239	902.5006	885.0188	
	13	X 270	X 422	910.8252	1037.36	
	14	X 272	422	912.4901	1037.36	
	15	290	269	927.4745	909.9927	
	16	X 266	205	907.4953	856.715	
	17	266	X 248	907.4953	892.511	
	18	X 289	X 234	926.642	880.8565	
	19	X 209	270	860.0449	910.8252	
	20	217	235	866.7046	881.689	
	21	X 186	X 211	840.8982	861.7098	
	22	X 222	174	870.8669	830.9087	
	23	X 268	193	909.1603	846.7255	
	24					

To do

April 6

- Proton Vero
- TOC
- OIC
- APC
- Check FA tubes 2, 9, 12
- Couple csi + LACS + programs
  - do on next LASSA source test.
- Recheck timing
- MiniBall discriminator mask

Debugger MiniBall

Channels to look at

<u>Ring</u>	<u>Tube</u>	<u>Chan</u>	<u>Note</u>
✓	5	0	F No Signal
✓		1	F Bud disc = recorded
✓		2	F ↓
✗	6	3	F, S, T → No Signal (not used?)
✓	6	18	S No Sig.
✓	7	0	F, S, T No Signal
		6-12	F, T No Sig
		7	S No Sig
		13	S Low amp.
	8	0	F, T No Sig
		1	F, S, T No Sig
		3	F, S, T No Sig
✗	9	0	T No Sig
		9	F, S No Sig / Low gain
✗	10	4-11	F No Sig (Bad Pulver / QDC / Salvo?)
		4	F, S, T, NO Sig
<del>Bad output</del>			
✗	11	0-7	F No Sig?
	5	8	F Pedestal
		12	F No Sig



Update

~~⊠~~

	<u>Ring</u>	<u>H</u>	<u>Tube</u>	<u>Case</u>	<u>Note</u>
	11		0	F, S, T	Low gain
"	10		4	F, S, T	Low gain
	10		11	F	No sig.
	6		3	F, S, T	Really low signal Amp
	4		<del>⊠</del>	<del>F</del>	(maybe replace part)
	11		0	F	No sig.
	<del>10</del>		<del>4</del>	<del>F, S, T</del>	No sig.
	9		3	F, S, T	Low gain
	<del>7</del>		9	F, S, T	Low gain
	8		0	F	No sig.
	<del>8</del>		3	F, S, T	Low gain
⇒	7		0	F, S, T	No signal at Flange
1/10	7		5	F	Low gain
	7		6	F	No logic signal at DC
	7		7	S	
	7		14	S	
?	6		3	F, S, T	mirror

Repair Broken Channels

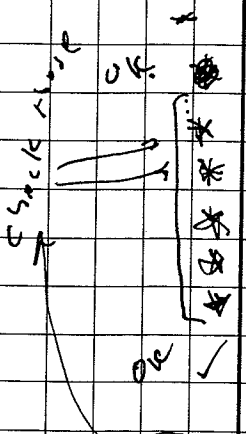
<u>Row</u>	<u>Channel</u>	<u>Note</u>
6	3	F.S.T seem to be working, but Bad discriminator
8	0 F	No Signal at Flange
8	3 F.S.T	Looks like a Bad splitter
9	5	Bad disc channel input $\rightarrow$ splitter

Missing discriminator Channels (signals discs may work, but no sig)

<u>Disc Ring</u>	<u>Channel</u>	
<del>5</del>	<del>15</del>	(Maybe removed)
6	3	Disc is Fine $\Rightarrow$ input must be broken
7	0	Disc is OK $\Rightarrow$ input must be broken
7	3	Disc is OK $\Rightarrow$ input must be broken
<del>7</del>	<del>6</del>	
<del>8</del>	<del>1</del>	
9	5	Disc probably works, but input might not
* 9	12	(disc is probably OK, but input broken) OR works but ECL out doesn't

Unexplained Missing Slow + Tail channels

<u>Ring</u>	<u>Chan</u>	
7	7S	= No Signal = Bad splitter
<del>7</del>	<del>14S</del>	7 14S = Just a very large gain.
8	0 S,T	- M
	3 S,T	
9	9S	$\Rightarrow$ low gain?
	13S	$\Rightarrow$ low gain
10	4, S, T	$\Rightarrow$
	5 S	$\Rightarrow$ OK
		$\Rightarrow$ Maybe bad pulser on this ring



To do:

- Gain March MiniBall
  - set so that pulse peaks all line up
- MiniBall Fast timing
- Splitter on MiniBall ring  $\Rightarrow$  replace
  - range
- Set FA gains
  - source at about  $\frac{1}{4}$  Full scale?
  - Maybe  $\frac{1}{2}$  Full scale
- Fix MiniBall Mask
- Recheck timing
  - Si / CsI
  - MiniBall
- ~~- CsI + LASSA preamps~~
- ~~- Next Si test~~
- MiniBall Gain March.
- FA tubes 2, 9, 12.
- Route V1190c Fast Signals
- Cover up stream port

April 15, 2008

Replaced rel Z with SD 1140-18

Bias and currents

Rel	V (V)	I (mA)	I <sub>max</sub>
0	-66	0.9	1.31
1	-60	7.38	5.29
2	-60	0.62	0.96
3	-85	1.23	1.52
4	-65	2.76	3.25
5	-55	0.40	0.92

- Connect Elstream timing Scintillator  
 - HV channel 148  
 - HV = -1500

Source test run after replacing SD on rel Z

Run 157

⇒ Readout Modg

→ Changed readout so that it only polls the first module of the first event segment.

WARNING: The first event segment can change, so we will need to change the module status as well.

## TDC Maps

MiniBall TDC V1190

Chan	
0	FA OR
1	Upstream Scint
2	XFP Scint
3	RF downscale

PROMPT  
 TRIGGER: ~~PROMPT~~ Trig (PROMPT)  
 - ~~FOR~~ FOR 07018 = Si  
 - FOR 05049 = FA + MP

Chan 16-37 : ~~Discriminator~~ Discriminator Bank 1

Chan 32-47 = Discriminator Bank 2

Chan ~~64-79~~ = 48-63 Discriminator Bank 3

Chan ~~80-95~~ = 64-79 Discriminator Bank 4

Chan ~~96-111~~ = 80-95 Discriminator Bank 5

Chan 96-111 Discriminator Bank 6

Chan 112-127 Discriminator Bank 7

Triggered on Primary trigger

- Offset should be about -500 ns

- window should be about 2  $\mu$ s ~~2.5  $\mu$ s~~

Neutron wall TDC

V1190 TDC

Chan

- 0 Forward array
- 1 Upstream Scintillator
- 2 Neutron OR
- 3 XFP Scint
- 4 AF time

5<sup>th</sup> trick

PROMPT

~~PROMPT~~ TRIG = - S: FOR 07018 ? (Maybe Neutrons)  
 - FOR 05049 = FAT MB Mult

- Chan 16-31 : unused
- 32-47 : Wall AL 0-15
- 48-63 : Wall OL 0-15
- 64-79 : AR 0-15
- 80-95 : BR 0-15
- 96-111 : AL 16-23 OL 16-23
- 112-127 : AR 16-23 BR 16-23

T triggered on : Primary trigger  
 - Offset should be about -500ns  
 - window width should be ~ 2 μs

# Scaler Channels

<u>Row</u>		<u>Live</u>	
0	Si OR	16	<del>GE OR</del> Si OR
1	CsE OR	17	CsE OR
2	FA OR	18	FA OR
3	Mini Ball Mult	19	Mini Ball Mult
4	Neutron OR	20	Neutron OR
5	Fast Clear	21	Fast Clear
6		22	
7		23	
8		24	
9		25	
10		26	
11		27	
12	Pulser	28	Pulser
13	<del>VETO</del> Veto	29	VETO
14	Master Trig	30	Master Trig
15	Upstream Scint	31	Upstream Scint
16			

To do:

- MB multiplicity => Make wider

checked and updated 7/30/2009 5:11:19 pm  
↳ also C05079.tbl updated

Miniball debug

Ring	Chan	Note
8	3	Signal goes to splitter
8	0	Required in-chamber cable
9	9	Signal gets to splitter
	13	Signal goes to splitter
10	4	Signal goes to splitter
	5	Signal goes to splitter
11	0	Signal goes to splitter

More elaborate debugging of Miniball (slow + Tail: For Now)

Ring	Chan	Note
✓ 5	0 F	No spectrum ⇒ OK ⇒ low gain
✓	3 S	No pedestal only = OK, low gain.
✓	4 T	Very low gain? OK low gain
steel ✗	8 T	No spectrum ⇒ only reads = <u>No Signal</u>
↓	12 S	<del>No Spectrum</del> Pedestal? = low gain
	Check Fast and Slow gates on Ring 5+6	
✗ 6	3 F, S, T	No Signal? <del>No sig at splitter for OK</del>
✗ 7	0 F, S, T	No sig or pedestals - <del>No sig at splitter</del>
✓	3 F, S, T	Pedestals low gain
✓	4 S	No Signal
✗ 8	0 F, S, T	Low gain + No Fast   No Signal to splitter
✗	3	Pedestals only!   No light pulser
	Recheck 5 low gates on Ring 8	
✓ 9	5	No Signal low gain
	4 S	Pedestal low gain
	Recheck 5 low gates on Ring 9.	
✓ 10	✗	Recheck slow gates.
✓	4	Check

8:0 ; 1 wamp happy ⇒ backwards



Bad channels

<u>Riz</u>	<u>Chan</u>	
5	8 T	Splitter output
✓ 6	3 F,S,T	<del>Splitter</del> No sig at Flange?
✓ 7	0 F,S,T	Splitter?
7	7 S	⇒ Splitter broke?
	14 S	Must be a bad CF channel
8	0 F,S,T	
⊙	<del>0</del> No light pulse	
10	10 F,S,T	Signal seems ok = Bad disc?
10	4 F,S,T	

- ✓ 6, 3 = Maybe No power Fixed
- (7,0) = Maybe No power
- (8,0) = Maybe No power / bad tube

- ✓ (7,0) Connector for HV Broken!
- ✓ (6,3) Tube Must be Broken
- (8,0) HV Broken!

Tomorrow

- ✓ - Repair (7,0) + (8,0)
- Check Fast sigs
- ✓ - Signal Split
- Gates
- Disc ⇒ ~~should work~~
- Check timing again → use pulse
- ✓ - Fast gate
- ✓ - Slow gate
- ✓ - Tail gate
- ✓ - Trips
- Gain March it temp.
- Fast runs

Things to look out for

- large Discriminator Rates
- Discriminators may NOT be initialized

Examine Fast Signals

	<u>Niz</u>	<u>Tube</u>	<u>Notes</u>
✓	5	1	<del>Don't see one</del> Different channel
✓		10	low gain on Fast
✓		12	low gain on Fast
✓		23	low gain on Fast
✓	6	8	No Fast
✓		12	No Fast
* *	→ →	3 14	very low gain No sig
✓	8	3	No sig - low gain
✓	9	8	No sig
✓		10	"
✓		12	"
✓	10	4	low gain
✓		5	low gain
* *	10	10	No sig Fast signal broken

Bad Salter channels

(Ring, Chan Function)

5, 8 T

7, 2 S

~~10, 10~~

7, 14 F

10, 10 F (maybe S + T)

April 18, 2008

TES + Run Trigger

- Since C<sub>2</sub>E is gated by SE and we want  
to trigger on SE, then we just trigger on  
C<sub>2</sub>E signal.

- veto = X

- trigger = Y

- very clean trigger.

FA test

- discriminator thresholds should be set  $\approx 4$

- HV  $\approx 800$  to  $1000$  V

Patch Panel channels

1	- Si bias 1
2	- Si bias 2
3	- Si bias 3
4	- Si bias 4
5	- Si bias 5
6	- Si bias 6
7	- CsF bias 1
8	- Interlock
9	- Si Shaper
10	- Si OR
11	- Si Trig
12	<del>- Si Compt</del>
12	- CsI Shaper
13	- CsI gate
14	- MiniBall Mult <del>disc</del>
15	- MiniBall Mult
16	- Neutron OR
17	- Master Trig
18	- VETO
19	- FA OR
20	- FA Gate / <del>Upstream</del>
22	XPF SciNT
24	CoE OR
25	FA Fast
26	MB Gate <del>RF</del>
27	FA and MB <del>RF</del>
30	CsF Bias 2
28	Upstream SciNT

Patch Panel	Description
1	Si Bias 1
2	Si Bias 2
3	Si Bias 3
4	Si Bias 4
5	Si Bias 5
6	Si Bias 6
7	CsF Bias 1
8	Interlock
9	Si Shaper
10	Si OR
11	Si Trig
12	CsI Shaper
13	CsI Gate
15	MiniBall Trig
16	MiniBall Mult
17	Neutron OR
18	Master Trig
19	VETO
20	FA OR
22	FA Gate/ XF Port
23	XPF In
24	CoI OR
25	FA Fast
26	MB Gate
27	FA and MB
28	Upstream
30	CsI Bias 2

## Testing Forward array

- in air source about 20 cm away ALU = -1000 d/s
- Scalar FT OR  $\sim 133/s$  (Background)

## Neutron wall Final debugs

- AL8 = No Fast Spectrum. - Cable fault
- BR20 = No FAST.  $\Rightarrow$  this one has been a constant problem
- Needs very low thresh high gain

## PSD Spectra

- AL11  $\Rightarrow$  Doesn't look very good = Not great but adjustable
- BR14 = low counts = Needs low thresh
- BR20 =

## Thresholds

- BR14 } low thresh
- BR20 }

April 19, 2

Jer up + rüd

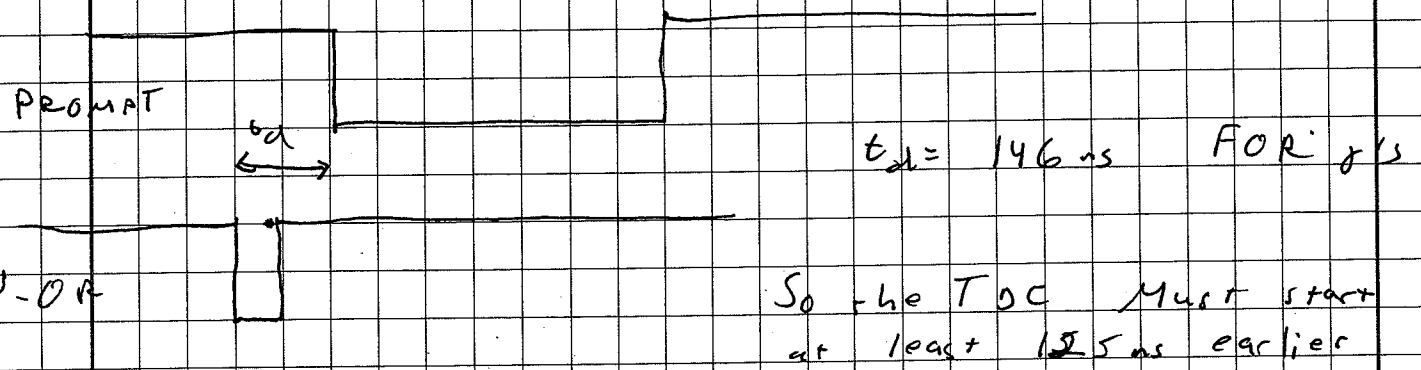
FOR 07018

$$TRIG = \frac{S_i}{N + S_i}$$

$$FC =$$

⇒ WARNING: REMOVE MB FROM FC!!

Timing at N wall TOC



FOR MiniBall promat occurs ~~at~~ a bit later sooner  $t_d \approx 20 \text{ ns}$  or so, check during test

-So we'll get the window offset For the neutron 1190 to  
 -500 ns to be safe  
 width = 2  $\mu$ s

Mapping laid out by rack, crate, slot

(N, L, S)

N = Rack (integer)  
 L = Crate (A, B, C, ...)  
 S = Slot (integer)

Rack 1

A = Sedag 19

B = VME crate  
 S, CFI, TDCs,  
 scalars

C = NIM BIN  
 Si, separator, HV  
 upstream CFI

D = Vacuum Interlock

E = NIM  
 Si Power FAN  
 Some Gates

Rack 2

A = FA Suppress  
 NIM

B = CFI Shares  
 NIM

C = NIM  
 TRIGGER  
 Logic

D = CAMAC  
 FA, CFI, MB  
 discriminator

Rack 3

A = Patch Panel

B = NIM  
 Pulsing, CFI  
 distributor

C = NIM  
 MiniBall factor  
 TRIGGER

~~VME~~ 0 - VME  
 Mini Dalv

E = CAMAC  
 MB Separator

Rack 1

B = VME Card #2

Slot 22	CAEN v785 ADC	CSE ADC	
Slot 20	CAEN v1140 TDC	MiniBall and	time roes (XFD, FA, U <sub>stream</sub> ) (See pg 12)
Slot 16	CAEN v288	CAEN Net Controller	
Slot 10	CAEN v785 ADC	Forward Array	ch 0-16
Slot 11	CAEN v775 TDC	Forward array TDC	ch 0-16
Slot 9	Live Scaler	LRS 1151	(See pg 14)
Slot 7	Raw Scaler	LRS 1151 M	(See pg 14)
Slot 5	FA DC	<del>1</del> = Clock	ch 1: Time ch 2: Energy
Slot 3	XL4 80M	Silicon ASIC control	Conn A



# Crane Matrix NIM IC

## Rack 1.C

Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3
ECL-NIM	FIFO FATBRS Prompt	Si Cable to LEMO Conversion ASICs Ribbon in
For XLM control input	FastClear OR Comp Ready in	
	Si OR	
	Si Complete	

Slot 5	Slot 7	Slot 8	Slot 9	Slot 12
NIM → ECL For Live Scaler (Spec 14)	Tennelec Bias Si 0 100V Setting Current range = 10uA or 10n	Tennelec Bias Si 2	Tennelec Bias Si 4	Tennelec Quad CFO Upstream Si 1
	Si 1	Si 3	Si 5	

Crate Mapping NIM IE

Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 5	Slot 6 + 7	Slot 8	Slot 9	Slot 10	Slot 11	Slot 12
Ribbon to LEMO converter	FIFO	7/-12V Power	ASICS Power Supply	FIFO	FIFO	Q/GDG	LeROY GDG	LeROY GDG
	XFA IN			XFA IN	IN: FA	IN: FA+MB	IN: Neutron	IN: Neutron
	out →			out:	out:	IN: FA+MB	IN: Neutron	IN: Neutron
	Scaler			Scaler	X: FA	OUT: FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	and			and	AOC	X: FA	OUT: OR	OUT: OR
	TDC			TDC	Y: FA	Y: FA	OUT: delayed	OUT: delayed
					Singles	(1,5,10)	OUT: OR	OUT: OR
	IN: FA+MB			IN: FA+MB		IN: FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	PROMPT			PROMPT	OUT: FA+MB	OUT: FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	OUT: TDC			OUT: TDC	X: Patch	X: Patch	OUT: F.C.	OUT: F.C.
	OUT: Scaler			OUT: Scaler	X: FA	X: FA	OUT: OR	OUT: OR
	OUT: Neutron			OUT: Neutron	Y: (1,5)	Y: (1,5)	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	TDC			TDC	TRIG	TRIG	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	XFA IN			XFA IN	IN: FA+MB	IN: FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	OUT: Neutron			OUT: Neutron	OUT: FA+MB	OUT: FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	Raw Scaler			Raw Scaler	OUT: X	OUT: X	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					Y: FA	Y: FA	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					Singles	Singles	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	IN: FA-OR			IN: FA-OR	(1,5,10)	(1,5,10)	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	OUT: Patch			OUT: Patch	IN: FA	IN: FA	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
	-GDG (2,6,7)			-GDG (2,6,7)	OUT: FA-OR	OUT: FA-OR	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					OUT: X: Scales	OUT: X: Scales	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					-FA+MB	-FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					-FA System	-FA System	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					(2,6,7)	(2,6,7)	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					-FA+MB	-FA+MB	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron
					(1,5,8)	(1,5,8)	OUT: Neutron	OUT: Neutron

Thermo couple in/out to PLC

A

2

Crate Mapping

NIM 2A

Slot 8

LEMO → RIBBON

IN: FA Shaper

OUT: CAENV785 (1, B, 13)

Slot 6

Slot 5

Slot 4

Slot 3

NIM 2A

Shaper

Shaper

Splitter

Shaper

Shaper

FA3

FA2

IN:

FA1

FA0

FA3

FA2

FA LEMO

FA1

FA0

Out: Shaper

Out: Shaper

CFD

(2, 0, 1)

FA4

FA6

FA7

FA9

FA10

FA11

FA12

FA13

FA14

FA15

FA16



NIM 2 C  
GOC

FIFO

GOG

Logic Mod

Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module
IN: FAOR x: FA Narrow Y: RA <del>patch</del> delay	A: FA B: MB x: A+B X: patch	IN: FA+MB prompt out: 2, 0, 1 2, 0, 1 1, 1, 1, 0 (FA gate) Scale	MAST TRIG FA+MB	NIM →ECL F.C. For (crate)	Scaler Gate	NIM →ECL F.C. ot	NIM →ECL For M.B.
IN: MB Mult x: MB Narrow X: MB Gate patch	A: FA Narrow B: MB Stretch x: A+B = F.C.	IN: FA FA+MB out: J F.C.	F.C.	USED FOR <del>REF</del> <del>FOR</del> <del>(F.C.)</del>	Scaler Gate	Crate φ	Channels 0-16 OFF For B
IN: FAOR x: Scaler Y: FA Stretch	A: FA Stretch B: MB Narrow x: A+B = FC	IN: FA+MB FC - FA+MB - FA+MB - FA+MB + N - out - FC	S: FA+MB = S: Gate = X	F.C.	A: N B: $\sqrt{J}$ x: A+B ⇒ F.C.		REF S: JS See P8 IL
IN: MB Mult x: Scaler Y: MB dpl	A: FA+MB B: S x: FA+MB TS: = S: Gate Y: S: Gate	IN: FC FC prompt - FA+MB - FA+MB - N+J	N T(FA+MB) delayed Y: F.C.		A: N B: <del>FA+MB</del> F.C. x: N+(FA+MB)		

Philips Disc 7 MB
Philips Disc 6 MB
Philips Disc 5 MB
Philips Disc 4 MB
Philips Disc 3 MB
P
Philips Disc 2 MB
Philips Disc 1 MB
PICO Shaver
PICO Disc (SI 12-3)
PICO Shaver
PICO Disc (SI 0-11)
LECROY 1806 CFO FA

C R A T E 2 D C A M A C

# RACK 3 NIM B

Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:	Slot: Module:
+12 Volts								
	CSI Distribution							
	Tennetec power CSI	100V rms		LED Pulsor For MB				
			BNC PULSER	BNC PULSER				
			BLUE	white				
		CSI						
		100V rms						
	FOR MB Pulsing System							

RACK NIM 3C FIFO Slow Tail FIFO GGG FIFO GGG FIFO LeCroy GG

Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module	Slot Module
MB Jimmy Amp	Octal disc 1: MB sum 2: MB disc 1	Disc 1+2 out: slow out: CG.	Slow Gate For MB 1+2	Tail MB 1+2	EN Tail f-8 out MOOR	MOOR y: veto y: trix	Si Complete
	3: MB disc 2 4: MB disc 3	Disc 3+4 out: slow out: CG	Slow Gate MB 3+4	Tail MB 3+4		Next OP: y: trix veto	TRIG ACK
	5: MB disc 4 6: MB disc 5	Disc: 5+6 out: slow out: CG	Slow Gate 5+6	Tail MB 5+6	Master TRIG MOORFA		FA Si: y: los
	7: MB disc 6 8: MB disc 7	Disc: 7+8 out: slow out: CG	Slow Gate 7+8	Tail MB 7+8	Next <del>TRIG</del> For test Run	CI/Si TRIG x: veto y: trix	Comp Ready

out 1 = MB sum



Replaced last 32 channels of AB with Fast Amps

- 7x 300 MHz

- We should test these as they may not work as well as we hope

- Corresponding 10 channels

9:1 - 9:13

10:1 - 10:11

11:0 - 11:7

⇒ Specific time ref set for Unstream Serv

One More <sup>200</sup>Th Source test

- will also examine pulse amplitude and width.

- Find pulse Amp for 8.78 MeV

- Find pulse Amp for 6.778 MeV

- Find minimum triggerable pulse amp.

- Convert to MeV

- Do this for a few channels on Front.

- Also re-examine resolution

Unplug AB PLC and recheck wire

Sample Channel

Slot 2F7: FWHM of 8.78 MeV channel

with PLC = 26.49

without PLC = 26.73

No discernable difference

- Will do a more thorough test

Chid	Channel	Pulser 8.78 mV	Pulser 6.778 mV	Pulser @ through	8.78 mV	6.778 mV
0	3					
	7	1.425	1.089	0.115	4250.98	3373.32
1	7	1.517	1.158	0.082	465	3723.3
1	37	1.412	1.074	0.077	4153	3283.89
3	7	1.518	1.155	0.057	4267.5	3378.0
4	7	1.452	1.106	0.080	3856.45	2981.2
4	7	1.624	1.237	0.105	3783.04	2940.44
5	0					
5	3					
5	3					
5	4					
5	7					
5	7					
5	7					
5	7					

$E = mA + B$        $A = \text{pulse Amplitude}$

Through chan 702 or OF7 - lower through to 0.081 V chan 817

Through	V	Chan
-10	0.081	817
-9	0.074	806
1	0.024	642
0	0.03	654.12

Chid	Chan	m	B	$E = mA + B$
0	7	5.95833	0.289	
1	7	5.57660	0.320	$A = \text{pulse Amplitude}$
2	7	5.923	0.417	$E = \text{Energy in mV}$
3	7	5.515	0.408	
4	7	5.803	0.360	
5	7	5.173	0.379	

Removed Attenuators to try to discriminate lower

Ch <sub>1</sub>	Ch <sub>2</sub>	pulse Thresh	MeV
0	7	0.048	0.574 0.585
1	7	0.036	0.521 0.54
2	7	0.049	0.678 0.707
3	7	0.017	0.501
4	7	0.025	0.505
5	7	0.042	0.596

- Still high  $\Rightarrow$  Maybe try with covers on and the just use x2 attenuators.

Covered detectors and tried threshold settings again

File: e05049 tower $\phi$  - H.G. setup but covered through (Set Channel 7 only)

Ch <sub>1</sub>	Ch <sub>2</sub>	pulse thresh	MeV
0	7	<del>0.057</del> 0.034	
1	7	0.022 <del>0.036</del> <del>0.029</del> <del>0.017</del>	
2	7	( <del>0.047</del> ) 0.037	
3	7	0.01	
4	7	0.016	
5	7	0.024	

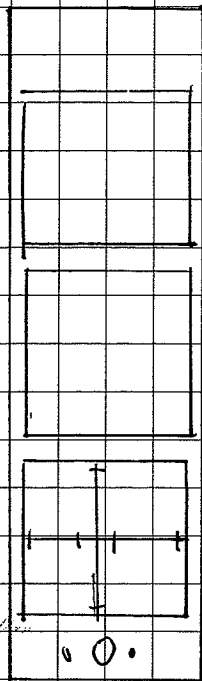
$\neq$  It seems we can make thresholds very low

Try

- No  $\phi$  source and cover
- Foil covers

This is still  $\sim 400$  keV

$\rightarrow$  lets go to Artn v2 w/ high gain settings.

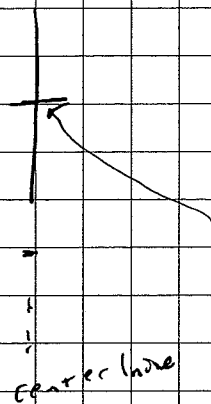
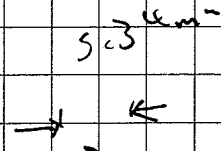


$20 \text{ ms/cm}^2 \text{ Pb}$

$10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ Pb}$

view

$\Rightarrow$



target edges

center is at bottom edge of this line

= Installed MiniBall Multiplicity counter disc in Compack slot 8, Mut in ch Z

Multiplicity

Thresh

1	$\sim 0-50$
2	$\sim 51-100$
3	$\sim 101-150$
4	$\sim 151-200$
5	$\sim 201-250$
6	$\sim 251-300$
7	$\sim 301-350$
8	$\sim 351-400$
9	$\sim 401-451$
10	$\sim 451-500$

$\sim 10 \text{ mV}$  / ~~10~~  $\mu\text{s}$  rise

Disc was in U/dive ~~10~~.

Placed at Attenuators

Pulsed with 8.78 MeV of equivalent  $6.278 \text{ MeV equiv.}$

~~Chan 7~~

Chan 0 chan 7 8.78 MeV  $\Rightarrow$

Chip	chan	8.78	6.278	Thresh	Range	Thresh MeV
0	7	8623.1	6840.76	0.035		
		FWHM: $\approx 24$				
17		9411.07	7606.98	0.020		
		FWHM $\approx 17.75$				
2	7	7956.39	6201.77	0.036		
		FWHM: 16.25				
3	7	8208.64	6423.8	0.044	0.013	
		FWHM = 15		<del>0.020</del>		
4	7	7882.82	6123.63	0.012		
		FWHM $\approx 15.25$				
5	7	7836.67	6143.06	0.024		
		14.5				

Set Thresholds independently

Eg.

→ ch 0 ch 7

- thresh is very low = 3

Thresh time on pulser is 0.026

ch 1092.37

April 24

Setting Threshold on SD

- One channel at a time

- Set above noise

- E-mail Tom

- what does the threshold number really mean

- does it matter to have > 0 thresh on positive polarity

Gain Match vally again

April 25

- 60 source

- Compton Edge

- High gain

- Compton edge ~ 500 channels above pedestal

- Pedestal

Run 160	Pulse Ramp in S7
	0-3V 21 steps 10 s/step
Run 165	Tel 1F 0-3V, 21 steps, 10s/step - Channel 1 has crazy resolution - Probably OK because +4th channel is missing on Silicon we think
Run 166	S: Pulse Ramp, Tel 2F 0-3V, 21 steps 10s/step
Run 167	Tel 3F, 0-3V, 21 steps 10s/step - Ch 9 removed = Missing From S1
Run 168	Tel 4F - Channel 4 looks bad - Missing From S1?
Run 169	Tel 5F
Run 170	Tel 6F
Run 171	Tel 7B
Run 172	Tel 2B - Chan 13 $\Rightarrow$ Somewhat lower gain
Run 173	Tel 3B
Run 174	Tel 4B - Chan 0 $\Rightarrow$ really high gain! $\Rightarrow$ Slot 12, ch 0, chan 0 $\Rightarrow$ maybe 9th slot
Run 175	Tel 5B - channel 15 missing - probably Missing From S1
Run 176	Tel 6B - Ch 0 missing $\Rightarrow$ expected

Check Si bias from Data U

Si	Bias in Data U	Bias at Patch panel	Scale
0	-16	-16	
1	-20	-15	
2	-26	-20	
3	-40	-25	
4	-56	-30	
5	-66	-35	

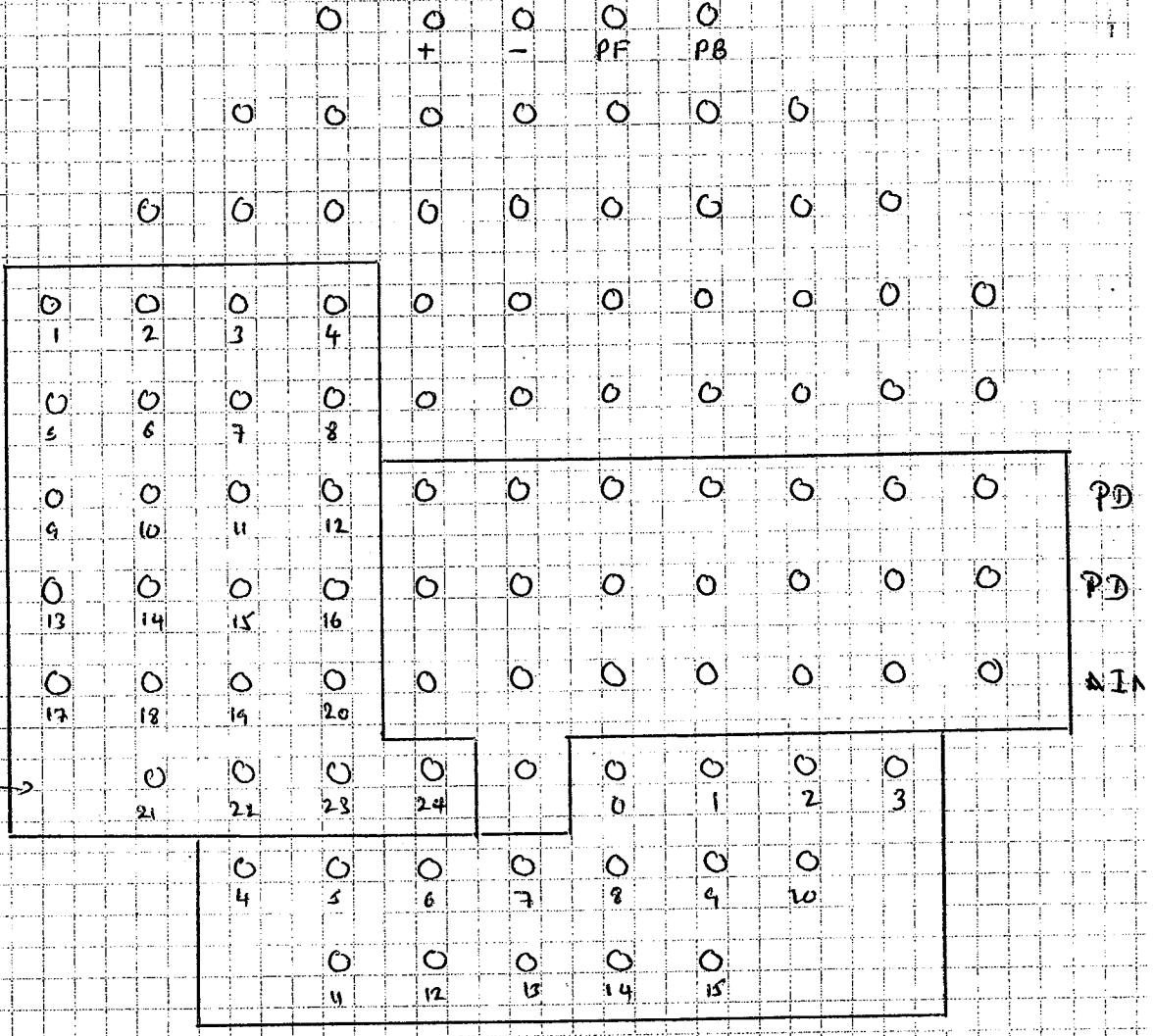
Neutron Wall Channel Assignments

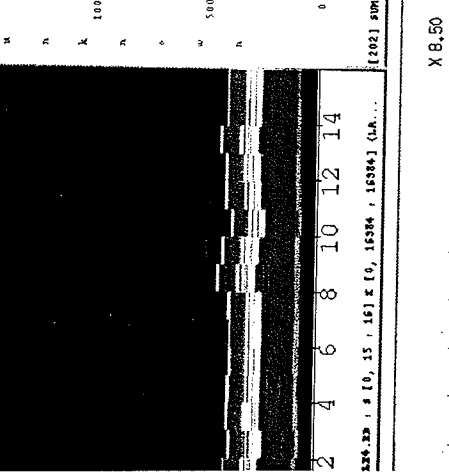
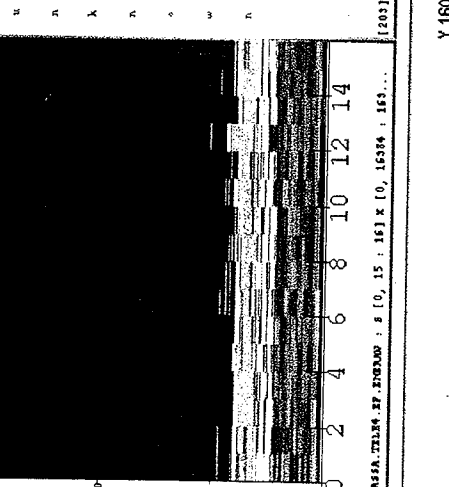
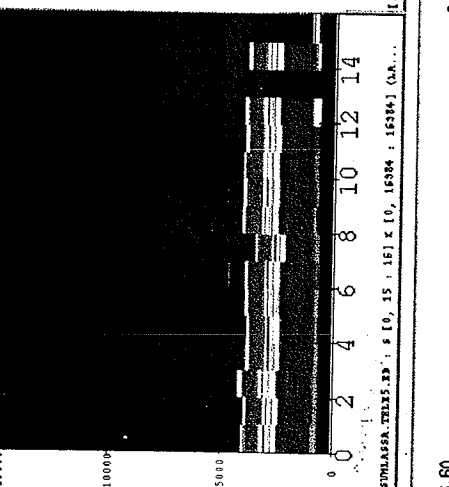
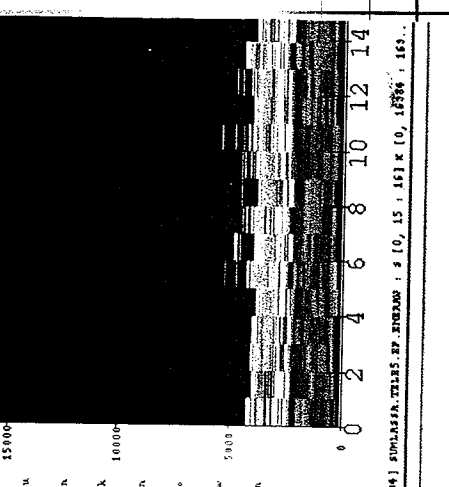
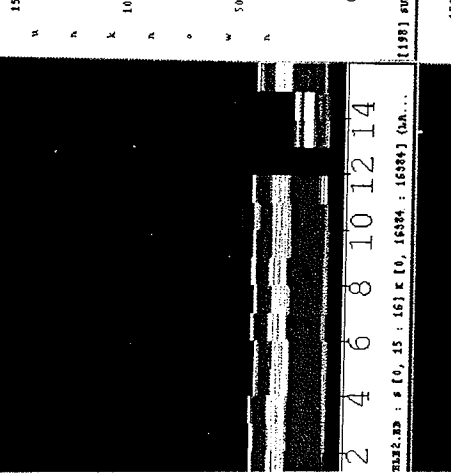
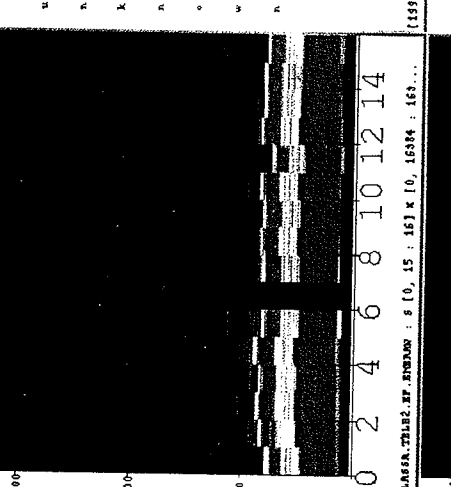
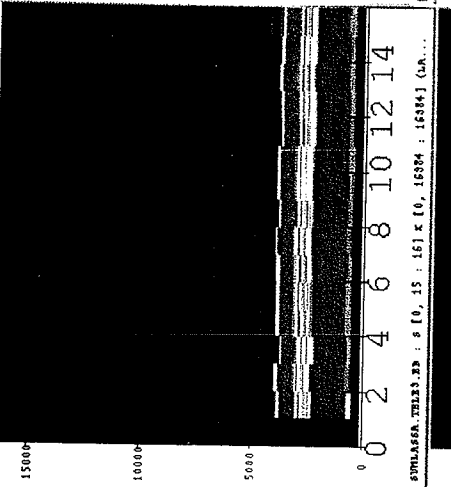
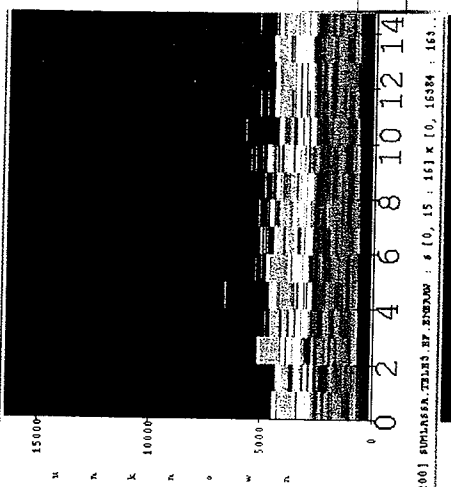
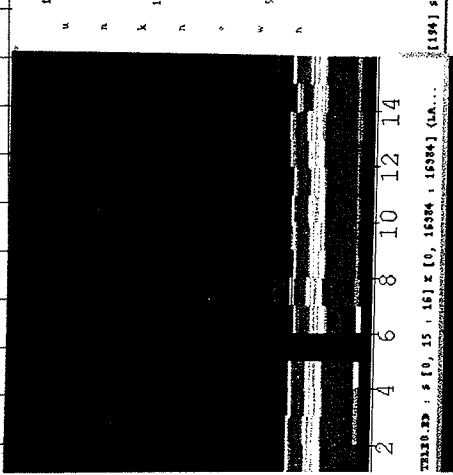
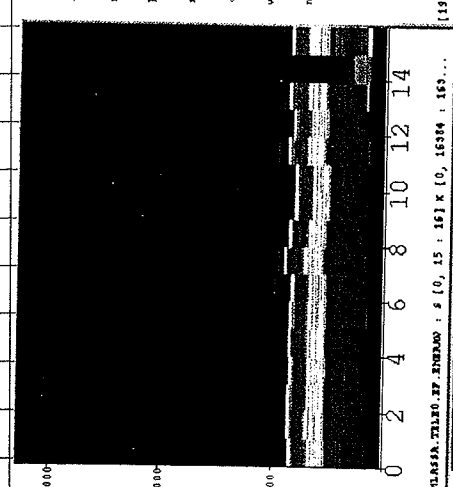
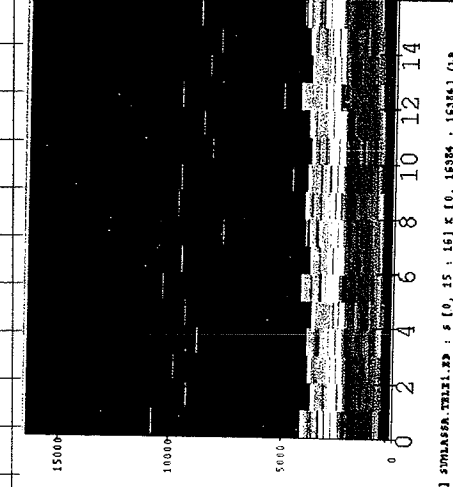
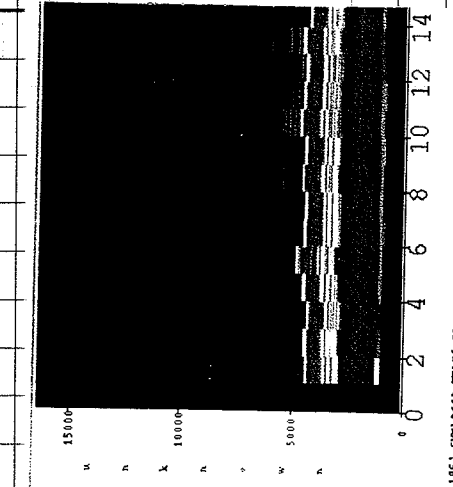
Wall A	Channel	Left	Right
	0	64	0
	1	65	1
	2	66	2
	3	67	3
	4	68	4
	5	69	5
	6	70	6
	7	71	7
	8	72	8
	9	73	9
	10	74	10
	11	75	11
	12	76	12
	13	77	13
	14	78	14
	15	79	15
	16	96	32
	17	97	33
	18	98	34
	19	99	35
	20	100	36
	21	101	37
	22	102	38
	23	103	39
	24	104	40

Wall B	Channel	Left	Right
	0	162	105
	1	163	106
	2	164	224
	3	165	108
	4	166	109
	5	167	110
	6	168	111
	7	169	128
	8	170	129
	9	171	130
	10	172	131
	11	173	132
	12	174	133
	13	192	134
	14	193	135
	15	194	136
	16	195	137
	17	196	138
	18	197	139
	19	198	140
	20	199	141
	21	200	225
	22	201	143
	23	202	160
	24	203	161

Neutron wall power assignment







Counts

Y 1606,60

X 8,50

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

### Neutron Wall Channel Assignments

Wall A		
Channel	Left	Right
0	64	0
1	65	1
2	66	2
3	67	3
4	68	4
5	69	5
6	70	6
7	71	7
8	72	8
9	73	9
10	74	10
11	75	11
12	76	12
13	77	13
14	78	14
15	79	15
16	96	32
17	97	33
18	98	34
19	99	35
20	100	36
21	101	37
22	102	38
23	103	39
24	104	40

Wall B		
Channel	Left	Right
0	41	0
1	42	1
2	43	2
3	44	3
4	45	4
5	46	5
6	47	6
7	48	7
8	49	8
9	50	9
10	51	10
11	52	11
12	53	12
13	54	13
14	55	14
15	56	15
16	57	16
17	58	17
18	59	18
19	60	19
20	61	20
21	62	21
22	63	22
23	64	23
24	65	24

Power Channel	Ring	Tube
16	5	0
17	5	1
18	5	2
19	5	3
20	5	4
21	5	8
22	5	9
23	5	10
24	5	11
25	5	12
26	5	13
27	5	14
28	5	15
29	5	22
30	5	23

Power Channel	Ring	Tube
31	6	0
32	6	1
33	6	2
34	6	3
35	6	7
36	6	8
37	6	9
38	6	10
39	6	11
40	6	12
41	6	13
42	6	17
43	6	18
44	6	19

Power Channel	Ring	Tube
82	9	0
83	9	1
84	9	2
85	9	3
86	9	4
87	9	5
88	9	6
89	9	7
90	9	8
91	9	9
92	9	10
93	9	11
94	9	12
95	9	13

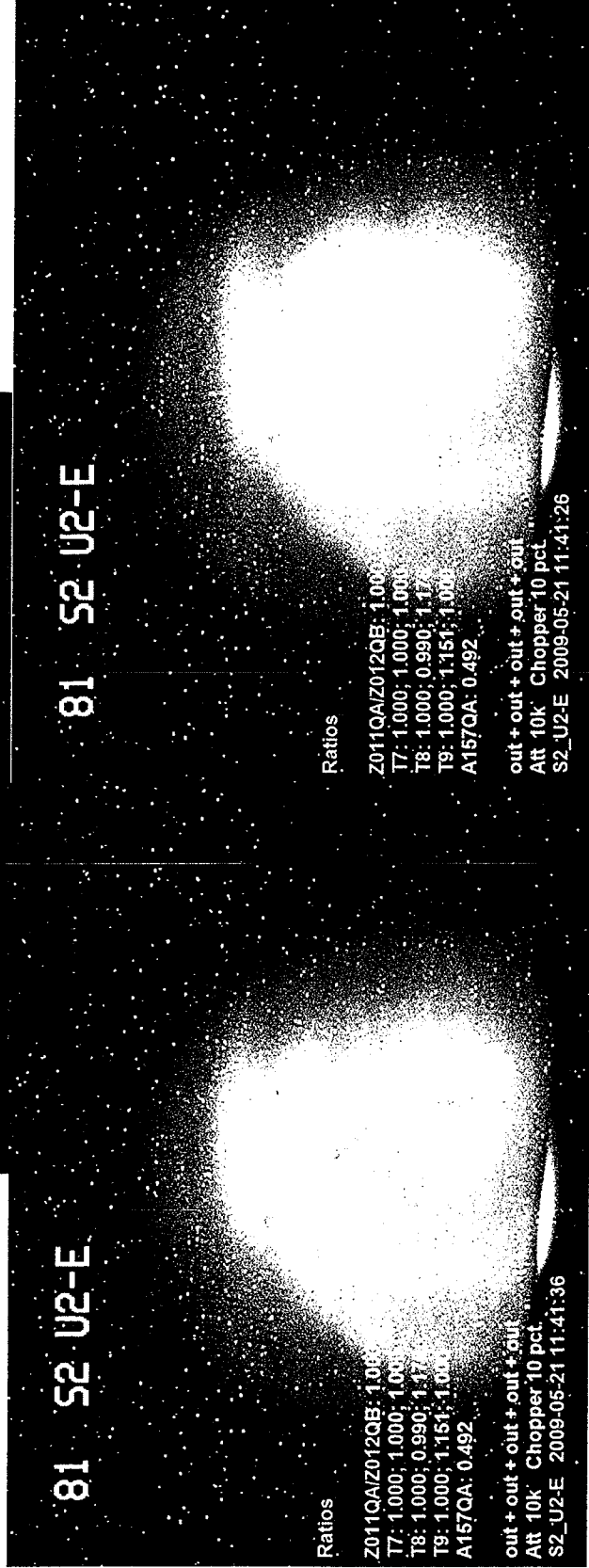
Power Channel	Ring	Tube
96	10	1
97	10	2
98	10	3
99	10	4
100	10	5
101	10	6
102	10	7
103	10	8
104	10	9
105	10	10
106	10	11
107	11	0
108	11	1
109	11	2
110	11	3
111	11	4
114	11	5
115	11	6
116	11	7

149 UASTRA Sci

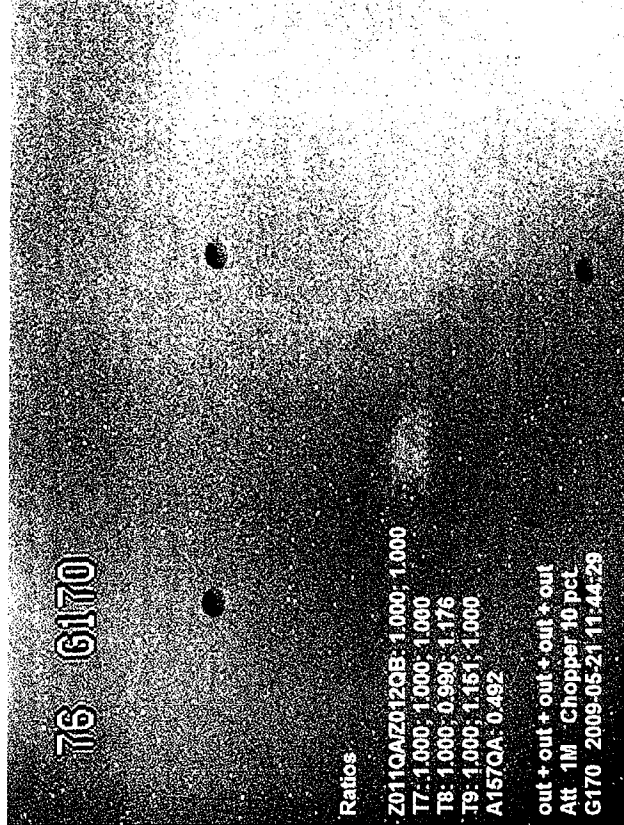
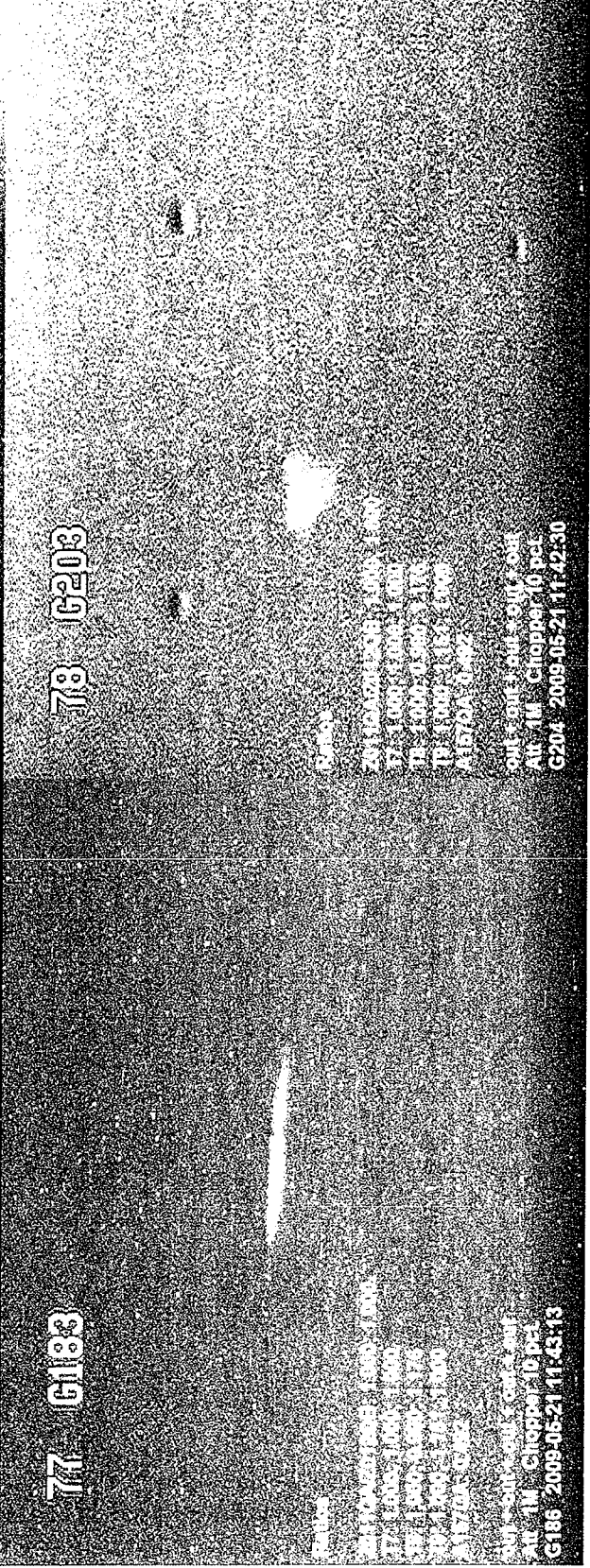
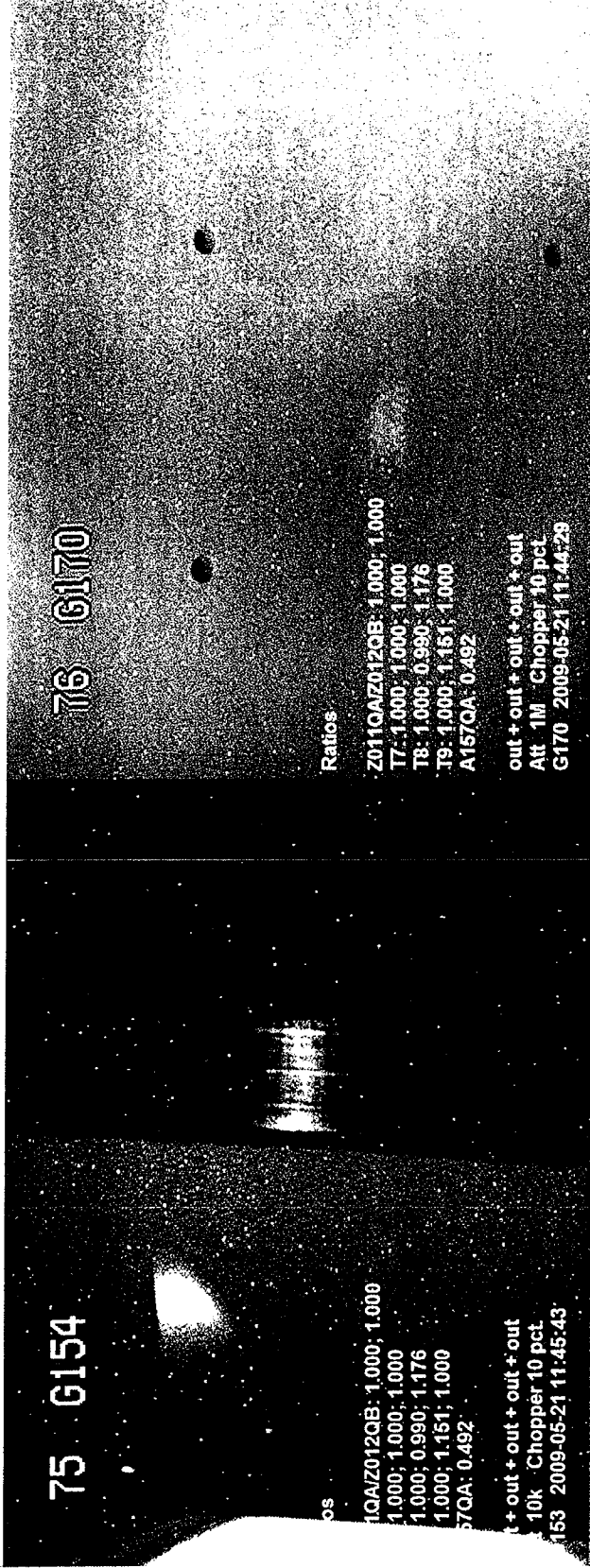
Forward Area

# Camera Photos for Exp 05049C

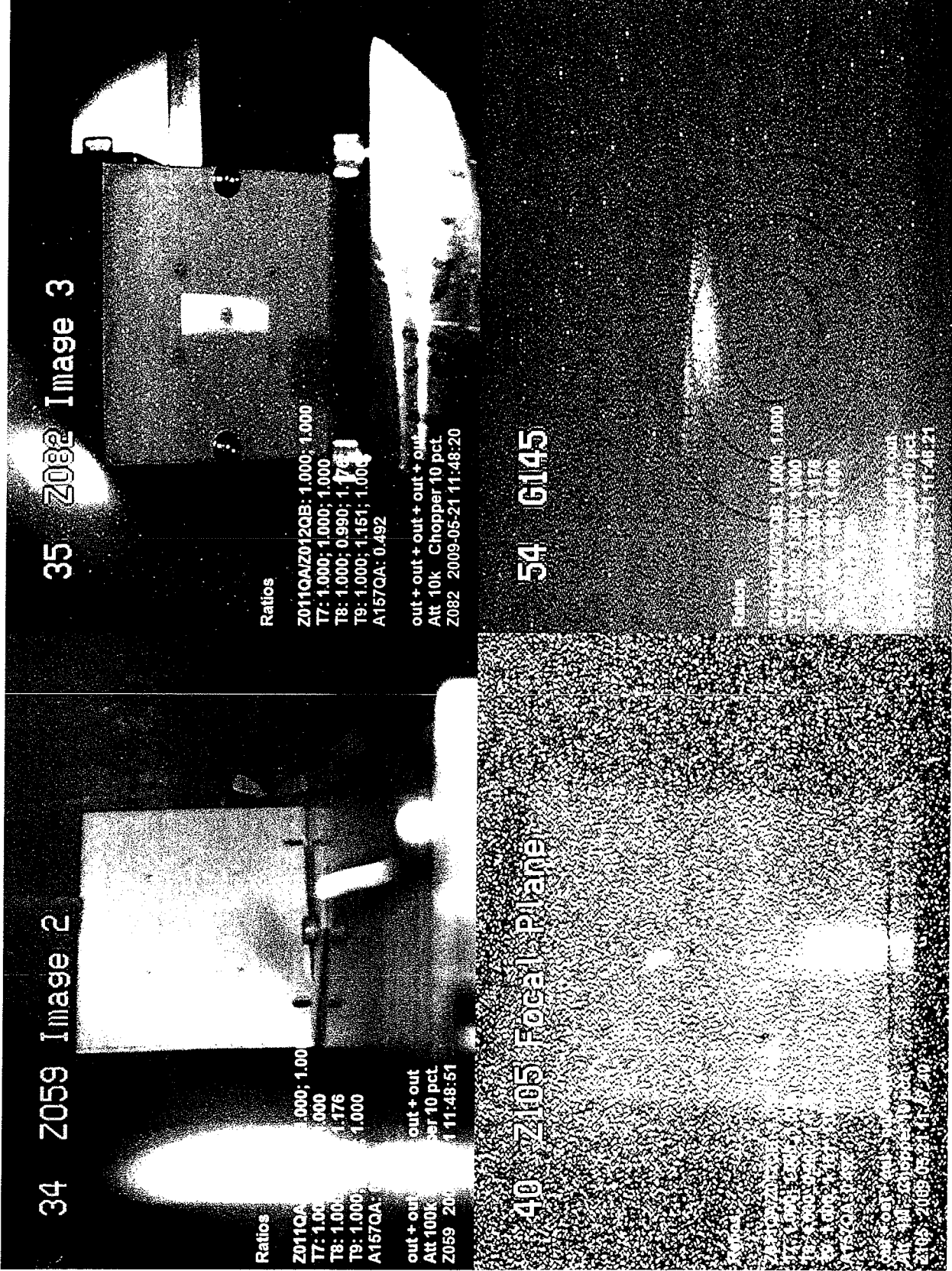
Beam Through G207 Viewer



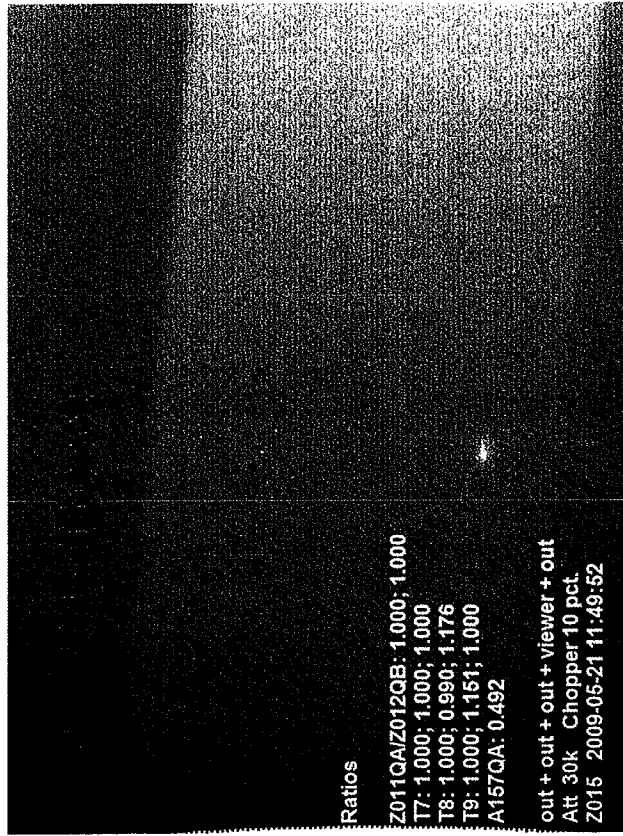
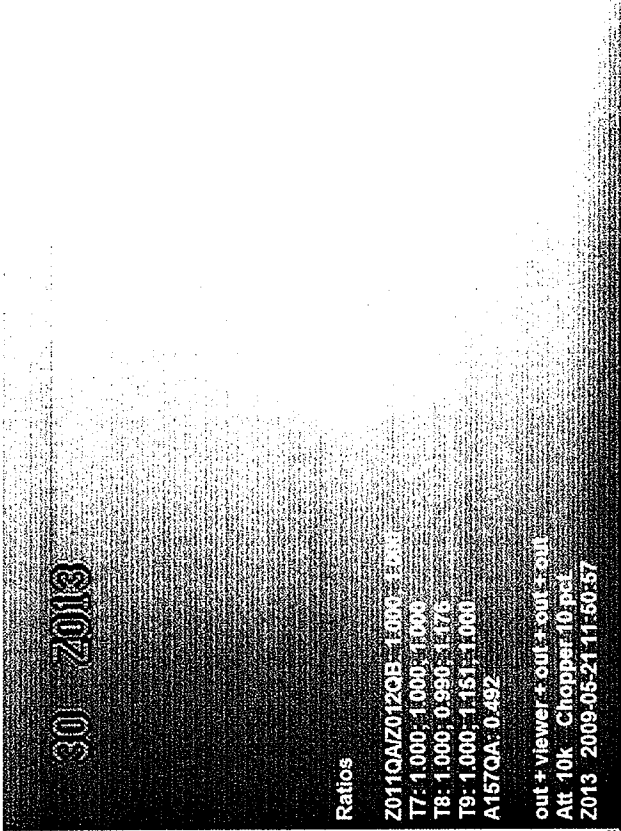
Camera Photos for Exp 05049C



Camera Photos for Exp 05049C

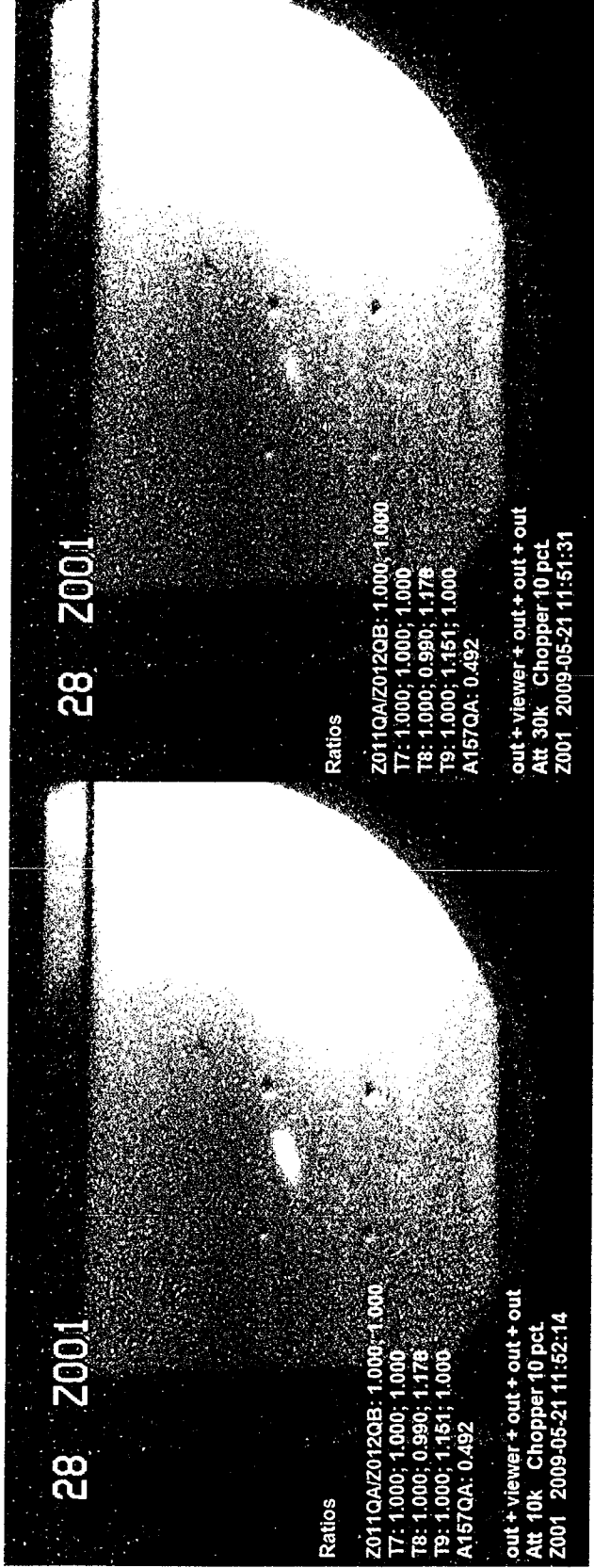


Camera Photos for Exp 05049C



# Camera Photos for Exp 05049C

Undegraded Primary Beam





28	301	304	3
29	304	306	2
30	318	320	2
31	328	330	2

13	119	194	75	
14	229	230	1	
15	270	272	2	
16	210	212	2	
17	217	218	1	
18	208	210	2	
19	274	276	2	
20	302	304	2	
21	282	284	2	
22	276	278	2	
23	238	240	2	
24	219	220	1	
25	272	274	2	
26	253	254	1	
27	296	298	2	
28	252	254	2	
29	235	236	1	
30	190	192	2	
31	210	212	2	
3	0	225	226	1
	1	261	262	1
	2	242	244	2
	3	313	314	1
	4	294	296	2
	5	274	276	2
	6	316	318	2
	7	241	242	1
	8	244	246	2
	9	296	298	2
	10	290	292	2
	11	272	280	8
	12	265	266	1
	13	326	328	2
	14	374	376	2
	15	324	326	2
	16	280	282	2
	17	368	370	2
	18	298	300	2
	19	248	250	2
	20	320	322	2
	21	301	300	1
	22	328	330	2
	23	374	376	2
	24	334	336	2
	25	314	316	2
	26	324	326	2
	27	382	384	2

QDC	Channel	Run 615	Run 700 ish	Difference
		Old Numbers	New Numbers	
10	0	108	109	1
	1	110	111	1
	2	112	113	1
	3	184	185	1
	4	142	143	1
	5	159	159	0
	6	109	109	0
	7	116	117	1
	8	128	129	1
	9	144	145	1
	10	142	143	1
	11	113	113	0
	12	139	139	0
	13	130	131	1
	14	114	115	1
	15	118	119	1
	16	158	159	1
	17	91	91	0
	18	185	185	0
	19	132	133	1
	20	142	143	1
	21	142	143	1
	22	98	99	1
	23	80	81	1
	24	113	113	0
	25	79	79	0
	26	190	190	0
	27	86	87	1
	28	92	93	1
	29	140	141	1
	30	144	145	1
31	112	113	1	
16	0	206	208	2
	1	236	238	2
	2	234	236	2
	3	298	300	2
	4	236	244	8
	5	222	228	6
	6	264	268	4
	7	270	276	6
	8	280	284	4
	9	282	284	2
	10	304	308	4
	11	218	220	2
12	228	230	2	

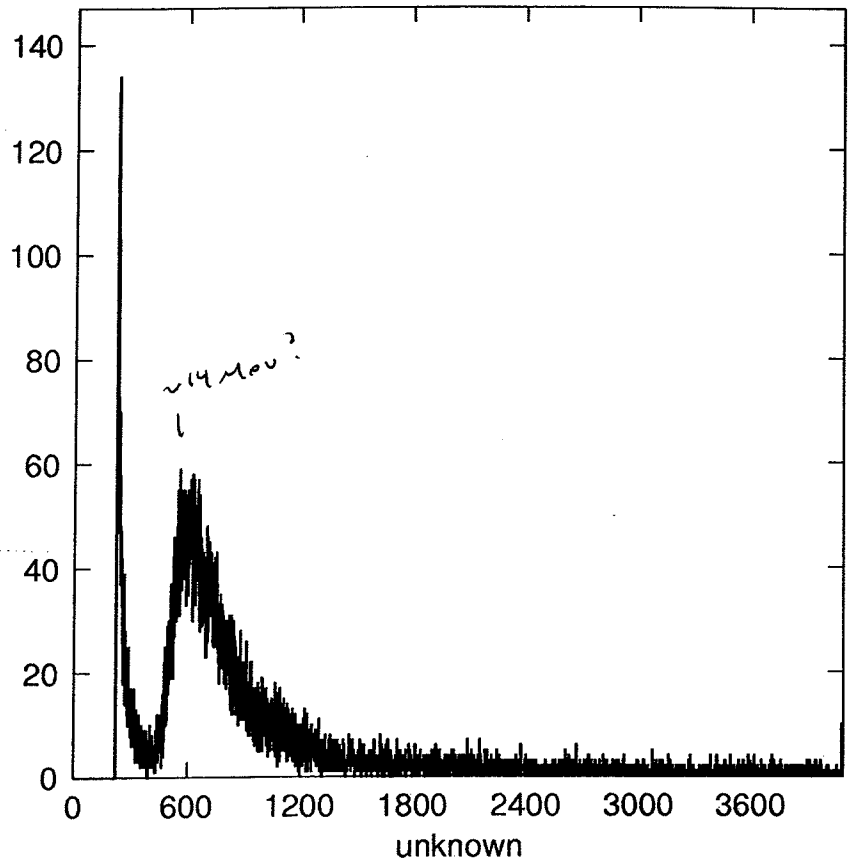
[6] WALLA\_L.05

Neutron wall  
Sample Cosmic  
ray run  
- nice clean  
triggers  
- No cosmic peak

$$\frac{dE}{dx} \approx 2 \text{ MeV/gcm}^2$$

$$E_{TST} \approx 14 \text{ MeV}$$

- Check this



April 9, 2006

1100 Beam on Viewer

1232 Got good focus on Target, but looking at Focus on downstream dump.  $\Rightarrow$  Try to quantify focussing

$\Rightarrow$  We must know attenuate and intensity for when we are running

1305 Go to deuteron beam 10 MeV/u  
- Can't see on viewers

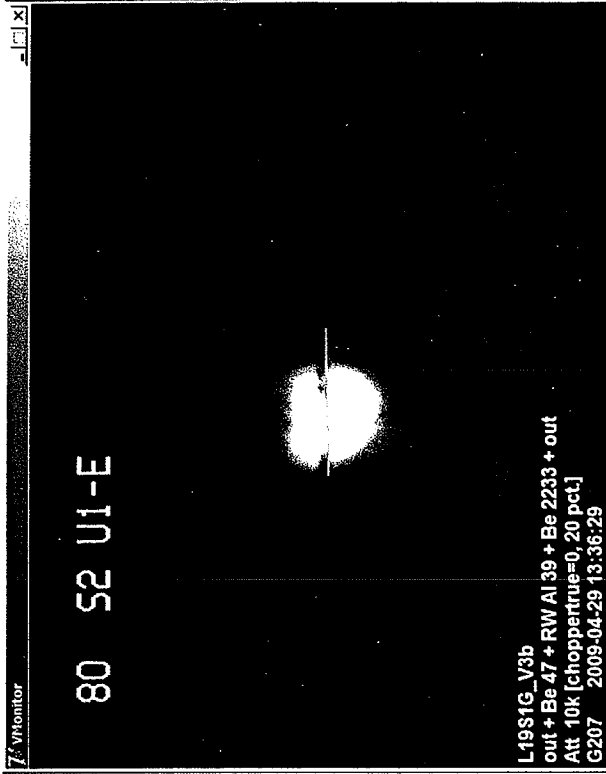
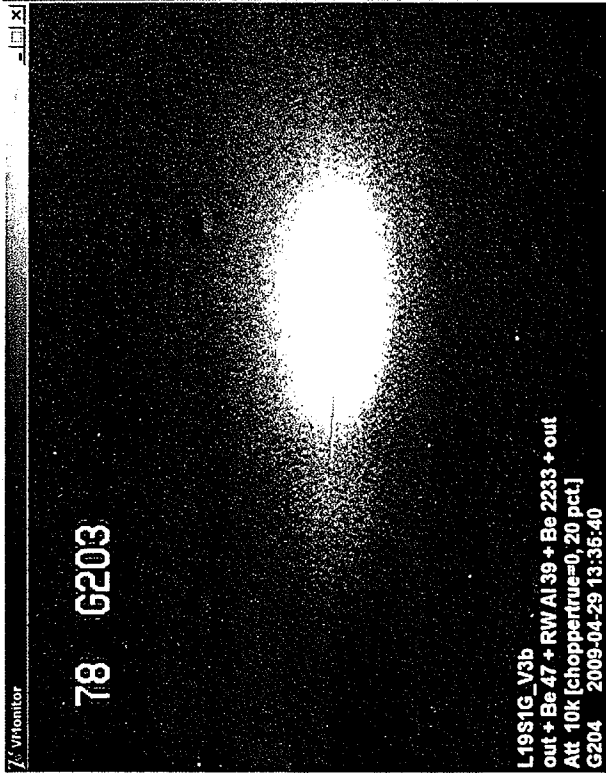
1305 Beam on target (viewer)

With beam on viewer  
CSF =

Neutron Background (No beam) =  $\sim 1380$

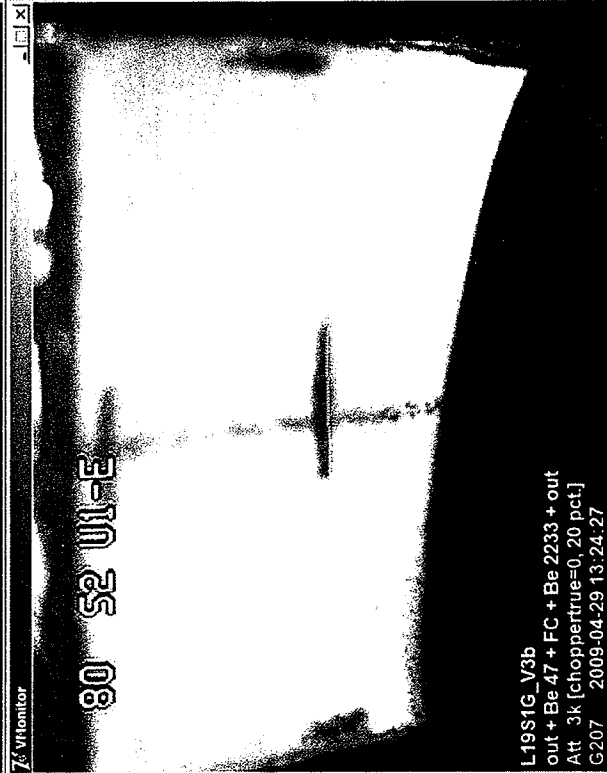
<u>A#</u>	<u>CSF</u>	<u>Neutrons</u>
100	306	$\sim 1566$
30	440	$\sim 2006$

4 x 2 G202QA = 0.981 G20QB = 1.259

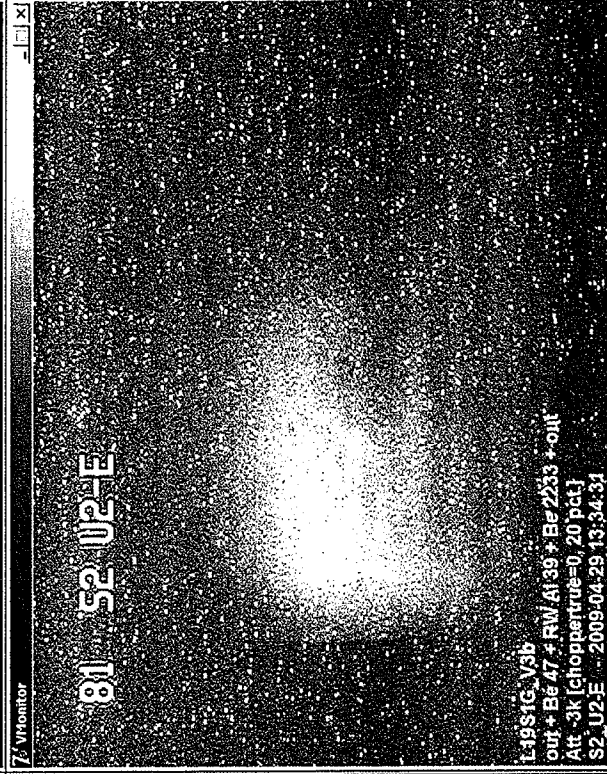


Target

60 fiber beam



Faraday Cup



\\intranet\files\departments\operations\la1900\projects\07018\campics\_v3b\_m1x2\_more\_tweaked.doc

Page 1 of 1

2009-04-29 @ 2:32 PM

Beam on Dump

Neutron ON without Beam  
(Background)  $\approx 1052$

Beam ON: 1443

Getting some Beam scattering off collimator. Maurice is returning to try to reduce that.

Transmission after return

$$\frac{I_{\text{dump}}}{I_{\text{in}}} = \frac{1.1 \mu\text{A}}{I_{\text{in}}}$$

- We are ~~trying~~ trying a ~~low~~ high Mag low angle setting.

- Beam spot is much larger ( $\sim 5-8 \text{ mm}$ )

$$I_{\text{dump}} = 18.7 \mu\text{A}$$

- We have a greatly improved ~~beam spot size~~ transmission and much lower scattering off collimator.

- Now, we are inserting wedge and gaining for straight deuterons. + 10%  $^3\text{He}$

$$\text{Attn} = 0$$

$$I_{\text{dump}} = 0.4 \mu\text{A} = 2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ cps}$$

CsI counts  $\approx 200 \text{ s}^{-1} \Rightarrow$  ~~Attn~~ Well run w/ 10% more atm.

- Now inserting Collimator

$$I_{\text{in}} = 2.7 \times 10^6 \text{ cps}$$

$$\text{Rate at XFD} \approx 5 \times 10^5 \text{ cps}$$

Barney printout =  $\text{H}_2$  production part II.

Neutron wall rate background  $\approx 1100$

$\Rightarrow$  Pb target in

- CsI rates  $\approx 160/s$  with beam on target
- N rates  $\approx 1200$

CsI punch through energy

6 cm CsI, density 4.5 gm/cm<sup>3</sup>

p 146.6 MeV

d 195 MeV

t 231 MeV

$^3\text{He}$  521 MeV

$\alpha$  585.2 MeV



csi\_adc\_thresh.dat | 4/29/09 - 9:40 pm

channel		new	threshold(Dec)	for each ADC		
0	186	86	1	1	1	
1	243	114	4095	4095	4095	4095
2	247	96	4095	4095	4095	4095
3	194	102	4095	1	1	1
4	250	100	4095	1	1	1
5	205	88	4095	1	1	1
6	217	106	4095	1	1	1
7	210	105	4095	1	1	1
8	303	91	4095	1	1	1
9	197	105	4095	1	1	1
10	223	112	4095	1	1	1
11	202	98	4095	1	1	1
12	247	113	4095	1	1	1
13	252	105	4095	1	1	1
14	279	119	4095	1	1	1
15	233	105	4095	1	1	1
16	236	95	4095	1	1	1
17	213	95	4095	1	1	1
18	215	98	4095	1	4095	4095
19	257	95	4095	1	1	1
20	284	102	4095	1	1	1
21	238	105	4095	1	1	1
22	241	108	4095	1	1	1
23	173	96	4095	1	1	1
24	233	108	4095	1	1	1
25	255	102	4095	1	1	1
26	276	110	4095	1	1	1
27	273	103	4095	1	1	1
28	282	106	4095	1	1	1
29	246	92	4095	1	1	1
30	270	93	4095	1	1	1
31	230	89	4095	1	1	1

S08-----XEmacs: csi\_adc\_thresh.dat (Fundamental)

C, I AdC thresholds

↓  
So for the new thresholds do not load properly, we don't know why!! We declare it as not the highest priority and move on!

Run Number: 186

Run state: Active

Length of run: 0 00:35:34

Scaler interval: 2.000000

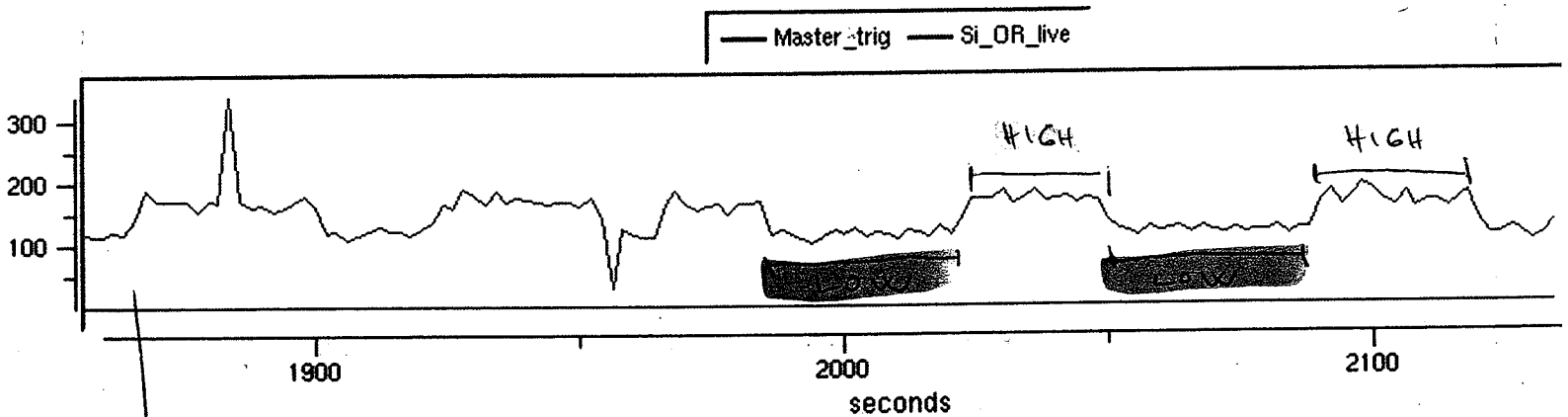
Title: taking data and debugging Neutron wall after failure to fix CsI threshold

IAW LIVE

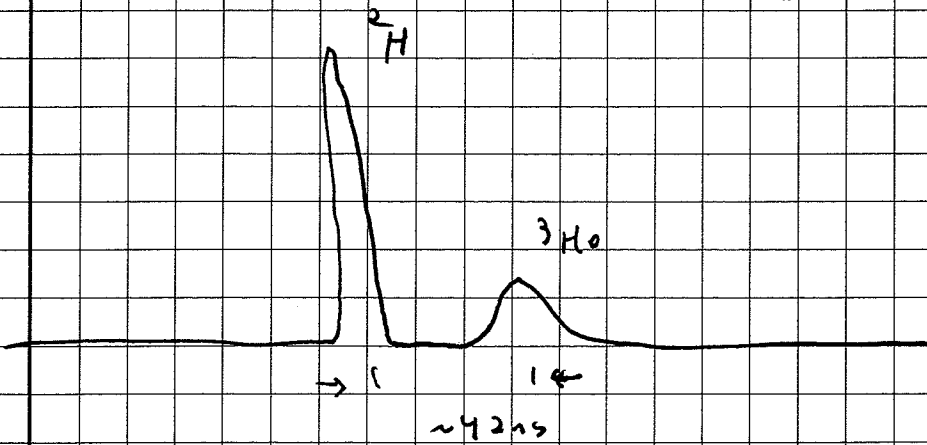
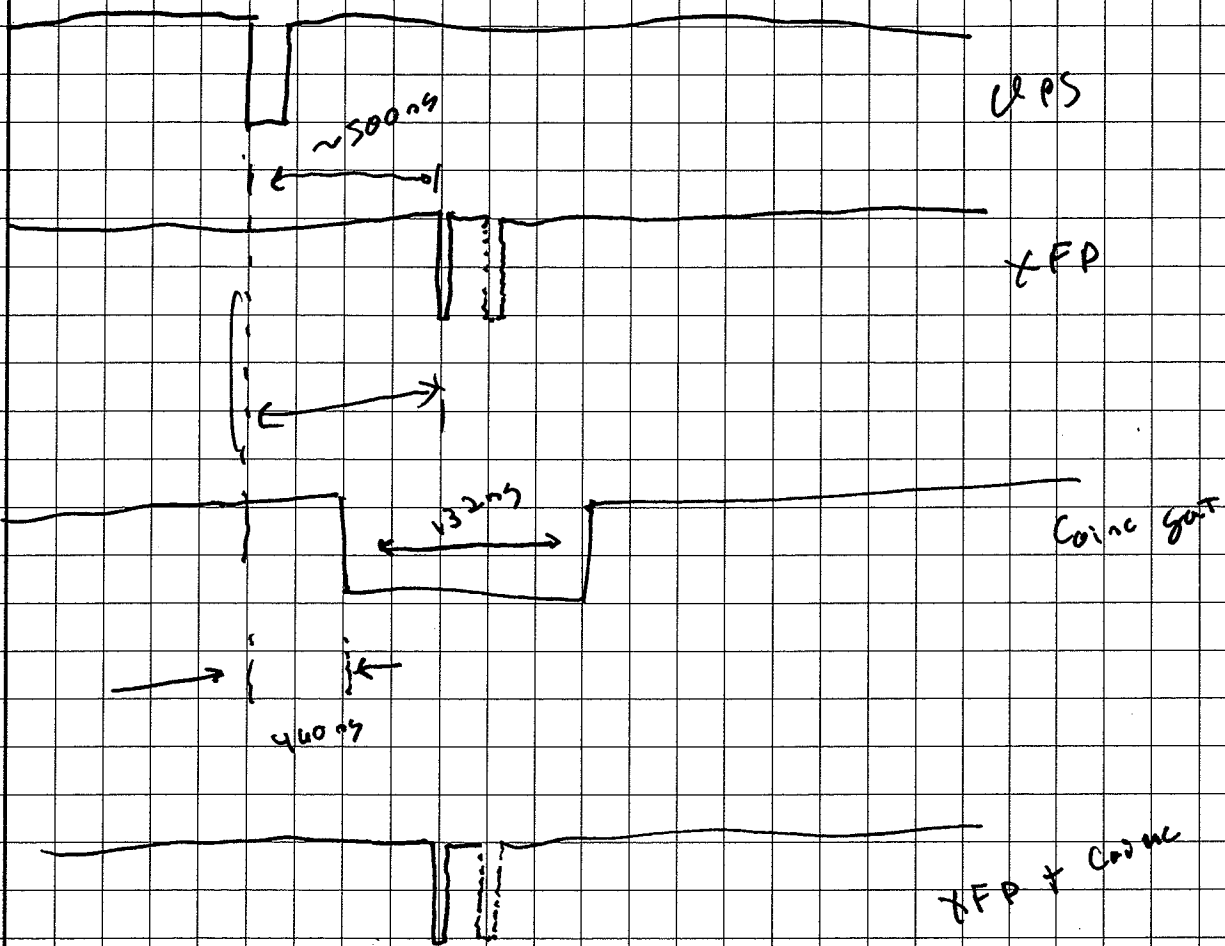
Test Scaler Page Two

Numerator	Denominator	Rate(s)	Total(s)	Ratio [rate t
Si_OR_live		126.5	303298	
CsI_OR_live		118.5	257257	
FA_OR_live		0.0	17	
MB_mult_live		0.0	0	
N_OR_live		1390.0	3006563	
Pulser_live		9841.0	20807823	
VETO		125.5	300397	
Master_live		0.0	0	
Upstream_live		126.5	302736	

Note: @ 11:15 pm (4/29/09) we observe periodic changes of apparent beam intensity. Operators think it may be related to ion sources, but cannot be sure without taking the beam away for diagnosis. We decide to move on (for now)



Problem fixed at 11:30pm by the operators:  
 ↳ it was "semi-periodic instability of plasma in the ion source"  
 ↳ fixed by increasing the gas pressure



4/30/2009  
5:10 pm

order list updated and checked

To do

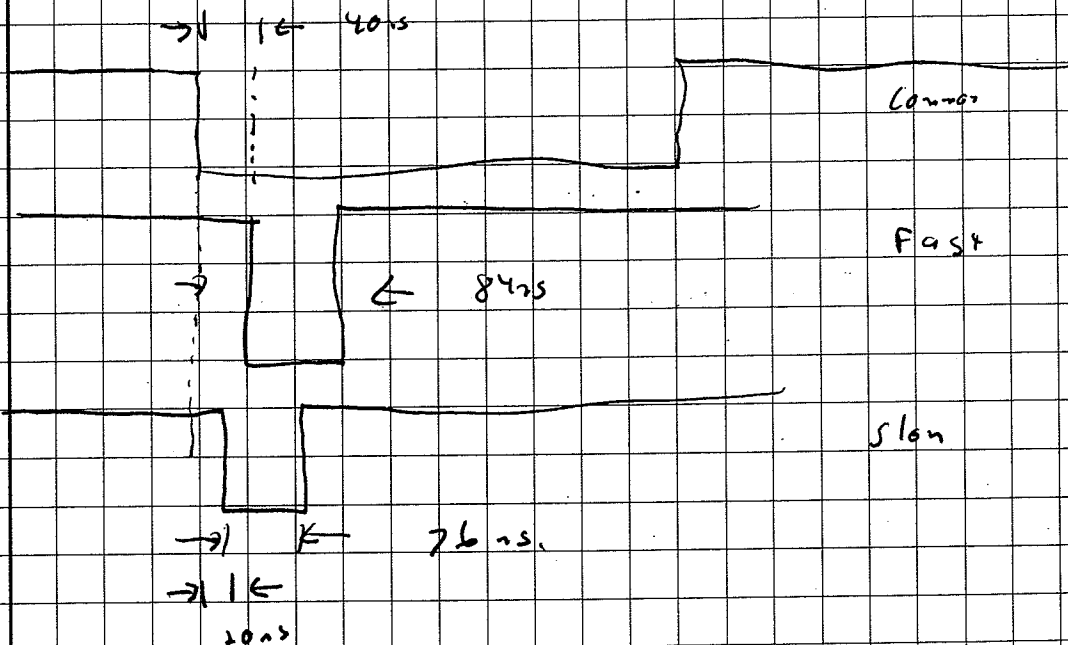
FA

- Fix tube 1
- X-talk between tube 10 + tube 72

Mini Ball

- Mini Ball Mapping
- Missing channels
- Ring 6 = disc 3
- Ring 5 tube 8 tail
- Ring 7 = disc 3
- = part of disc 4
- = Tube 7 slow
- Ring 8: 0 of others
- Ring 10: 7 + 10 (Maybe slow)
- Ring 11: gates maybe on disc 7

Routed out signals for ring 5 tube 4



Mini Ball debugging

Ring 5

- Slow: we see in one spec but not other?
- Tail - May be missing

Ring 9

: Verify ~~Missing~~ Routing for 8, 13, 15

Ring 10: Entire Tube Missing? Tube 10

Ring 6: T4-19: all missing

- disc?
- cable?
- splitters

- Replaced disc 6 = Test

- Ring 6:

- Replaced disc
- Rest of ring 6 should be OK

- Ring 7?

- : 0-5, Replaced disc
- 6-12, No Fast? } Bad sensor? disc? 7:6 = probably broken
- 14-16, No Fast
- 7: No Slow

- Ring 8

- \* 0: No Fast => Replaced disc
- \* 3: No sig? = Broken
- 8: No Fast (Maybe no slow rate = seems OK (gate?))
- 9: No Fast ( " " )
- 10: " " ( " " ) } Seems OK (gate?)

Ring 10

- 11: No Fast, S, Tail? } Seems OK (gate?)
- 7: Bad? - seems OK (low gain)

\* 10:

- Bad? - No sig

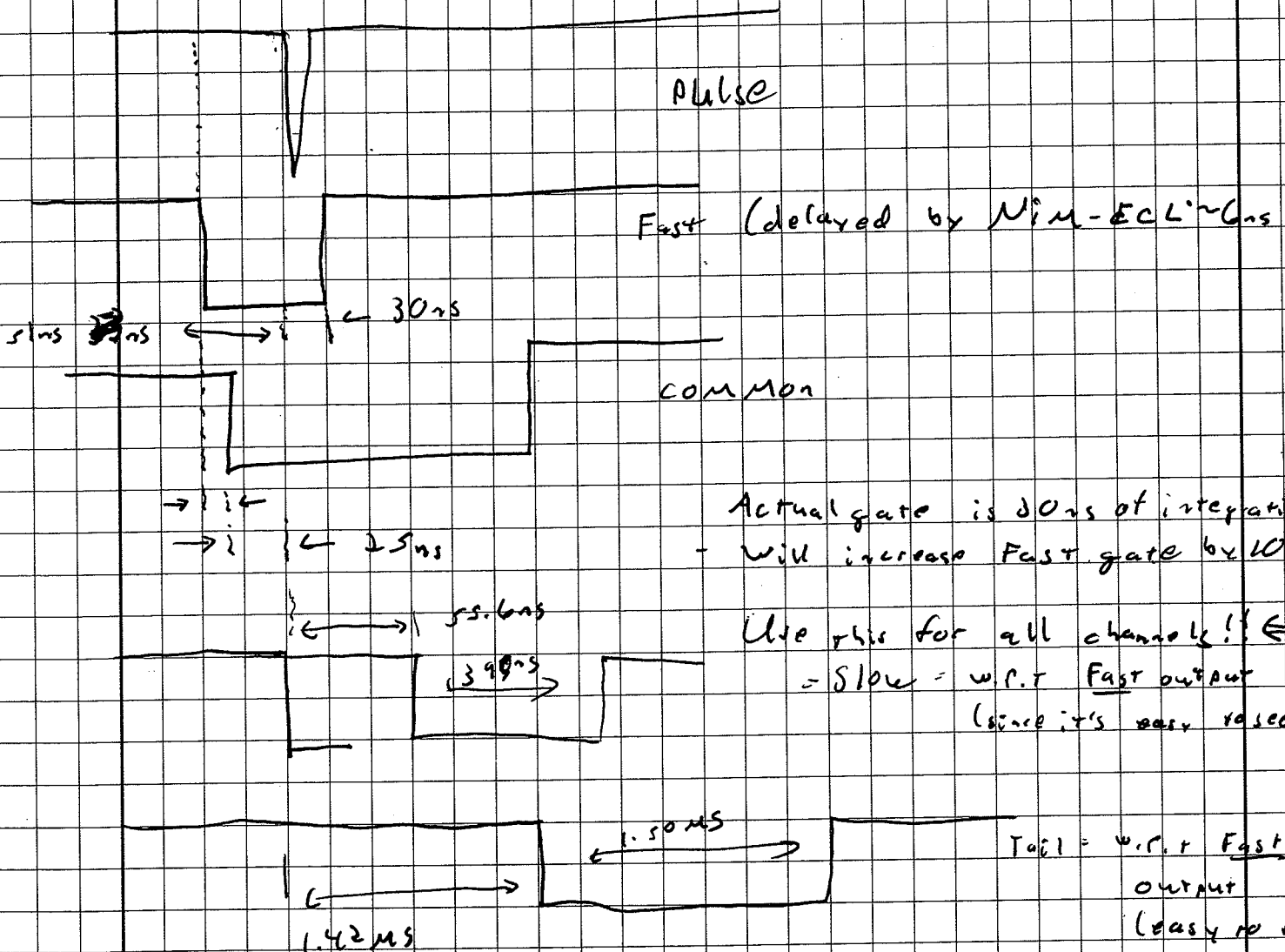
RST } Both bar.  
 RSTID }

Setting gates on MiniBar

Mar 5, 2

- During test run the M.B. gates looked pretty good for slow vs. tail, as determined by 2-D spectra
- We will use R5 as our starting point for fast vs. tail
- Use  $\phi$  source: Not the best, but it provides a trigger
- Thresholds set pretty low so  $\phi$  rising edge is triggered as close to  $\phi$  as possible
- Could, in principle use a pulser w/ a fast rising edge (rocket pulser)

Using a NIM pulser

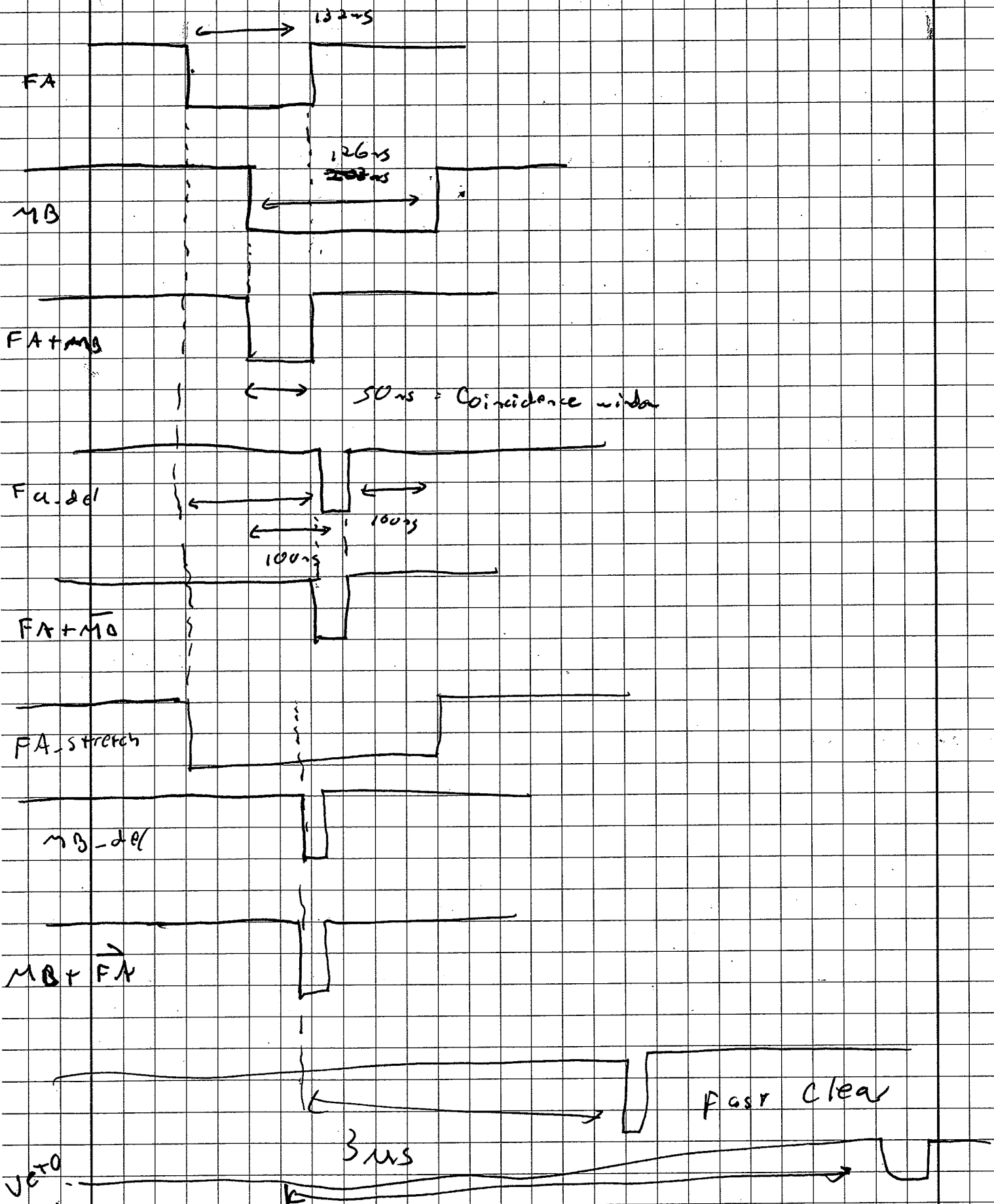


Actual gate is 30 ns of integration  
 - will increase Fast gate by 10 ns

Use this for all channels! ←  
 = Slow = w.r.t Fast output  
 (since it's very rare)

Tail = w.r.t Fast output  
 (easy to read)

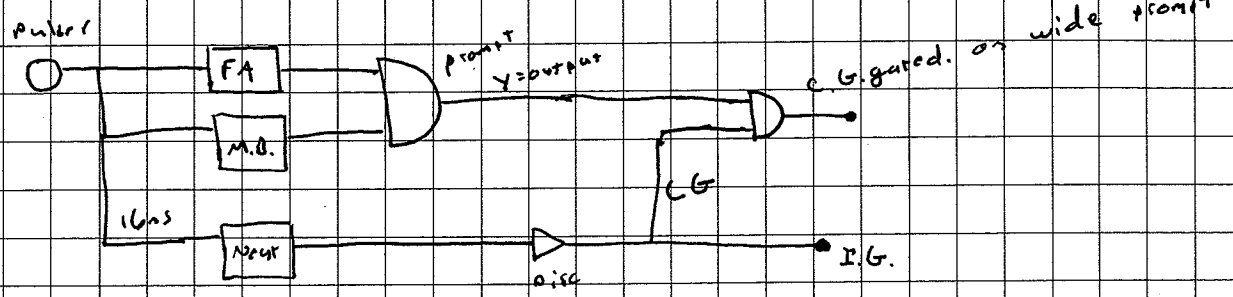
# Trigger logic



we need a system veto that is initiated by Masker trigger

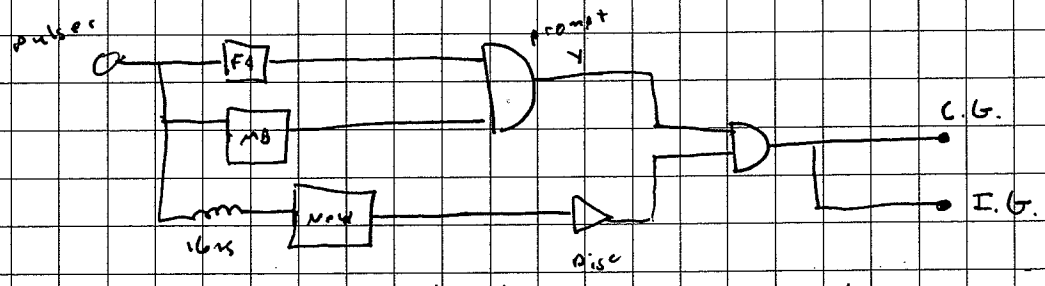
# Can we gate the Neutrons on the prompt trigger?

Test



- y our out of prompt should be  $\geq 700$  ns wide to be sure that we get all neutrons gates

Alternatively



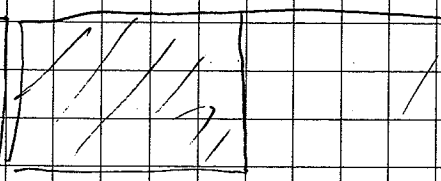
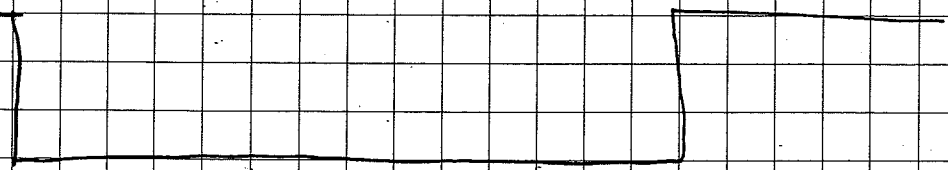
- y our should be  $\approx 400$  ns wide to be sure we get all Neutrons (Maybe less, but 400 ns is probably OK).



25.12.2009 Neutron Fast Clear

- If we have Neutrons but No Coincidence condition, we generate a Fast clear.

F4 + MB  
(Stretch)



N OR

\* C.V. Resor must be set so Si OR  
E BUS

29.12.2009 Neutron wall position

- Time Measured From neutron OR time

Raw Comments

342 Neutron laser pos. wall 3 Tubes 0-6  
 - Tube 1 seems really offset, this one was originally broken  
 - Tube 7 no position sig (broken?)

343 Laser calibration  
 Tube 7: broken F. hole  
 Tube 8: Multiple peaks (reflection?)  
 Some tubes have multiple peaks (retriggering probably)  
 BR 18 doesn't seem to have signals  
 BR 20: No really good position  
 21 + " " " "

344 Laser calibration wall 4  
 Tube 10: Broken fiber  
 Tube 13: No peak.  
 Tube 14: No peak  
 Tubes 16 & 19 seem to be

May 10, 20

- May redo pulser ramps after putting foils back on LTSSA.
- pretty noisy.

- Slot 5, chip 1 looks awful  $\Rightarrow$  lots of noise! what's going on?

- changed reset C.V.?

- Si has flake of Sn Sb foil on it?

- Orser?

- ASICs?

- Pream P?

$\rightarrow$

- ~~And~~ Is the cable properly grounded? touching chamber.

- Maybe Not so bad. A few channels w/ single counts.

- Should investigate later.

- lots of low energy noise, however.

Slot 11, chip 1 seems to have similar problems. May reduce CV reset as this might be the problem.

Chip 1 ~~bad~~ strange on both?

May 11, 20

Recheck Neutron gains using  $^{60}\text{Co}$  source

- this time use pedestal offsets so that  $E=0$  is  $\approx$  channel 0

- For dynamic range of  $\approx 17-20$  MeVee, Compton edge should be

$\rightarrow$  channel 204-240 at center

- At end, it should be  $\approx 2x$  larger  $\approx 408-480$

File used: e05049\_rsr-20MeVee.dat

## Setting LASSA offsets on Motherboard

- The offsets on EB are <sup>positive</sup> ~~negative~~ so we will reset them so they are negative.

- EB S10x12 chip  $\phi$  is OK.

- the rest need to be reset.

- we must do a pulser run after this.

## Neutros wall thresholds

## - Procedure

1. set Bias file e05049\_neut\_mid.txt
2. set all thresholds to 35 as in Test run
3. Use  $^{60}\text{Co}$  source and take a several hour run with source at wall center.
4. Use thresholds to determine G.M. setting in MeVee.
5. also determine using Left + Right raw.
6. Rodo for Thresh = 25
7. Rodo for thresh = 15
8. Rodo for e05049\_neut\_20 MeVee.txt.
  - Thresh = 35
  - Thresh = 25
  - Thresh = 15
9. Determine thresh in MeVee

Wall A left. Tube 3.

<del>Flow</del>	Thresh	Channel	Peel	Common edge	Notes
	5	348			
	15	4563			
	25	738			
	35	951			
	10	460			
	20	637			

Set all thresh to ~~25~~ 10

Wall A Tube left	Th=10 Channel	Th=35 chan	Peel total	Common edge	Common
0	421		164	<del>8</del> 919	480
1	431		202	<del>8</del> 819	466
2	423		191	823	509
3	464		243	767	501
4	466		231	859	430
5	440		212	819	466
6	838		258	8	502
7	637		180		459
8	478		195	991	452
9	492		234	887	466
10	508		238	983	459
11	444		223	811	473
12	448		210	839	487
13	501		260	867	480
14	596		313	1027	487
15	514		274	823	430
16	536		184	1239	566
17	468		212	903	538
18	441		208	795	566
19	526		268	875	581
20	455		205	903	435
21	427		196	811	462
22	508		241	923	515
23	507	435	251	1056	465

use 2 chns  
to one  
other

Source placed on edge of wall  
near tube PMT (No etc)

Dalestad aff. to ... for Common

Wall A Tube Right

<u>Tube</u>	<u>th=35 channel</u>	<u>pedestal</u>	<u>Corner Edge</u>
0	1196		458
1			462
2	817		516
3	645		444
4	652		480
5	575		423
6	625		559
7	609		473
8	625		430
9	745		394
10	810		416
11	745		410
12	709		473
13	867		424
14	767		468
15	681		394
16	795		409
17	817		416
18	724		387
19	652		452
20	731		437
21	916		473
22	666		444
23	817		444
24			

Wall B - right side #	th = 35	Compton edge <del>radius</del>
0	745	532
1	702	960
2	777	657
3	781	681
4	896	623
5	437	581
6	931	1003
7	559	953
8	774	753
9	702	1361
10	752	566
11	595	789
12	795	595
13	(?) 373 (longer)	(?) 187
14	(?) 1591	946
15	406	645
16	781	502
17	717	709
18	795	666
19	808	566
20	(?) 896	652
21	724	659 (659)
22	867	609
23	838	738

Wall B - LEFT

+L=35

pedestal

Corner edge

0	824	688
1	989	645
2	602	724
3	845	838
4	1046	545
5	874	623
6	881	595
7	853	573
8	867	838
9	931	881
10	888	681
11	(?) 974	487
12	996	681
13	781	774
14	831	989
15	939	896
16	917	953
17	609	982
18	795	1003
19	853	960
20	817	<del>1139</del> 1139
21	724	1161
22	810	1096
23	860	903



Si Pulse range as back

Changed EG offsets so we are reading pulse ranges

Run 277 starts EG pulse range

Neutron thresholds

- use HV: c05049\_neut\_20MeVee.txt

- use pedestals: Neut.offrot.udaf

For this HV file

Channel: 408-480  $\Rightarrow$  1 MeVee at tube or about  
- 2 MeVee GM.

Thresholds for N-walls

Set for 2240Vec File

Wall A-L-R

Tube	L pedestal	Threshold value left	C Edge	<del>Threshold value</del>	R pedestal	Threshold value right	C Edge
0	159	453	510	97	420	437	485
1	200	437	490	88	431		485
2	190	430	513	96	442		515
3	243	405	507	159	457		475
4	230	421	435	114	409		505
5	212	409	455	126	424		441
6	258			81	413		551
7	180			98	437		501
8	195	447	490	103	463		461
9	234	452	520	121	413		430
10	238	434	453	114	461		395
11	223	423	483	82	429		429
12	210	448	570 (?)	97	417		515
13	260	444	509	86	453		433
14	314	452	513	90	417		491
15	275	452	530	102	426		475
16	186	442	590	200	450		451
17	213	434	525	124	474		461
18	209	447	550	173	428		429
19	269	442	585	239	418		463
20	206	428	445	271	433	477	<del>477</del>
21	197	431	475	236	448		503
22	242	433	480	234	411		489
23	252	423	485	219	440		505

Note:

- pedestals are RAW
- thresholds and Compton edges are taken WITH subtracted Spectral pedestals according to rdef-file: "Nant\_offset.rdef"

Threshold Channels Wall B

Tube	pad L	L channel	C Edge	pad R	R channel	C Edge
0	245	460	450	131	442	454
1	315	434	457	79	453	490
2	252	418	439	154	449	560
3	210	458	451	116	457	520 (?)
4	268	452	427	118	461	477
5	251	454	455	128	447	472
6	276	454	451	84	452	468
7	319	443	443	69	452	490
8	285	449	467	99	441	477
9	266	462	430	68	433	580 (?)
10	274	453	433	169	435	460
11	328	452	461	76	445	480
12	254	452	471	82	431	513 (M)
13	261	448	455	127	430	570 (?)
14	268	456	473	134	367	465
15	279	449	439	105	446	490 (?)
16	260	442	465	207	435	470
17	262	430	461	255	456	477
18	283	444	459	238	452	482
19	204	450	445	280	436	465
20	213	451	457	239	412	472
21	182	450	459	221	453	463
22	219	449	441	179	451	464
23	256	445	451	202	438	440

Examine CST 1 signals

In shaper channel I

Pulsor input 50ns rise  
500ns Fall

<u>Pulse Amp (V)</u>	<u>Shaper Amp (mV)</u>
1	59.6
2	118
3	174
4	228
5	284
6	337
7	383
8.0	435
9.0	489
10.0	537
0.5	29.1
1.5	89.6

In shaper C4 12

<u>Pulse Amp</u>	<u>Shaper Amp (mV)</u>
0.5	30.5
1.0	61.0
1.5	91.4
2.0	120
3	177
4	232
5	287
6	333
7	386
8	438
9	490
10	540

Camera Photos for Exp 07018

L19S1G\_vb3.txi with standard ratios

0203

02 U1-E

Al 39 + Be 2233 + out

01 S2 U2-E

Al 39 + Be 2233 + out

L19S1G\_v3b optics  
out + Be 47 + RW Al 39 + Be 2233 + out  
Att: 3k [chopper tune=0.20 pct]  
S2\_U2-E . 2009-04-29 11:19:53

Tuning beam to SI/52 vault

May 1972

13:36 Beam on viewer in SI upstream of RFFS

A1900 Faraday Cup

Background: ~2cpA (May 1972  $\phi$ )

Neutron wall background counts ~ 2300 s<sup>-1</sup>

17:54 Done tuning degraded: going to primary beam.

19:47 Beam tune to target => Start Faraday Cup calibration EXPERIMENT RUNNING

Faraday Cup Calibration <sup>40</sup>Ca<sup>20+</sup>  
 - take w.r.t.  
 Z105F-C : A1900 Focal plan  
 A130F-C : Right before second switch in transfer Hall  
 - Measure G 238F-C

ATTN	Z105F-C (A)	A130F-C (A)	G 238F-C (A)	NOR w/beam at
	No beam			2223
10 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	8 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	4.5 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	2.68 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	2220
3 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	<del>35 x 10<sup>-12</sup></del> 8 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	15.5 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	4.3 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	2260
10 <sup>3</sup>	56 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	66 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	33 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	2654
100	350 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	500 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	210 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	4959
30	950 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	1200 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	700 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	10200
10	4000 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	<del>8.5 x 10<sup>-12</sup></del> 8500 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	2680 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	32500
3	<del>3500 x 10<sup>-12</sup></del> 6000 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	<del>6500 x 10<sup>-12</sup></del> 11000 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	3300 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	42700

Recheck TAC reference signals.

Neutron wall 1190

<u>Channel</u>	<u>Signal</u>		
0	FA OR	16	
1		17	
2	Neutron OR	18	Signal 2 are the same Sig maybe delayed
3		19	
4		20	
5	PROMAT TRIG ⇒ Neutron OR	24-29	

Mini Ball 1190

<u>Channel</u>	<u>Signal</u>		
0	FA OR		
1	Mini Ball Mult Trig		1 and 5 are no same - maybe delayed
2			
3			
4			
5	PROMAT Master		

FA 775

Start = FA OR

# Scaler Channels

Channel

Raw

Live

0	Si OR	16	Si OR
1	CsI OR	17	CsI OR
2	FA OR	18	FA OR
3	MB Mult	19	MB Mult
4	N-OR	20	N-OR
5	F.C.	21	F.C.
6	Proton veto OR	22	Proton Veto OR
7		23	
8		24	
9		25	
10		26	
11		27	
12	Pulsar	28	Pulsar
13	Veto	29	Veto
14	Master	30	Master
15		31	



Patch panel

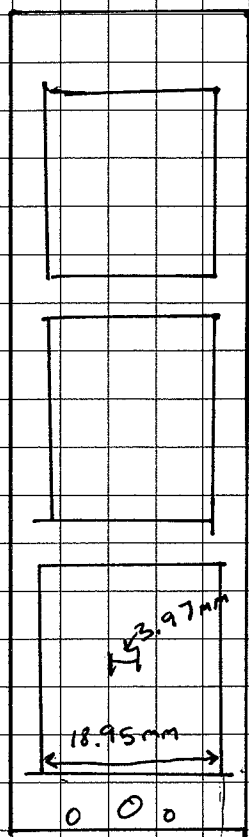
Channel

Signal

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21
- 22
- 23
- 24
- 25
- 26
- 27
- 28
- 29
- 30

- Si 0 Bias
- Si 1 Bias
- Si 2 Bias
- Si 3 Bias
- Si 4 Bias
- Si 5 Bias
- CS I Bias
- ~~Si 6~~ Interlock
- Si Shaper
- Si OR
- 
- CS I Shaper
- CS I gate
- Broken
- MB Mult trig
- MB Mult Analog
- New OR / Singlos trig
- Master
- Veto
- FA OR
- Broken
- FA AOC gate
- ~~CS I~~
- FA East CS I OR
- ~~MB slow stretch (FTL)~~ FAF ASD
- ~~(FA + MB)~~ MB stretch (FTL)
- (FA + MB)
- 
- 
- 
- CS I 1 Bias

## Target Configuration For Experiment



$$\sum_{125u} : 4.98 \pm 0.05 \text{ } \mu\text{m}^2$$

$$\sum_{124S_2} : 5.41 \pm 0.05 \text{ } \mu\text{m}^2$$

Viewer

6.47 mm

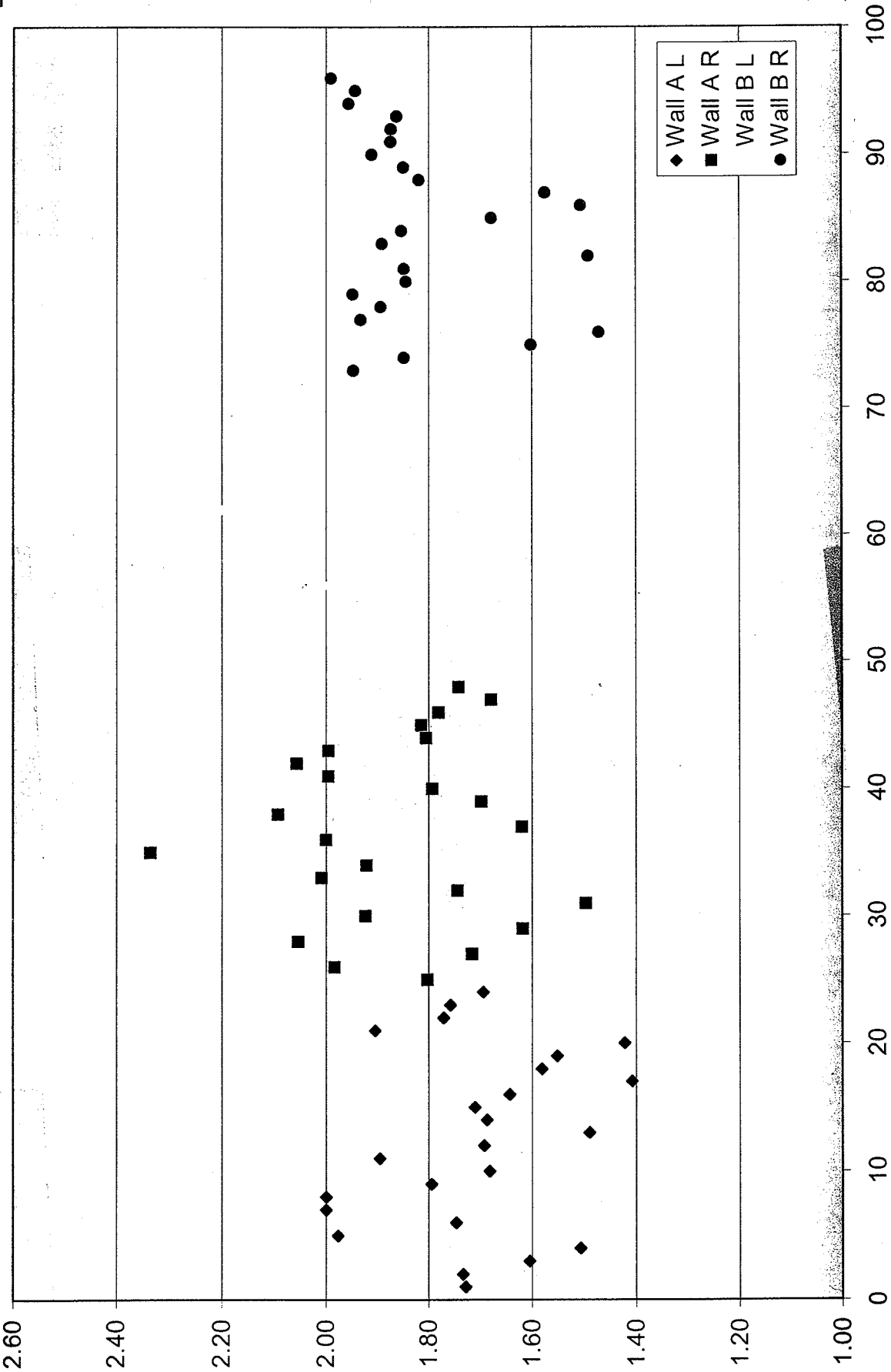
21.55 mm

$$1.48 \text{ mm}$$

$$1.4 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$$

Neutron wall threshold settings.

HV File: e05049\_neut\_20 MeVcc.txt



Neuron wall threshold settings for o501A

TDpm  
12/2009

NW with 2 NeVec HV setting

threshold  
in [NeVec]

Wall A L	Ped	SpTcl	Ped Thresh	CompE	cor th	cor CompE	
0	159	69	453	510	522	579	1.73
1	200	108	437	490	545	598	1.73
2	190	97	430	513	527	610	1.60
3	243	150	405	507	555	657	1.51
4	230	138	431	435	569	573	1.98
5	212	120	409	455	529	575	1.75
6	258	167			167	167	2.00
7	180	86			86	86	2.00
8	195	104	449	490	553	594	1.79
9	234	142	452	520	594	662	1.68
10	238	147	434	453	581	600	1.90
11	223	131	423	483	554	614	1.69
12	210	119	448	570	567	689	1.49
13	260	167	444	509	611	676	1.69
14	314	223	452	513	675	736	1.71
15	275	183	452	530	635	713	1.64
16	186	96	442	590	538	686	1.41
17	213	123	434	525	557	648	1.58
18	209	119	447	550	566	669	1.55
19	269	179	442	585	621	764	1.42
20	206	116	428	445	544	561	1.90
21	197	107	431	475	538	582	1.77
22	242	151	433	480	584	631	1.76
23	252	162	423	483	585	645	1.69

Wall B L	Ped	SpTcl	Ped Thresh	CompE	cor th	cor CompE	
0	245	155	460	440	615	595	2.11
1	315	225	434	457	659	682	1.87
2	252	163	418	439	581	602	1.88
3	210	120	458	451	578	571	2.04
4	268	178	452	427	630	605	2.15
5	251	161	454	445	615	606	2.05
6	276	187	454	451	641	638	2.02
7	319	229	443	443	672	672	2.00
8	285	196	449	467	645	663	1.90
9	266	176	462	430	638	606	2.19
10	274	184	453	433	637	617	2.12
11	328	238	452	461	690	699	1.95
12	254	165	452	471	617	636	1.90
13	261	172	448	415	620	587	2.20
14	268	179	456	473	635	652	1.91
15	279	190	449	439	639	629	2.06
16	260	170	442	465	612	635	1.88
17	262	172	430	461	602	633	1.83
18	283	192	444	459	636	651	1.92
19	204	115	450	445	565	560	2.03
20	213	121	451	457	572	578	1.97
21	182	91	450	459	541	550	1.95
22	219	126	449	441	575	567	2.05
23	256	172	445	451	617	623	1.97

Neutros Wall Thresholds

50 pm  
12/2009

NW with 2 MeV HV setting

Threshold in E MeV

Wall A R	Ped	SpTcl Ped	Thresh	CompE	cor th	cor CompE	
0	97	97	437	485	534	582	1.80
1	88	88	481	485	569	573	1.98
2	96	95	442	515	537	610	1.72
3	159	159	457	445	616	604	2.05
4	114	112	409	505	521	617	1.62
5	126	126	424	441	550	567	1.92
6	81	79	413	551	492	630	1.50
7	98	97	437	501	534	598	1.74
8	103	103	463	461	566	564	2.01
9	121	121	413	430	534	551	1.92
10	114	113	461	395	574	508	2.34
11	82	80	429	429	509	509	2.00
12	97	97	417	515	514	612	1.62
13	86	85	453	433	538	518	2.09
14	90	89	417	491	506	580	1.70
15	102	101	426	475	527	576	1.79
16	200	197	450	451	647	648	2.00
17	184	183	474	461	657	644	2.06
18	173	171	428	429	599	600	2.00
19	239	238	418	463	656	701	1.81
20	271	268	433	477	701	745	1.81
21	236	235	448	503	683	738	1.78
22	234	231	411	489	642	720	1.68
23	219	218	440	505	658	723	1.74

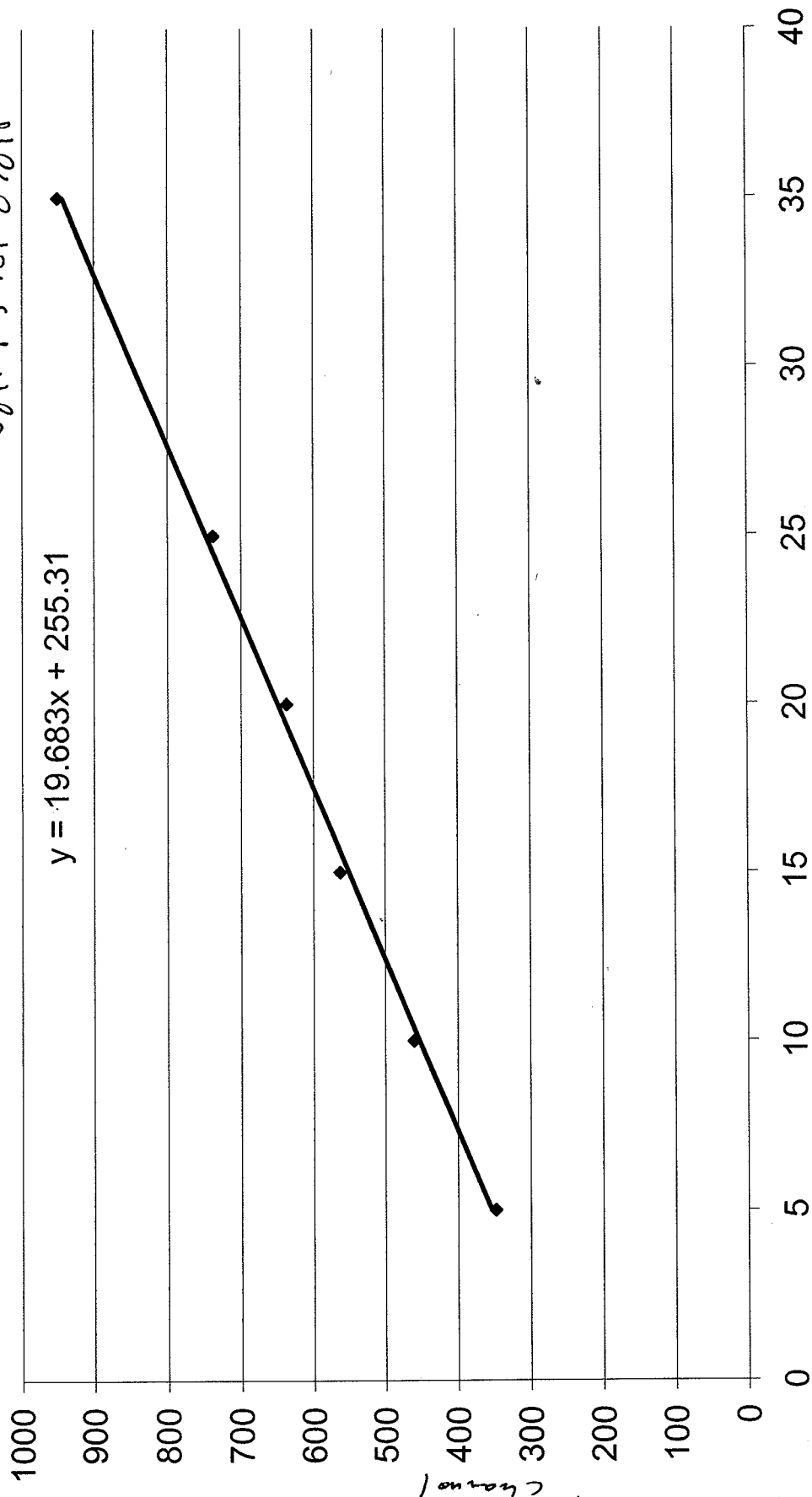
Wall B R	Ped	SpTcl Ped	Thresh	CompE	cor th	cor CompE	
0	131	129	442	454	571	583	1.95
1	79	77	453	490	530	567	1.85
2	154	152	449	560	601	712	1.60
3	116	113	457	620	570	733	1.47
4	118	117	461	477	578	594	1.93
5	128	125	447	472	572	597	1.89
6	84	82	456	468	538	550	1.95
7	69	68	452	490	520	558	1.84
8	99	97	441	477	538	574	1.85
9	68	67	433	580	500	647	1.49
10	169	168	435	460	603	628	1.89
11	76	74	445	480	519	554	1.85
12	82	80	431	513	511	593	1.68
13	127	125	430	570	555	695	1.51
14	134	131	367	465	498	596	1.58
15	105	103	446	490	549	593	1.82
16	207	204	435	470	639	674	1.85
17	255	251	456	477	707	728	1.91
18	238	234	452	482	686	716	1.87
19	280	275	436	465	711	740	1.87
20	239	235	412	442	647	677	1.86
21	221	215	453	463	668	678	1.96
22	179	174	451	464	625	638	1.94
23	202	198	438	440	636	638	1.99

# Neutron Wall Thresholds

wall A tube 3L

Volts for 07018

$$y = 19.683x + 255.31$$



Switch to ~~MiniBall~~ C&I + TV

1 ⇒ Mini Ball C&I for Mult

(Rack 2, Bin B, slot 10)

⇒ Switch From 20ns to 40ns

↓ ⇒ Put C&I OR into (R2, BC, S8, Q2)

↓ ⇒ Move C&I gate from (R2, BC, S3, Q2) to Output of coincidence. = (R2, BC, S8, Q2)

⇒ Insert S<sub>i</sub> TRIG

⇒ Move S<sub>i</sub> TRIG From (R2, BC, S2, Q2) to (R2, BC, S7, Q2)

↓ ⇒ Insert Veto into C&I gate start

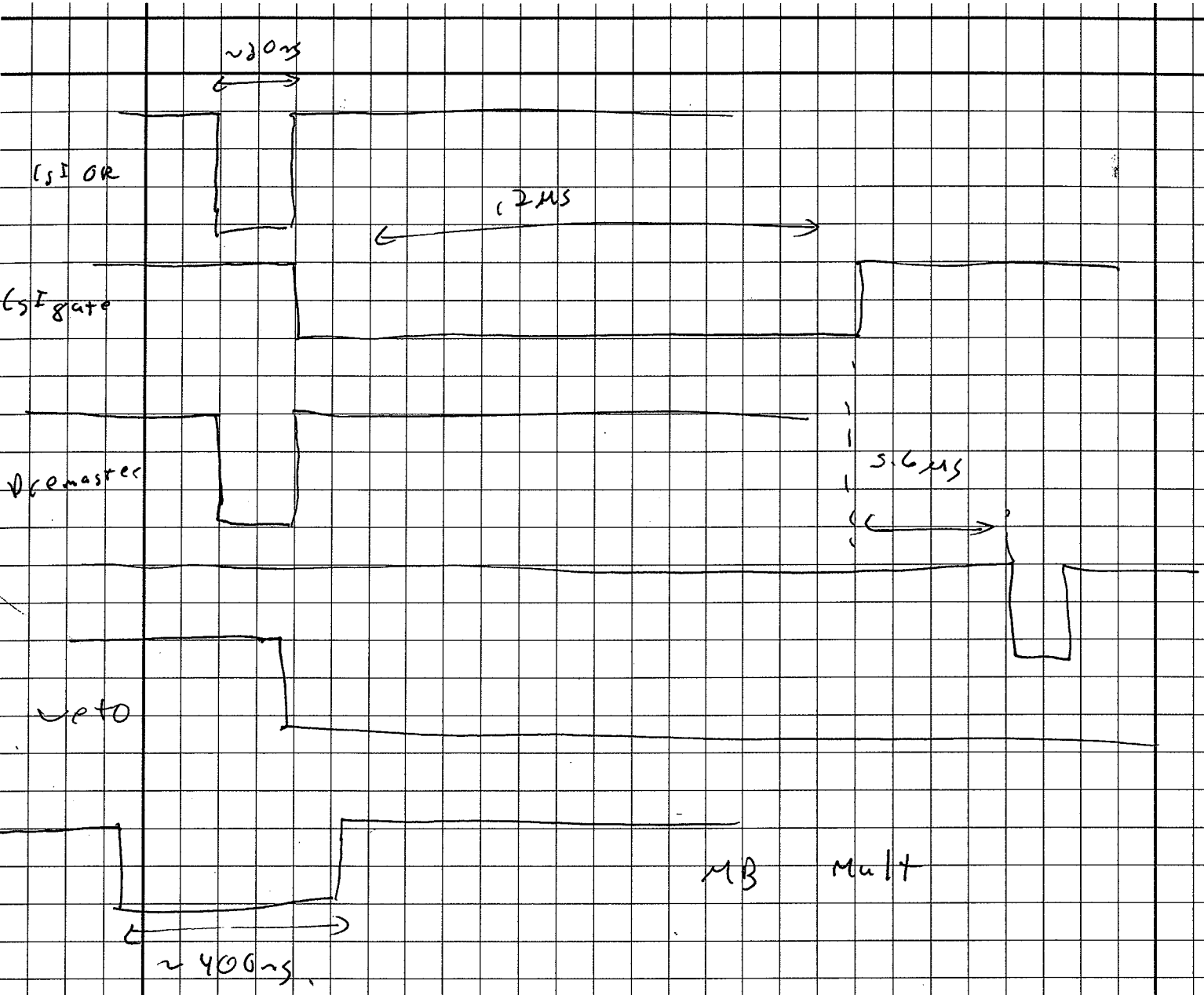
↓ ⇒ Insert Master TRIG into C&I start

✓ ⇒ Set MB veto to 1 (25mV) From 1.21mV

✓ ⇒ Patch S<sub>9</sub>S

⇒ MB veto	<del>15</del>	15	Inh
C&I OR raw	<del>24</del>	24	C&I <del>OR</del> OR = scaler 10
C&I Gate	13		
C&I Monitor	12		
<del>S<sub>i</sub> TRIG</del>			
Pre master	11		
Master	17		
veto	19		
MB mult (analog)	16		

⇒ Move Master TRIG to ~~15~~

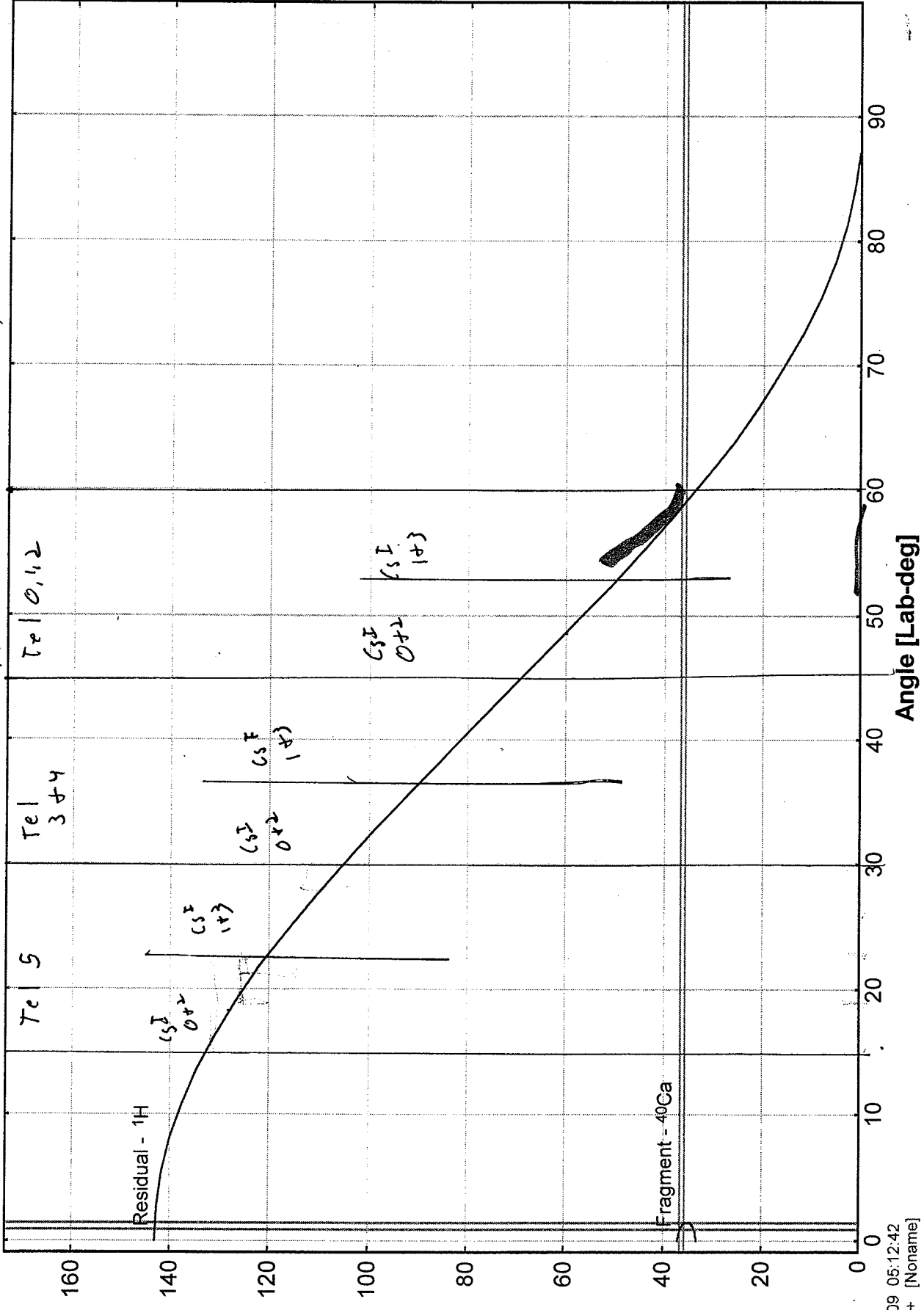


MB Mult multiplicity = 1



# Reaction's Kinematics: A lab & E\_lab

$^{40}\text{Ca} + ^1\text{H} \Rightarrow ^{40}\text{Ca} + ^1\text{H}$   $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{40}\text{Ca}, ^{40}\text{Ca}) ^1\text{H}$   
 Projectile Energy : 36.91 MeV/u Grazing angle in CMS [ $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^1\text{H}$ ] = 5.99 deg  
 Q reaction : 0.00 MeV (Excitations 0.0+0.0=>0.0+0.0)



0600

we were using the wrong shaper files.

we were using shaper1.n368

we should be using shaper2.n368

We switched over to the correct one and copied the two files to the backup 5.10.09 directory for further reference.

⇒ Beam now under MAT for  $^{48}\text{Ca}$

CsI pulser Ramp

Pulse Characteristics

Rise time: 50ns

Fall time: 200ns

- First CsI 0-3

4-7

8-11

12-15

16-19

20-23

- Then use CsI at 4 times.

Prepare for beam

Patch Signals

MB <del>patch</del> Fast	26
FA <del>Fast</del> <del>generator</del>	25
Prompt trig	<del>22</del> 22
Master Trig	18
Neutron OR	17
F.C.	23
Veto	19
FAOR	20

beam tuning  
200

Transmission =  $\frac{1}{3}$  between 11900 to 52

beam current =  $1 \mu A$

Test beam halo and asymmetry

- Turn on F.A.
- check background
- send beam
- check counts
- If active check which tubes are counting

F.A. Background counts: 1.5/s

<u>AIN</u>	<u>Counts</u>
1M	<del>10</del> 10
300k	<del>0.5</del> 0.5
100k	46
30k	196.5
10k	724

At 10 k, counts on various FA elements

<u>Tube</u>	<u>counts</u>
0	0
1	30
2	200
3	192
4	36
5	1
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	32
12	117
13	<del>8</del> 70
14	24
15	0

Si Pulser ramps : 0-1.5 V, 10s / step 21 steps 100Hz

810 Tel 0F  $\Rightarrow$  Triggering SI on Pulser since thresholds so low

Tel 1F.

Because thresholds so low, there are many accidental coincidences, Much noise. Lot's of digital cross-talk?

2 Tel 2F ~~(5F?)~~

3 Tel 3F

4 Tel 4F

5 Tel 5F

6 Tel 0B

817 Tel 1B

8 Tel 2B

~~9 Tel 3B~~

20 Tel 4B

21 Tel 5B

---

Begin of source Calibration Run  
- with source

22 Trigger on EB

23 Trigger on EF = Not good! too Noisy!

24 Triggered on EB

# TOC Calibration

For MiniBall start goes to Ch2

## MiniBall Time Cal

Run 825

Range ~~≈ 300ns~~ = 320ns  
Increment ≈ 10ns

Forward array / Proton veto Time cal.

Run 8

Range: 160ns  
Incr: 10ns

## CsI pulser ramps

May 2

Run 827

ch 0-3 ~~AD~~ 0-2V, 2 steps 10s/step.

Run

Run 828

ch 4-7, 0-2V, 2 steps, 10s/step 100Hz

Run 8

~~CS~~ Run 829

ch 8-11, 0-2V, 2 steps 10s/step. 100Hz

Run 8

Run 830

ch 16-19, 0-2V, 2 steps 10s/step 100Hz

Run 8

Run 831

ch 20-23, 0-2V, 2 steps 10s/step, 100Hz

Run 8

Run 832

ch 24-27, 0-2V, 2 steps, 10s/step, 100Hz

Run 8

Sm Pb Fe<sup>1</sup>

Squares 200 mm x 300 mm  
mass : 23.5 g For 5 pieces

Calculated weight on pkg : 5.05 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

Composition: Sm 60%  
Pb 190  
Fe 39%

Neutron wall TOC calibration

833 TO cal.

Range: 3 ± 0 → 5  
Incr: 10ns

834 Wall 1

Thresholds at ~~2.5~~ > 5  
V = -200G

B # 2 = looks odd  
⇒ Maybe the broken one  
B # 6 ⇒ looks odd } cross talk w/ B # 1  
B # 7 ⇒ looks odd }  
B # 10 ⇒ looks odd ⇒ Bad laser?  
B # 11 ⇒ looks odd ⇒ Bad laser?  
B # 22 ⇒ looks odd

835 wall 5 tube 7

836 Tube 10 ⇒ Doesn't show very well.

Run 83

Run 83

Wall A position Cal.

A8 = 2 bit ragged.  
 A10 = No peak = Broken optics?  
 A14 = Bad peak  
 A16 = Bad peak  
 A17 = Bad peak  
 A18 = No peak  
 A19 = No peak  
 → A21 = No peak -  
 A23 = Bad sig

} Fiber optics?

Neutron wall QDC calibration Run.

- Use 60 Co
- Two tubes at a time (disc mask)
- Use Exo thresholds and then lower thresholds.
- Place source on each side of the wall.
- Pedestal Run = Run 839.

839

Run 839

Wall A: L

Run 840

Wall A: R

Run 841

Wall B: L

Run 842

Wall B: R

Run 843

Collect data for L+R looking at G.M. Wall A

Run 844

<sup>60</sup>Co Calibration wall B w/ source in center  
looking at Both tubes

Run 845



So Pulse ramp on individual channels.

using EG pulses

Run 846 ASIC slot 11 chip 2

Run 846 Redo of ASIC slot 11 chip

- Raised pulse thresholds to get good resolution
- Compare to Run 846 to see if there is a gain shift

Run 847 ASIC slot 11 chip 0

0F ✓

0B ✓

Run 848 ~~ASIC Tel 2 B~~ : ASIC slot 12 chip 0

1F ✓

Channels 1 & 2 pulse together (split signal)

1B ✓

Not recorded

2F ✓

2B ~~✓~~ ✓

Run 848 Tele 1 F : ASIC slot 5 chip 1

3F ✓

~~This was~~

3B

4F ✓

Run 849 Tel 2 B : Slot 12 chip 0

4B ✓

5F ✓

Run 850 Tel 2 B : CH 5.

5B

Run 851 Tel 2 B

Run 852 Tel 3F, + 5F Slot 11, ch 2  
- 857 Slot 19, ch 2

Run 858 Tel 0F + Tel 4F

Run 859 Tel 0F + 4F continued.

Run 860 Tel 0B + 4B

: Note: Cable into ASIC may have been shifted up

one pin  $\Rightarrow$  Sig 3  $\rightarrow$  Sig 1

and 4  $\rightarrow$  gnd

$\Rightarrow$  Shift channels up by 1

Run 862 Tel 3B + Tel 5B

## Absorber Foil Characteristics

### Factory Information

Tin (60)/ Lead (39)/ Antimony (1)

Nominal Areal Density :

5.22 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> if you use the total mass (4.7g per sheet) and area (900cm<sup>2</sup>) given on the label

5.05, if you use the density (8.42 g/cm<sup>3</sup>) and the thickness (.006mm (quoted +/- 25%))

### Measured Information

Areal Density: 4.94 (+/- .04) mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (based on weighing a 7 cm square piece)

Most accurate  
→

## \* FARADAY Cup Calibration Procedure for <sup>45</sup>Ca beam

### Procedure:

One cycle is defined as

1. measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
2. measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
3. measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
4. measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.

For each target: (blank, 112Sn, 124Sn)

1. do 1 cycle for each attn: 1000x, 3000x, 10000x

### A1900 FC calibration

5. Insert A1900 FC and 1000x attenuator.
6. Reduce intensity to 20-30 pA and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
7. Insert 100x attenuator.
8. Measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
9. Insert 10000x attenuator and measure for 120 s on XPF scintillator. Record total rate.
10. Insert 100x attenuator
11. Measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
12. Insert 10000x attenuator and measure for 120 s on XPF scintillator. Record total rate.

# Factory Calibration

## Procedure:

1. Set attn. to 1000 and runs to 120 sec.
2. Insert  $^{112}\text{Sn}$  target
3. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
4. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
5. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
6. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
7. change to  $^{124}\text{Sn}$  target.
8. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
9. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
10. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
11. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
12. Change attenuation to 3000x
13. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
14. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
15. Change attenuation to 10000x
16. Insert A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
17. Remove A1900 FC and measure for 120 s on S2 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
18. Insert A1900 FC and 1000x attenuator.
19. Reduce intensity to 20-30 pA and measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
20. Insert 100x attenuator.
21. Measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
22. Insert 10000x attenuator and measure for 120 s on XPF scintillator. Record total rate.
23. Insert 100x attenuator and A1900 FC.
24. Measure for 120 s on A1900 FC, recording FC reading every 10 s.
25. Insert 10000x attenuator and measure for 120 s on XPF scintillator. Record total rate.

$^{60}\text{Co}$  Source position Run

Because some of the laser fiber position measurements aren't so good, we also employ the  $^{60}\text{Co}$  source at the center of each tube.

- Place source roughly in center.
- ~~And~~ Enable only two tubes at a time
- Set threshold = 50

 $^{60}\text{Co}$  Source run wall A.

Run #8

 $^{60}\text{Co}$  Source run wall B pos

Run #9

Camera Photos for Exp 05049A

Ca-40 degraded to 37 MeV/u

28 Z001

28 Z001

Ratios

Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000

out + out + out + out + out  
Att 1k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z001 2009-05-14 17:51:04

Ratios

Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000

out + out + out + out + out  
Att 3k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z001 2009-05-14 17:50:50

30 Z013

30 Z013

Ratios

Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000

out + viewer + out + out + out  
Att 1k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z013 2009-05-14 17:49:38

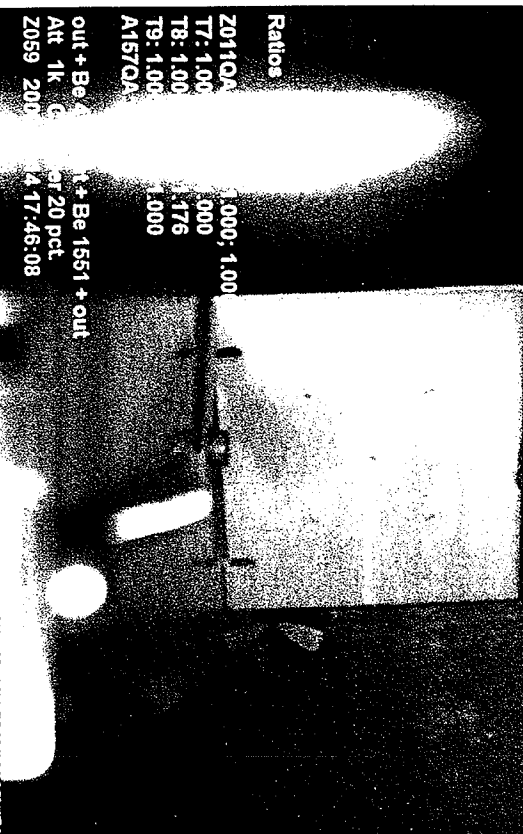
Ratios

Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000

out + out + out + viewer + out  
Att 3k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z015 2009-05-14 17:47:31

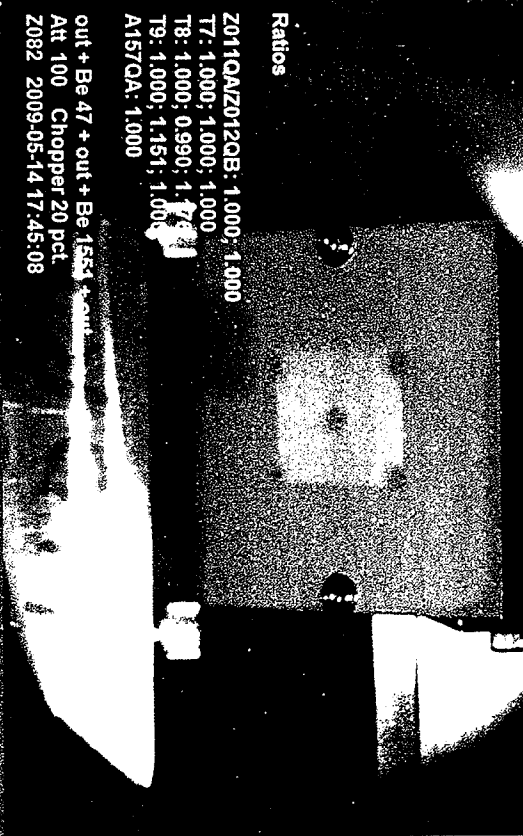
Camera Photos for Exp 05049A

34 Z059 Image 2



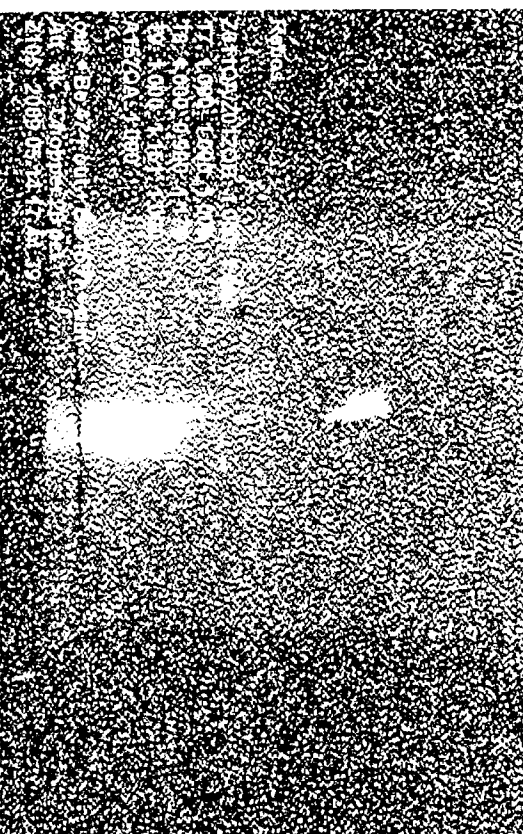
Ratios  
Z011QA: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + Be 47 + out + Be 1551 + out  
Att 1k Chopper 20 pct  
Z059 2009-05-14 17:46:08

35 Z082 Image 3



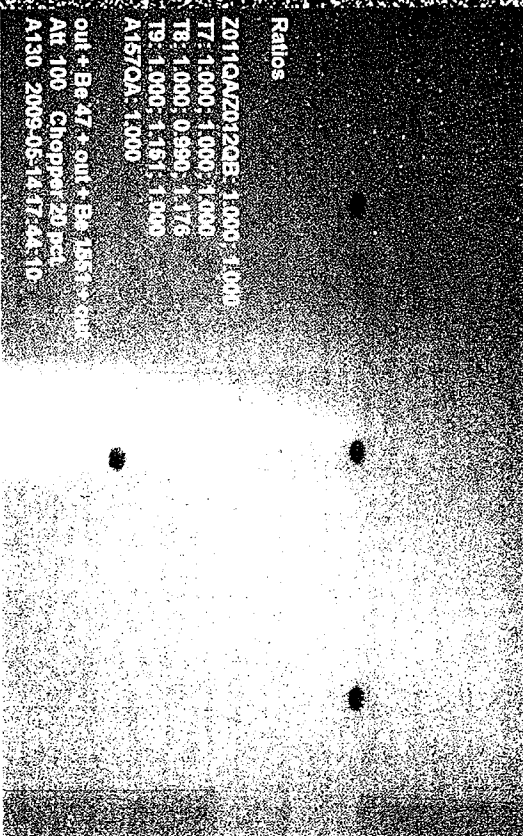
Ratios  
Z011QAZ012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + Be 47 + out + Be 1551 + out  
Att 100 Chopper 20 pct  
Z082 2009-05-14 17:45:08

40 Z105 Focal Plane



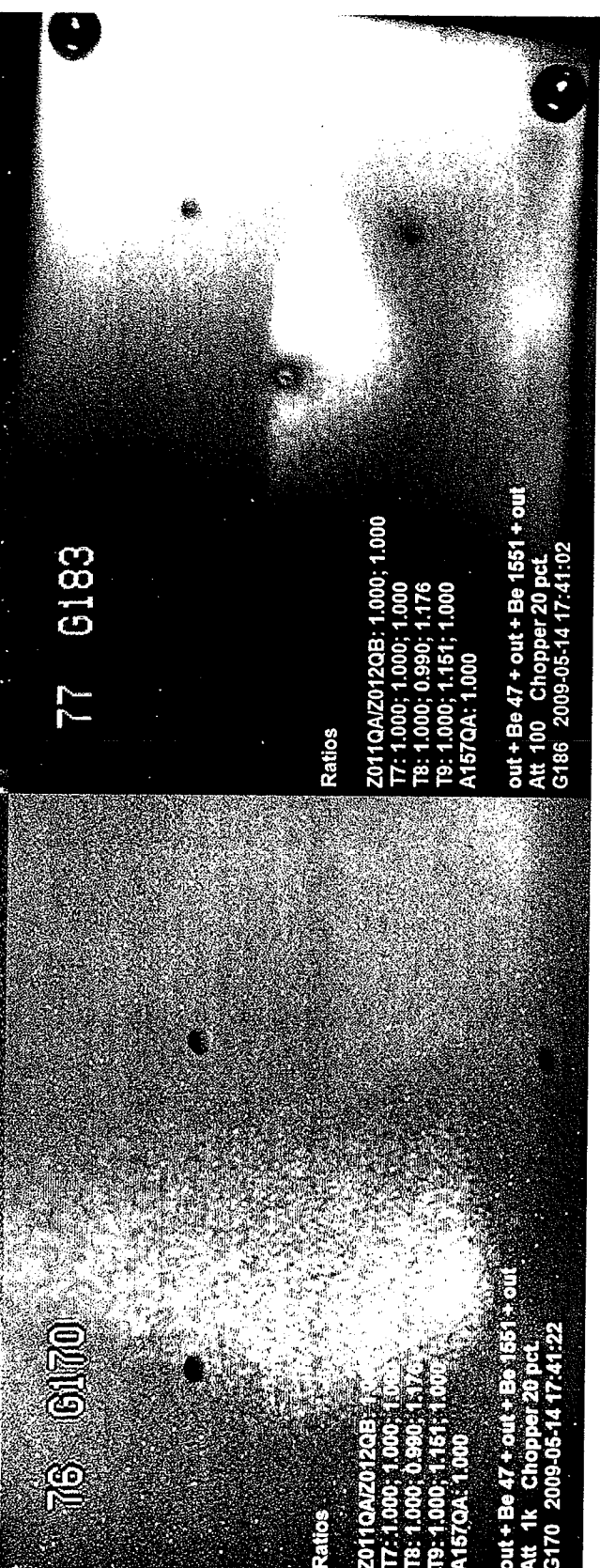
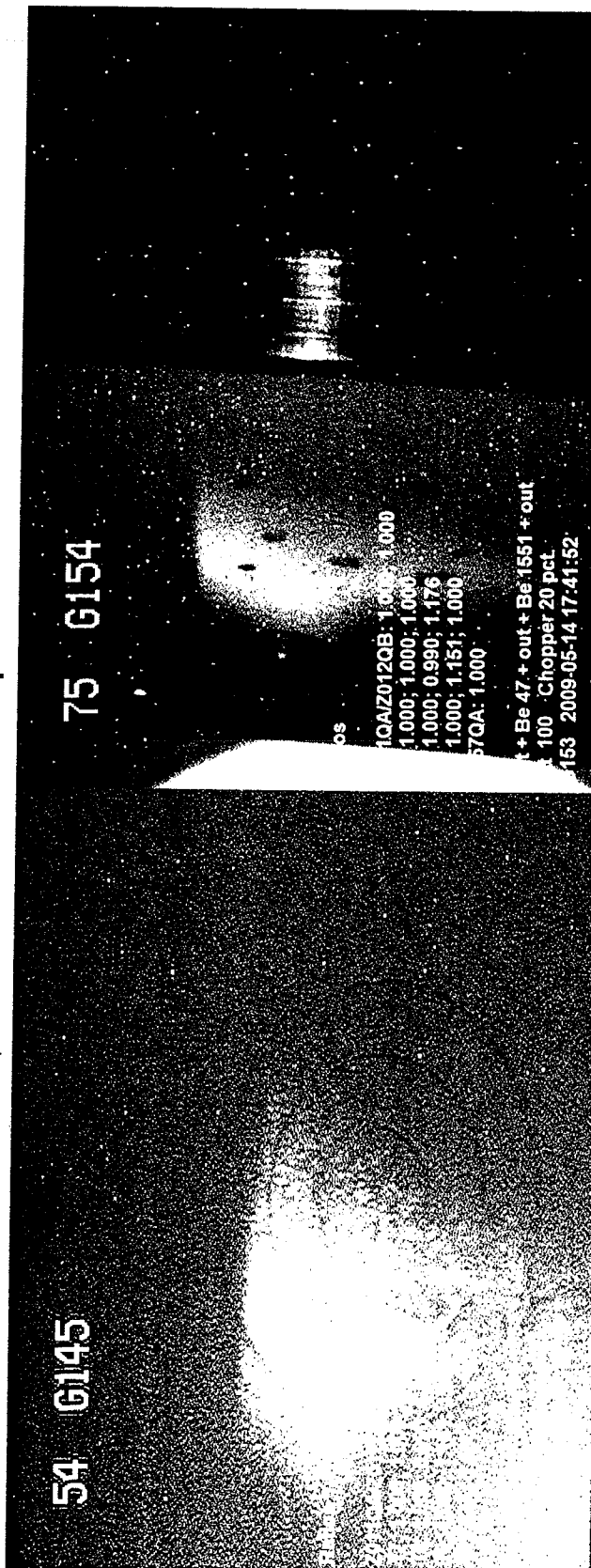
Ratios  
Z011QAZ012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + Be 47 + out + Be 1551 + out  
Att 3k Chopper 20 pct  
Z105 2009-05-14 17:46:08

42 A130



Ratios  
Z011QAZ012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + Be 47 + out + Be 1551 + out  
Att 100 Chopper 20 pct  
A130 2009-05-14 17:44:10

Camera Photos for Exp 05049A

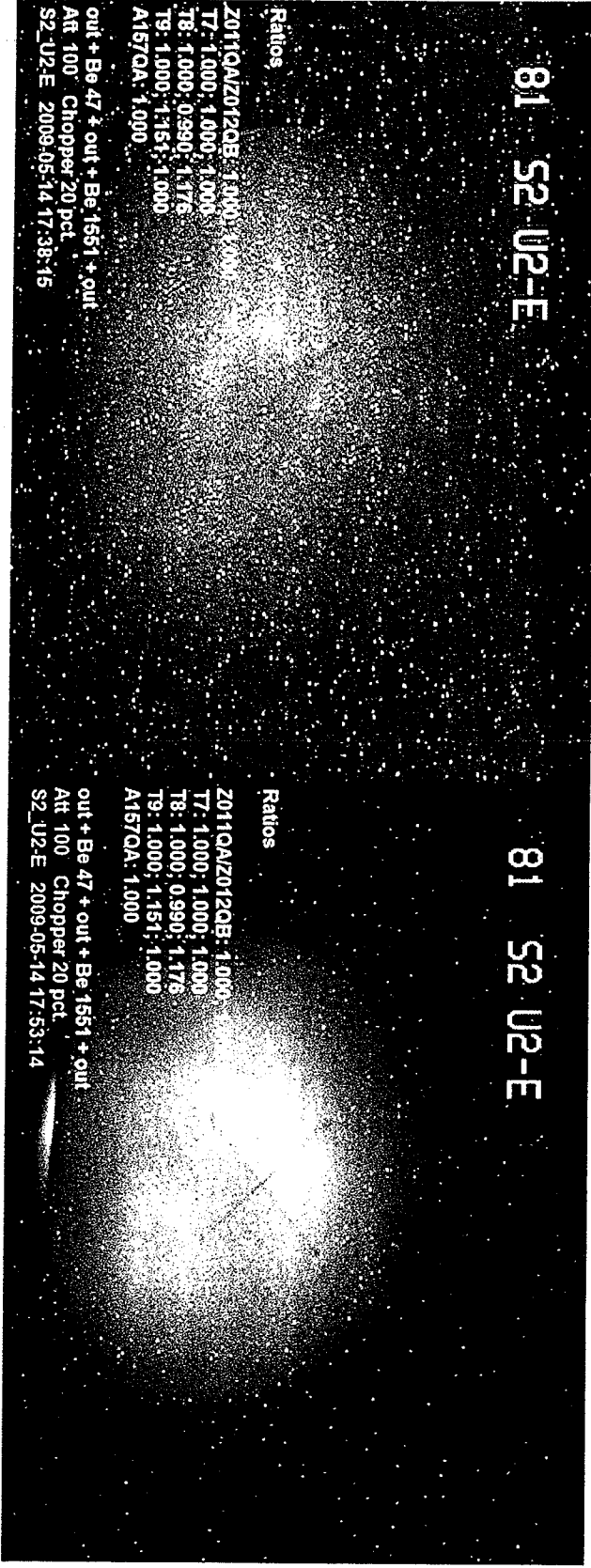


Camera Photos for Exp 05049A



G207 Viewer Inserted

G207 Viewer removed





Camera Photos for Exp 05049A

Undegraded Primary Beam

34 Z059 Image 2



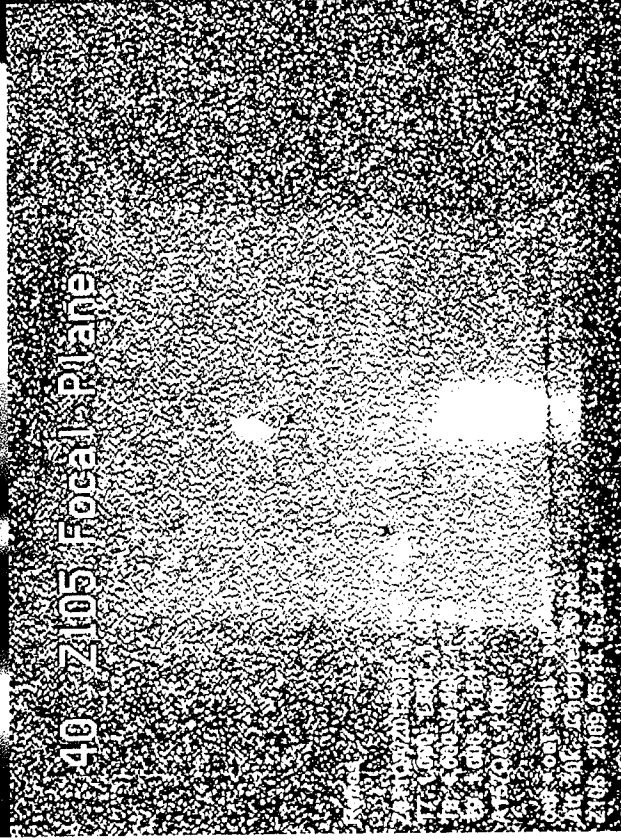
Ratios  
Z011QA: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out  
Att 10k  
Z059 2009-05-14 19:25:44

35 Z082 Image 3



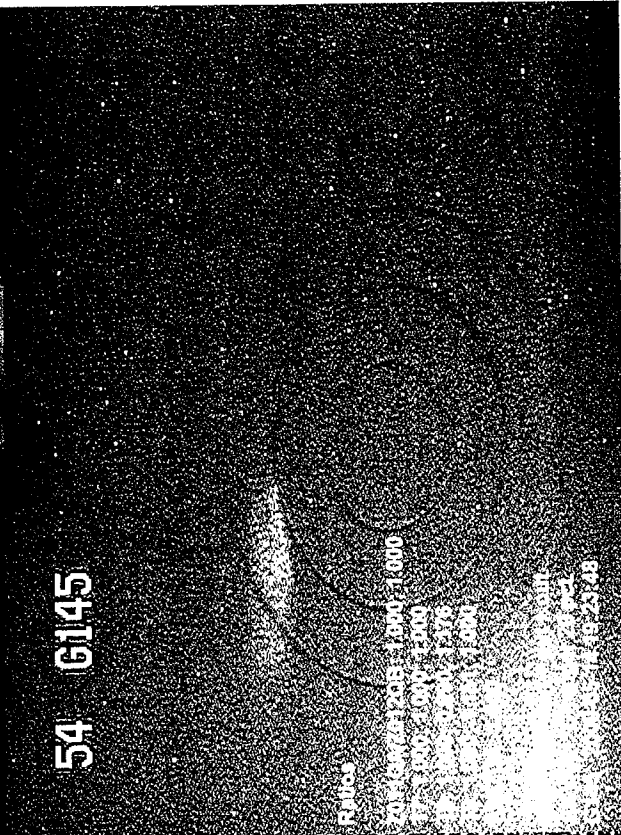
Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out  
Att 1k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z082 2009-05-14 19:25:03

40 Z105 Focal Plane



Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out  
Att 10k Chopper 20 pct.  
Z105 2009-05-14 19:25:44

54 G145



Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000; 1.000  
T7: 1.000; 1.000; 1.000  
T8: 1.000; 0.990; 1.176  
T9: 1.000; 1.151; 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out  
Att 10k Chopper 20 pct.  
G145 2009-05-14 19:25:48

Camera Photos for Exp 05049A

75 G154

1QAZ012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out + out  
3k Chopper: 20 pct  
153 2009-05-14 19:23:23

77 G183

Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out + out  
Att 10k Chopper: 20 pct  
G186 2009-05-14 19:22:24

76 G170

Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out + out  
Att 10k Chopper: 20 pct  
G170 2009-05-14 19:23:01

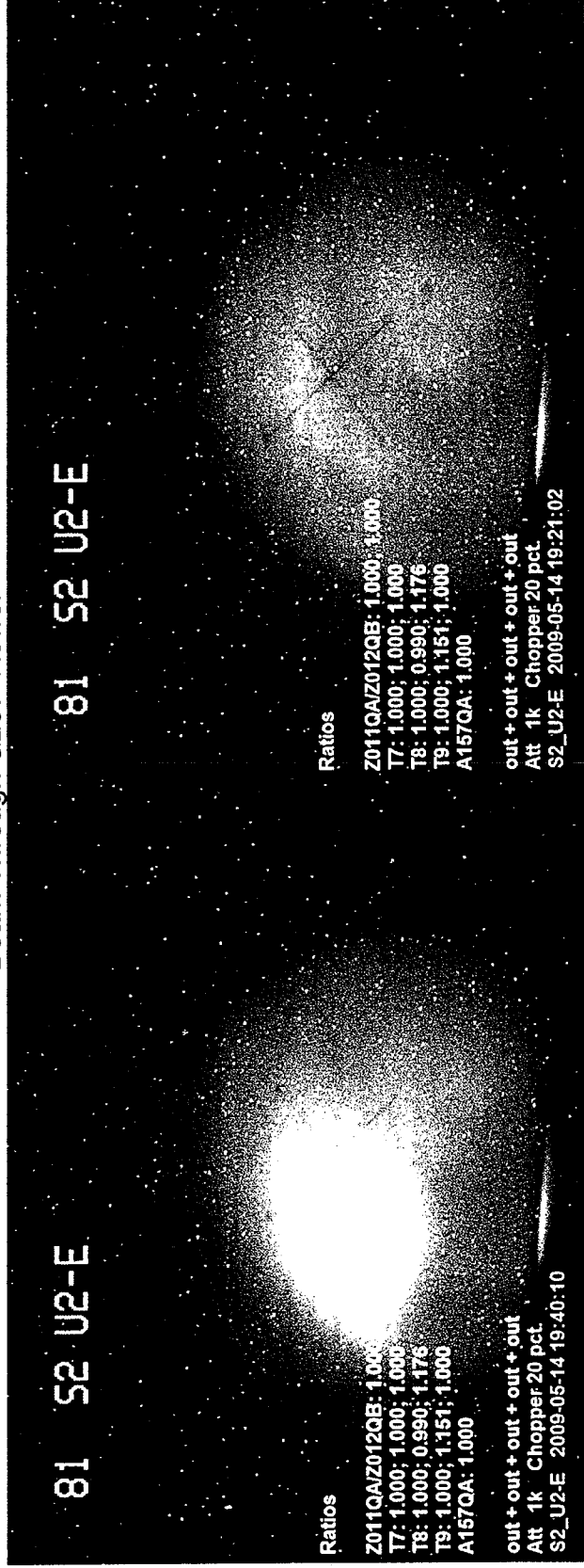
78 G203

Ratios  
Z011QA/Z012QB: 1.000, 1.000  
T7: 1.000, 1.000, 1.000  
T8: 1.000, 0.990, 1.176  
T9: 1.000, 1.151, 1.000  
A157QA: 1.000  
out + out + out + out + out  
Att 10k Chopper: 20 pct  
G204 2009-05-14 19:40:55

Camera Photos for Exp 05049A



Beam Through G207 Viewer



AmBe Source runs

May 24

- AmBe Source Run 44.5"  
 - Source placed ~~200~~ From center of wall A.  
 - Threshold = 200

R 862

- AmBe Source Run 33"  
 - Source placed ~~200~~ From center of B  
 - Threshold = 200

R 863

- AmBe Source run wall B  
 - Source placed 33 3/4" From center of B  
 - threshold = 10

R 866

- AmBe Source wall A  
 - source placed 44.5" From center of A  
 - thresholds at 10

R 866

33 3/4"

R 866

AmBe Source run wall A.  
 - Source placed 91.51 inches from center of A  
 - Threshold = 10

AmBe Source placed 77.25" From wall B.  
 - Threshold = 10

R 866

### LASSA Position Measurements

- Center of Viewer
- Corners of All LASSA
- Reference Points
  - Beam axis
  - X
  - Y
  - Z
- LASSA
  - ~~One point~~ Two points on outside edge of Brass Ring
  - Two or three points on inside edge of Brass Ring

10/18/2009

Neutron wall TOC Calibration.

ROOT Function: n\_tdc\_cal.C

ROOT File: Run 833.root

Output File:

NEUTRON-TOC\_cal.dat

Uncertainties:

NEUTRON-TOC\_cal\_ERRORS.dat

File structure      time =  $m \times t_b$        $x = \text{channel}$

tube       $AL_b$        $AL_m$        $AR_b$        $AR_m$        $BL_b$        $BL_m$        $BR_b$        $BR_m$

10/19/2009

FA TOC Calibration.

ROOT Function: FA\_TOC\_cal.C

ROOT File: Run 846.root

Output file:

FA\_TOC\_cal.dat

Structure      time (ns) =  $m \times t_b$ .

channel      offset      slope      error\_offset      error\_slope

We still need to do the FA mapping.  
 - Probably more important when we do ET but not so much tstart.

- Find TOF algorithm
  - t<sub>start</sub> ⇒ first start signal from F.A.
  - t<sub>stop</sub> ⇒ first stop signal from each individual N-wall element.

### MiniBall TDC Calibration

June 22

ROOT Function: miniball-tdc-fir.c

Root File: run 825.root

Output File:

MINI.TDC.cal.dat

Format:

channel: offset: slope: offset-error: slope-error.

### MiniBall punch through energies exercise

#### Ring 5 Tube $\phi$ Example

CsI thickness: 2 cm

Sn Sb: 10 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (?)

Al mylar: 12  $\mu$ m (?)

Plastic: 40  $\mu$ m

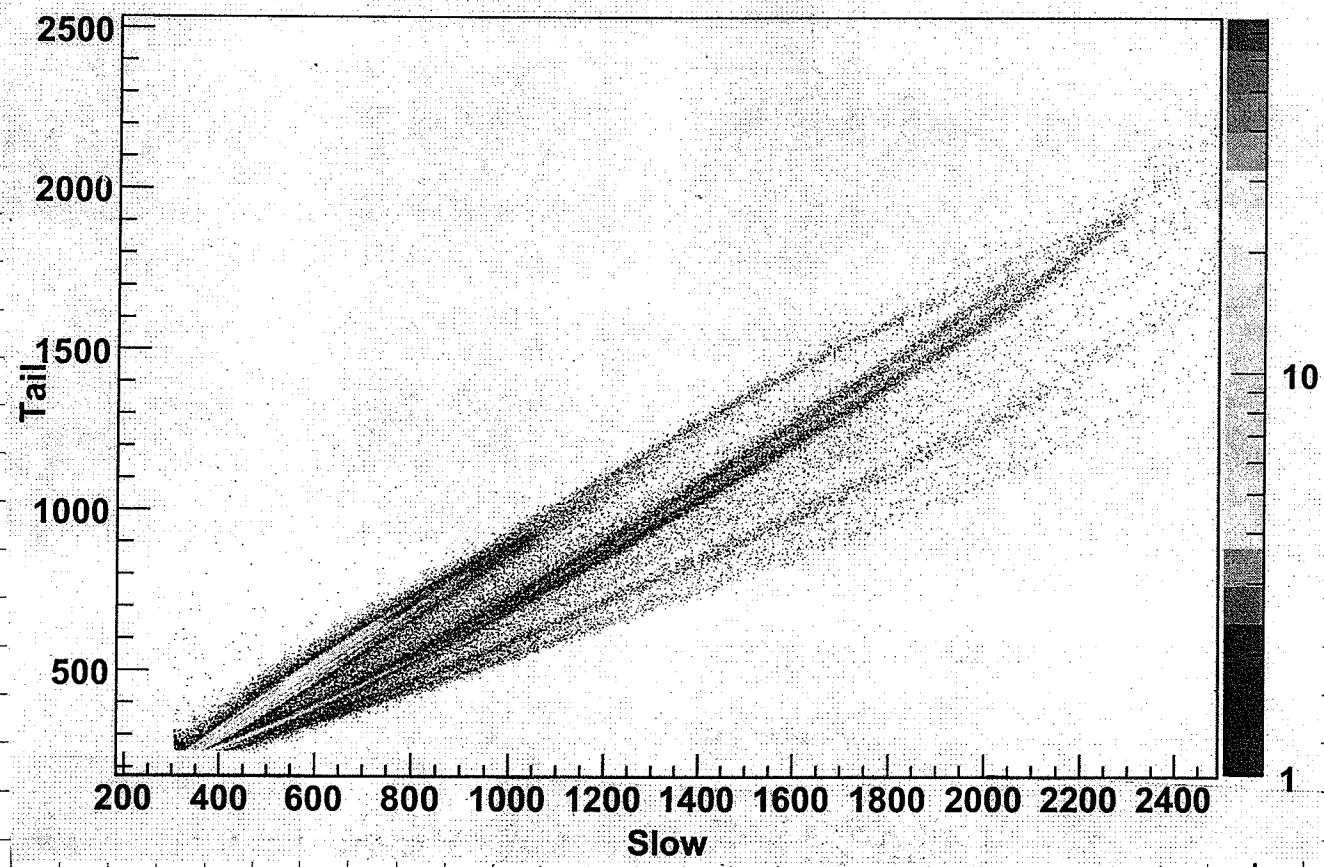
Punch through  $\Rightarrow$  CsI + Plastic (2cm CsI + 40  $\mu$ m plastic)

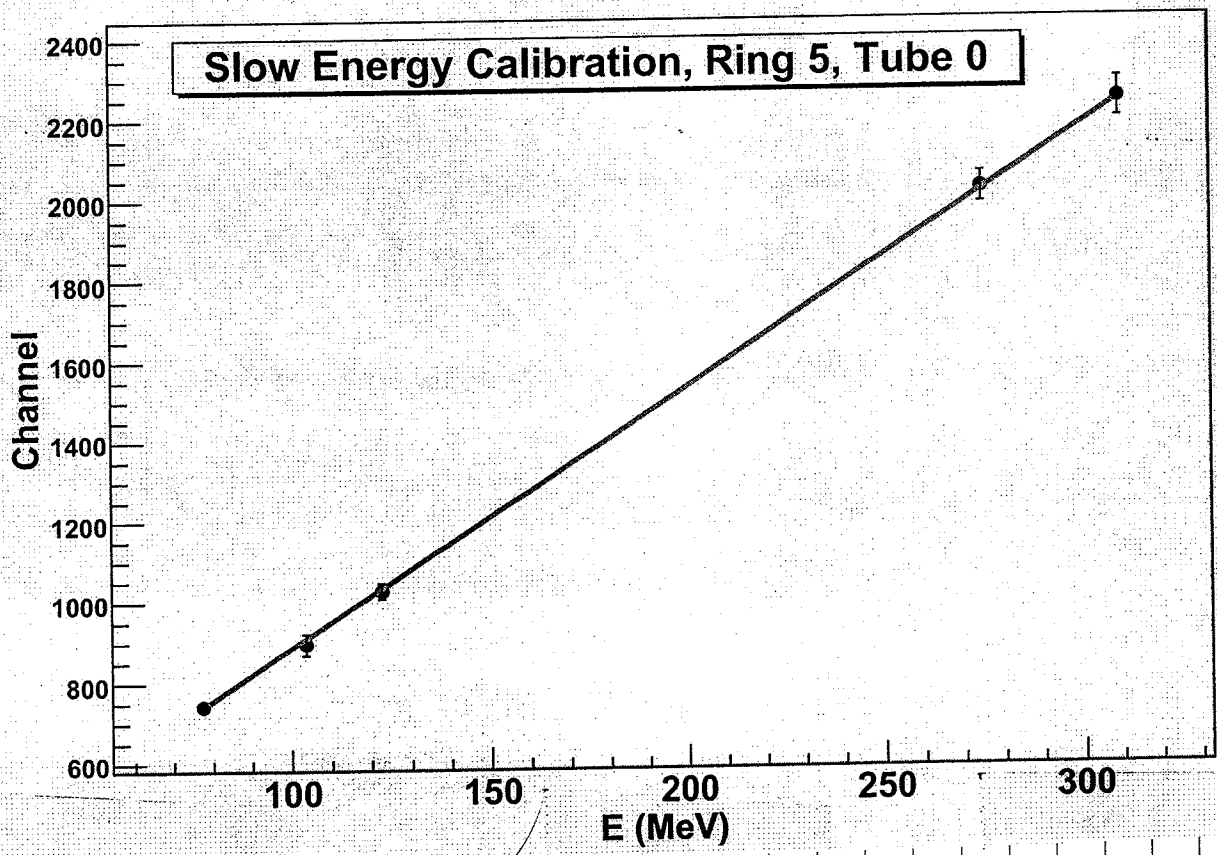
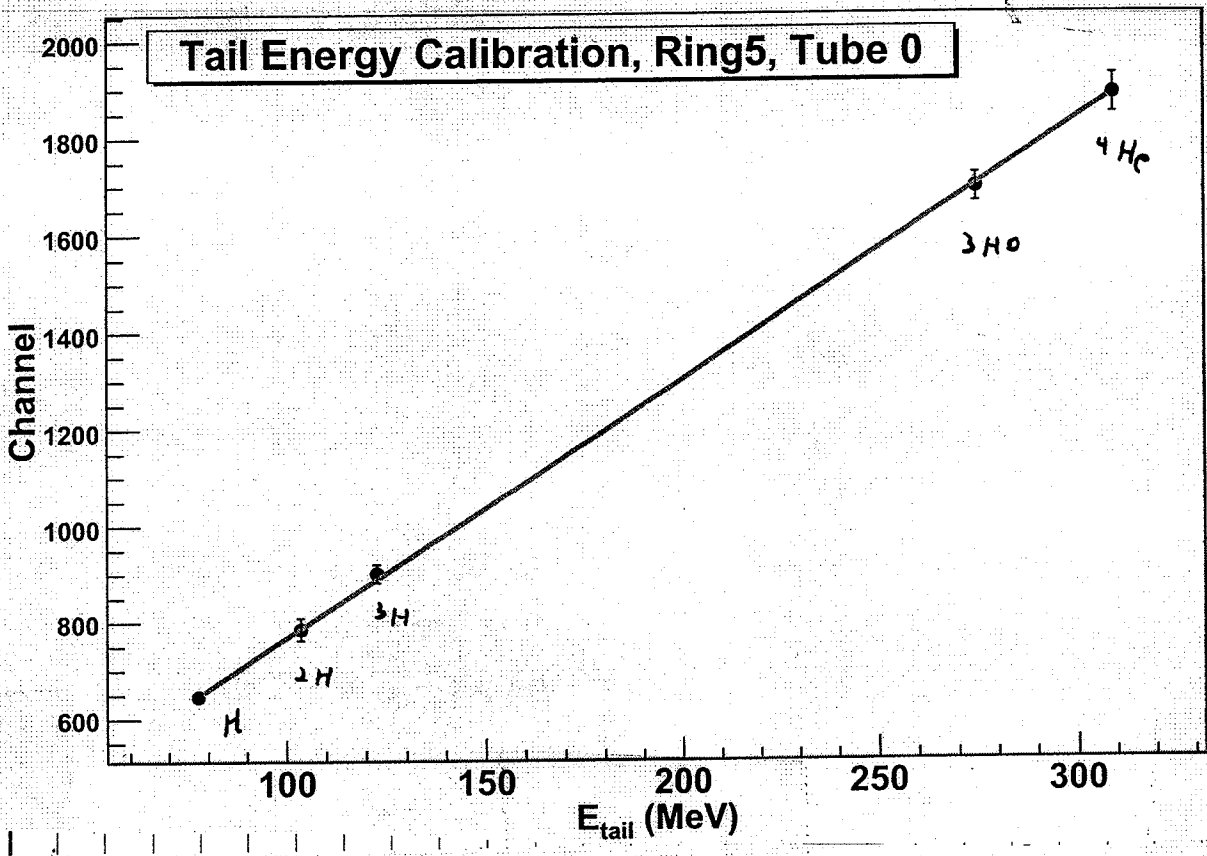
protons :	77.46 MeV
<sup>2</sup> H :	103.61 MeV
<sup>3</sup> H :	122.64 MeV
<sup>3</sup> He :	274.55 MeV
<sup>4</sup> He :	309.22 MeV

Ring 5 chan. 0

E

Particle	E [arb. u.]	Slow chan	Tail chan
H	77.46	742 ± 7	646 ± 7
<sup>2</sup> H	103.61	895 ± 27	786 ± 23
<sup>3</sup> H	122.64	1026 ± 20	901 ± 19
<sup>3</sup> He	274.55	2022 ± 38	1695 ± 30
<sup>4</sup> He	309.22	2243 ± 49	1886 ± 40





Need a good way to calibrate the energies



June 25, 2009

## MiniBall Calibrations

If we plot slow and tail (maybe fast) for each element, we can find the punchthrough edges.

- Record punch through channels & uncertainties.
- we only need to record 1 energy to calibrate for Et
- The tail looks much nicer than the slow.
  - Fast is the worst.
- Perhaps use tail (slow if tail looks bad)

Ring 6, T7: No tail

Ring T17 Not very good

R7 T8: Poor resolution  $\Rightarrow$  May need pedestal

R7 T7: Bad res: look at 2D.

R7 T11: Bad res, look at 2D.

R7 T9: Main for

R7 T14: Bad res

R7 T7 looks funny

R10 T2: looks bad

R10 T4 looks bad

R10 T5: Deuterons not good

T7

R11 T0: re-examine

3

} poor detector sig

# Neutron Position Measurements

For a tube in the n-wall

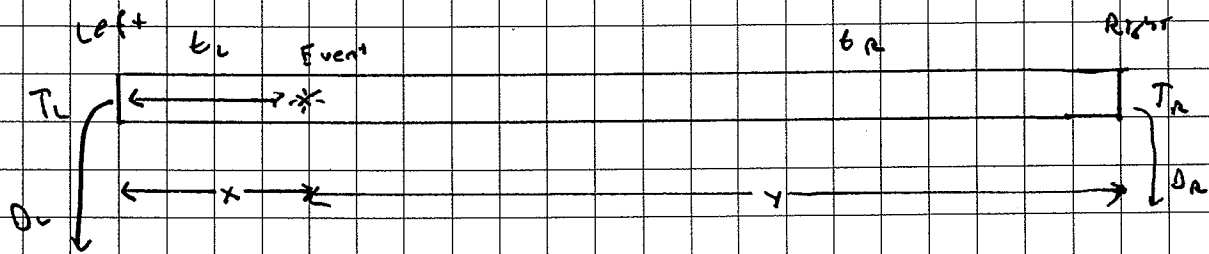
$$x = \left( \frac{T_L - T_R}{T_{TOT}} \right) L$$

$L$  = tube length

$T_{TOT}$  = Total length of tube in ns

$T_L$  = TDC for left side

$T_R$  = TDC for right side



$$x + y = L$$

$$v t_L = x$$

$$v t_R = y$$

$v$  = Velocity of light in vac

$$T_L = t_L + D_L$$

$$T_R = t_R + D_R$$

$D_L$  = time cable delay

$D_R$  = time cable delay

$$v t_L = x$$

$$v t_R = y$$

$v$  = effective velocity of light in tube

$$v T_{TOT} = L$$

$$y - x = (T_L - T_R - \Delta_{DL}) \frac{vL}{2T_{TOT}}$$

$T_{TOT}$  = width of tube in time  $x$

= width of TDC signal

$L$  = Length of tube = 2m

$\Delta_{DL}$  = offset due to cable length differences

2009 Neutron wall position offsets

1. Plot  $T_c - T_a$  for laser peaks Run 834-838
2. Find Centroid of laser peak
3. Note peaks w/ poor centroids
4. Look at edges of position distribution and find  $\frac{1}{2}$  way point. Compare to laser centroids

Bad tubes lousy peaks or no peaks

B2

A10

B10

A14

A16

B16

A18

A21

B22

2009 Also calibrate tube centers w/ the following:

- $^{60}\text{Co}$  position peak find
- $^{60}\text{Co}$  position Gauss fit
- width of distribution

Neutron Wall Position Offset Determination

Values are TL-TR to determine middle of wall in terms of time

Source is middle of wall determined using source

Differences may be due to threshold differences (as in B0-17) and source position differences

Tube	Wall A					Wall B				
	Left Edge	Right Edge	Mid	Source	Difference	Left Edge	Right Edge	Mid	Source	Difference
0	-114	147	16.5	21.9625		5	272	138.5	130.781	
1	-124	137	6.5	5.98917	0.51083	-107	154	23.5	10.9808	
2	-104	161	28.5	28.9508	-0.4508	-139	125	-7	-10.9825	3.982
3	-130	136	3	2.99417	0.00583	-103	162	29.5	18.9675	
4	-114	151	18.5	16.9708	1.5292	-137	135	-1	-7.9875	
5	-126	143	8.5	-0.999167		-88	181	46.5	31.9458	
6	-139	124	-7.5	-10.9825	3.4825	-136	129	-3.5	-13.9775	
7	-124	145	10.5	3.9925		-101	160	29.5	23.9592	
8	-111	145	17	14.9742	2.0258	-122	143	10.5	1.99583	
9	-200	58	-71	-71.8808	0.8808	-167	96	-35.5	-56.9058	
10	-108	149	20.5	24.9575	-4.4575	-111	152	20.5	10.9808	
11	-214	41	-86.5	-81.8642	-4.6358	-135	131	-2	-20.9658	
12	-204	65	-69.5	-75.8742		-103	164	30.5	21.9625	
13	-204	58	-73	-70.8825	-2.1175	-205	64	-70.5	-79.8675	
14	-131	133	1	-2.99583	3.99583	-217	55	-81	-91.8475	
15	-174	93	-40.5	-43.9275	3.4275	-101	167	33	20.9642	
16	-145	121	-12	-15.9742	3.9742	-177	93	-42	-47.9208	
17	-157	101	-28	-23.9608	-4.0392	-154	107	-23.5	-27.9542	4.454
18	-153	112	-20.5	-16.9725	-3.5275	-131	136	2.5	4.99083	-2.4908
19	-163	97	-33	-30.9492	-2.0508	-179	94	-42.5	-49.9175	
20	-128	135	3.5	4.99083	-1.49083	-137	129	-4	-2.99583	-1.0041
21	-153	111	-21	-18.9692	-2.0308	-148	118	-15	-16.9725	1.972
22	-154	109	-22.5	-26.9558	4.4558	-150	123	-13.5	-16.9725	3.472
23	-163	102	-30.5	-35.9408		-145	127	-9	-9.98417	0.9841

Finding Edges of position distributions

- $T_b - T_a$  and point exactly in the middle!
- Also find midpoint from  $^{60}\text{Co}$  source cuts.
- Differences larger than 5 channels ( $\approx 5000s$ ) noted.

$$\text{Position } x = \left( (T_b - T_a) - T_b \right) v$$

$T_b = \text{offset}$

$v = \text{velocity in tube} = 7.65 \text{ cm/s}$

6,2009 Forward Array TOC Mapping

FA TOC channel

FA Scintillator

0...15

0...15 (1→1 mapping)

Proton veto

- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21
- 22
- 23
- 24
- 25
- 26
- 27
- 28

- ~~0~~ 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- ?
- ?

Within these are ORs Neutrons & ~~min~~ minDat

Establish N-wall pedestals.

- Pedestal runs: 839
- 156
- 178
- 375
- 388
- 496

HV = -2000

(For new H.V.?)

HV: e05049-new\_compvec.dat

⇒ It looks like run 496 has no pedestals very close to run 839, so we can probably use those.

File: NEUTRON-PEDESTALS-496.dat

\* Incorporating pedestal subtraction into root conversion code.

\* How does the CFD energy thresholds translate to Energy thresh in the walls?

If  $E_d e^{-\lambda x} < T_h$  then the particle is not seen.

Example Threshold on Left + Right are the same.  $= T$

Particle of Energy  $E_d$  in the tube at position  $x$

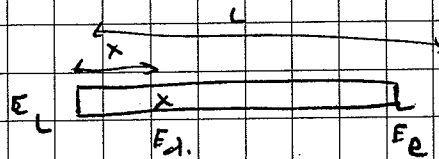
$E_L$  = Energy at left side

$E_R$  = Energy at right side

$x$  = position

$\lambda$  = attenuation in tube

$L$  = length of tube



$$E_L = E_d e^{-\lambda x}$$

$$E_R = E_d e^{-(L-x)/\lambda}$$

Geometric mean  $E_g = \sqrt{E_L E_R} = \sqrt{E_d^2 e^{-\lambda(L-x)/\lambda} e^{-\lambda x/\lambda}}$

$$= E_d \sqrt{e^{-\frac{\lambda(L-x) + \lambda x}{\lambda}}} = E_d e^{-\lambda L/2}$$

To record particle

$$E_L > T \Rightarrow E_d e^{-\lambda x/\lambda} > T \Rightarrow E_g e^{\lambda x/2\lambda} e^{-\lambda x/\lambda} > T$$

$$E_R > T \Rightarrow E_d e^{-(L-x)/\lambda} > T \Rightarrow E_g e^{\lambda(L-x)/2\lambda} e^{-\lambda(L-x)/\lambda} > T$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{l} E_g e^{(L-2x)/2\lambda} > T_L \\ E_g e^{(2x-L)/2\lambda} > T_R \end{array} \right]$$

So there is a relationship between Threshold and detectable energy and tube position.

but  $E_g > \sqrt{T_L T_R}$

From above  $\Rightarrow$  Minimum energy  
So we define a "geometric threshold"

$$T_g = \sqrt{T_L T_R}$$

$\Rightarrow$  It's conceivable to have  $E_g > T_g$  with  $E_L < T_L$  or  $E_R < T_R$   
However, to work

$$\underline{E_L > T_L \quad \text{and} \quad E_R > T_R}$$

August 13, 2009

Neuron TOC offset

- FA offset for each element of FA
- Offset for  $\gamma$  peak for each tube in FA

- FA offsets found.

(gamma peak offset: offset for AM (arithmetic mean))

Wall A

Tube	Wall A centroid of $\gamma$ peak	Wall B centroid of peak
0	<del>-138</del> -138	-120
1	<del>-138</del> -116	-155
2	-119	-162
3	-122	-173
4	-129	-177
5	-107	-153
6	-125	-181
7	-114	-178
8	-75	-205
9	-93	-198
10	<del>-100</del> 125	-203
11	-100	-195
12	-91	-172
13	-89	-129
14	-45	-137
15	-110	-167
16	-56 (looks funny)	-159
17	-59	-163
18	-52	-155
19	-171 (low cys)	-154
20	-42	-157
21	-34	-160
22	-50	-143
23	-38	-154

Combined entire wall A into a single seat for offsets  
 will re-iterate through offsets for individual FA elements.  
 - Gate on FA element.

<u>FA tube</u>	<u>WALL A</u> <u>offset channel</u>	<u>Offset from ch</u> (x) <u>FA.TD</u>
0	-158	7
1	-170	<del>19</del> 19
2	-166	15
3	-151	0
4	-167	16
5	-162	11
6	-168	17
7	-171	20
8	-167	16
9	-170	19
10	-167	16
11	-167	16
12	-164	13
13	-160	9
14	-165	14
15	-162	11



August 19, 2069

Forward array Self-timing peaks

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Peak (channel)</u>
0	1020
1	1040
2	1017
3	1038
4	991
5	957
6	1006
7	1005
8	988
9	963
10	1013
11	981
12	1037
13	982
14	1002
15	1000

→ FA timing More-or-less OK  
 → Maybe improve for multiple peaks in window

Now double check & peak in each Neutron tube for offset

<u>Type</u>	<u>wallA</u>	<u>wallB</u>
0	-150	-154
1	-150	-151
2	-151	-150
3	-150	-142
4	-150	-150
5	-148	-145
6	-146	-154
7	-146	-150
8	-149	-146
9	-144	-150
10	-146	-142
11	-154	-136?
12	-144	-145
13	-150	-146
14	-150	-150
15	-150	-146
16	-146	-154
17	-150	-152
18	-146	-150
19	-26	-148
20	-150	-145
21	-150	-141
22	-145	-151
23	-146	-158
24		

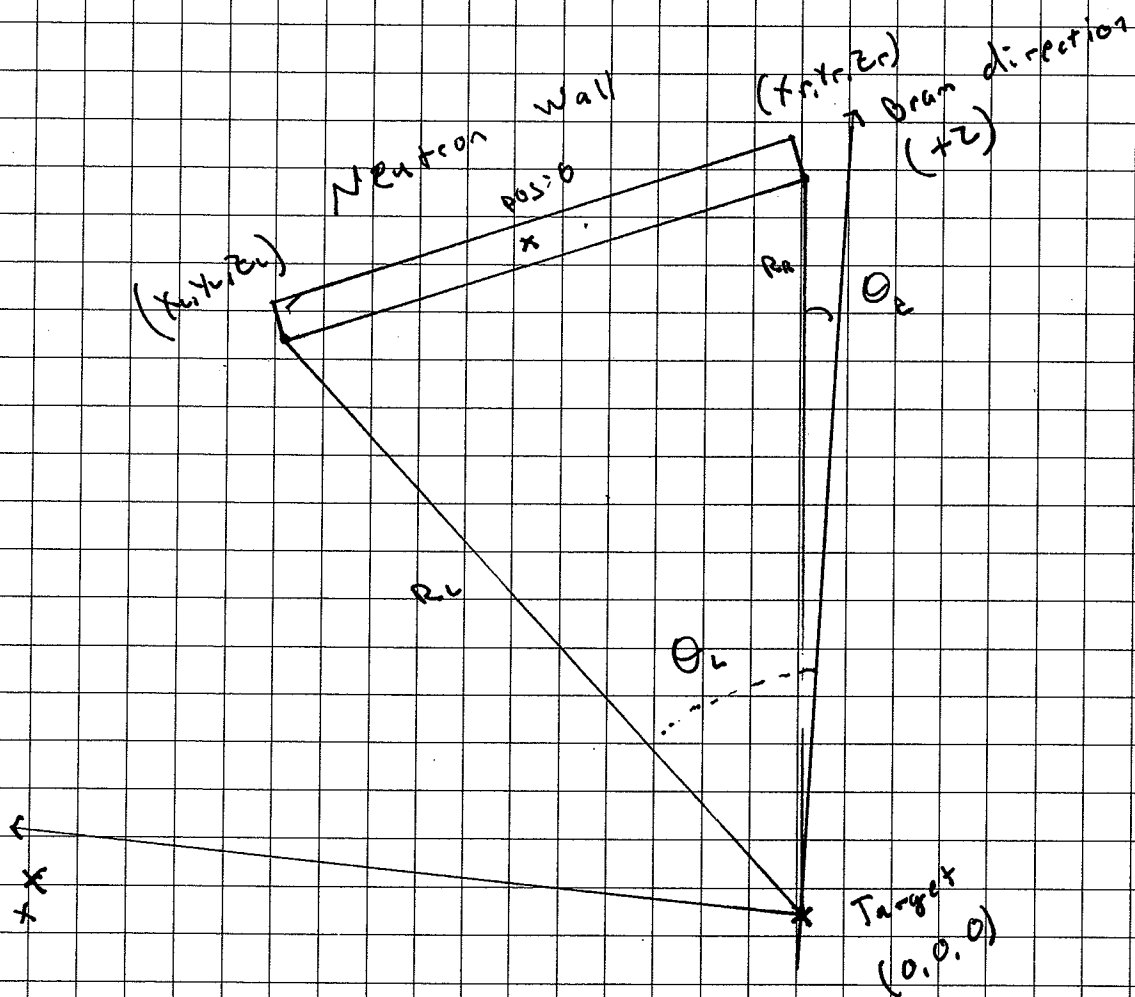
August 26, 2009 Neutron wall position determination

Eff. velocity of light in rubes  $7.65 \text{ cm}/\mu\text{s}$

Aug. 31, 2009

Tube positions in cm calculated.

- Ocm is center of tube.
- Must convert tube position to Lab position  $(R, \theta, \phi)$



Equations for converting tube position  $t$  to lab position

$$x = x_0 + at$$

$$y = y_0 + bt$$

$$z = z_0 + ct$$

when  $t=0 \Rightarrow$  tube position is center.

$$\text{When } t=1 \text{ then } d = \sqrt{(x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 + (z-z_0)^2} = l$$

position is at end of tube.

when  $t=0$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

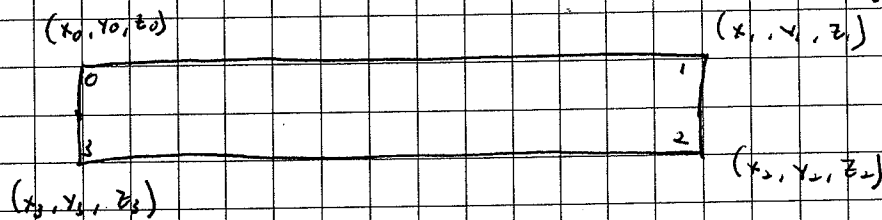
$\Rightarrow$  at tube center

when  $t = \frac{l}{2}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x}_r \\ \bar{y}_r \\ \bar{z}_r \end{pmatrix}$$

$l$  = measured length of tube  
 $\bar{x}_r, \bar{y}_r, \bar{z}_r$  = average positions of  $(x, y, z)$  at right side of tube.

$\Rightarrow$  Find  $a, b, c$ .



when  $t = -\frac{l}{2}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x}_l \\ \bar{y}_l \\ \bar{z}_l \end{pmatrix}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Left side of tube

$\Rightarrow$  Find  $a, b, c$

$\Rightarrow$  should be equal to  $a, b, c$  from ab.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{x}_l \\ \bar{y}_l \\ \bar{z}_l \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (x_0 + x_3)/2 \\ (y_0 + y_3)/2 \\ (z_0 + z_3)/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{x}_r \\ \bar{y}_r \\ \bar{z}_r \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (x_1 + x_2)/2 \\ (y_1 + y_2)/2 \\ (z_1 + z_2)/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum_{i=0}^3 x_i / 4 \\ \sum_{i=0}^3 y_i / 4 \\ \sum_{i=0}^3 z_i / 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Consistency check:

$$\text{when } t=1, \quad \left[ (x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 + (z-z_0)^2 \right]^{1/2} = 1$$

$$\text{when } t=-1, \quad \left[ (x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 + (z-z_0)^2 \right]^{1/2} = -1$$

$t$  = tube position.

## Next For Neutron walls

1. Repeat process for rotated reference frame  $\Rightarrow$  Final lab frame
2. Convert to  $(R, \theta, \phi)$
3. ~~Find~~ Find TOF From  $\gamma$ -peak

$$\text{TOF} = (t - t_\gamma) + T_\gamma$$

$t_\gamma$  = measured photon time of flight

$(t - t_\gamma)$  = Photon TOF with respect to  $\gamma$  peak.

$T_\gamma$  = calculated photon TOF

$$T_\gamma = \frac{R}{c}$$

4. Find  $E_{\text{lab}}$  From neutron TOF
5. Find  $\gamma$  = rapidity.
6. Find  $\gamma_{\text{beam}}$
7. Find  $\gamma/\gamma_{\text{beam}}$ .

## Tree information for neutrons. (For each neutron)

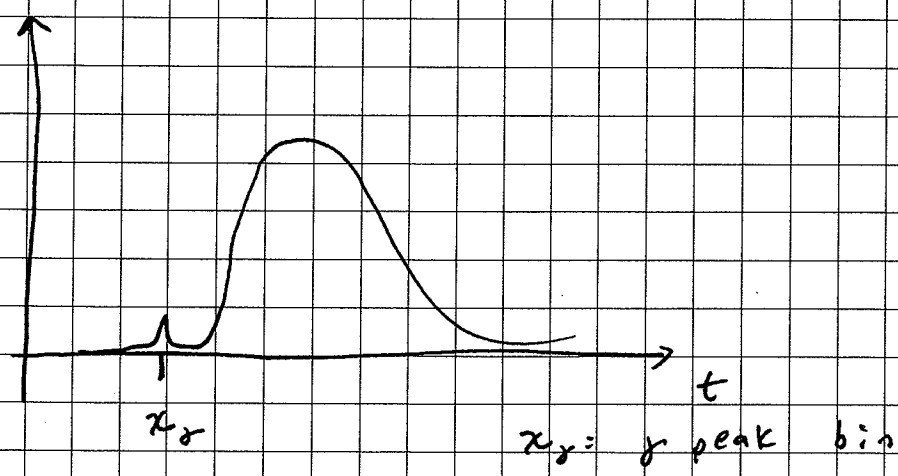
- PID (neutrons, protons,  $\gamma$ )
- $E_{\text{lab}}$
- $E_{\text{cm}}$  (?)
- $R$
- $\theta$
- $\phi$

## Also

- Efficiency determination
- MiniBall
  - $E$  - PID
  - Multiplicity
  - $R, \theta, \phi$

- LASSA (For each proton)
  - $\Rightarrow$  -  $E$
  - $(R, \theta, \phi)$
  - $M$

n-Wall TOF calibration complete:  
 raw data files calibrated for time and  $\gamma$  offsets  
 -  $\gamma$  peaks fall into a specific bin



$x_\gamma$  is set to be constant for each wall

<u>Wall</u>	<u><math>x_\gamma</math></u>
A	150
B	160?

] both set to be the same

Rechecking  $\gamma$  peak after calibration:  
 - should be very close, but let's recheck.  
 peak locations

<u>tube</u>	<u>wall A (ns)</u>	<u>wall B (ns)</u>	(AM) = $\frac{wA}{wB}$
0			
1		-14.57	
2		-14.5299	
3		-14.7964	
4		-14.4181	
5		-14.41	
6		-14.06	
7		-14.61	
8		(massed up)	
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			

File to convert to n-wall position.

/raid/keosoy/analysis/calibrate

→ Converts tube position to  $(R, \theta, \phi)$  and  $(x, y, z)$

Rapidity calculation.

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z} \right)$$

$$p_z = \gamma m v_x \rightarrow \gamma m \beta_z = \gamma m \beta \cos \theta$$

$$E = \gamma m c^2 \rightarrow \gamma m$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{\gamma m + \gamma m \beta \cos \theta}{\gamma m - \gamma m \beta \cos \theta} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1 + \beta \cos \theta}{1 - \beta \cos \theta} \right)$$

For the beam  $\theta = 0$

$$y_b = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1 + \beta}{1 - \beta} \right)$$

- For  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  at 140 MeV/u  
to within 0.01% For both

$$y_b = 0.54187$$

Things to check:

- \* Many neutron tdc events unavailable as FA TDC signal does not come in (threshold or other possible problem)
- \* Try timing off of MiniBall OR (channel 1, 2, or 3 in neutron TDC, check notes)
- \* Must then calibrate TOF of MiniBall OR
  - o Means Calibrating TOF for EVERY MiniBall element (time offset) the same way as the FA elements (to line up gamma flash)
    - + Relative timing of MiniBall elements using gamma flash
    - + Offset of gamma flash to channel -15 in TDC spectrum
  - o Maybe we only need to do forward rings
- \* Check time resolution this way
- \* Timing of gamma peak

Assign Neutron 1190 channels

Neutron 1190 TDC

D: Neutron OR → miniball → m\_tdc [2]

S = Prompt Trigs → miniball → m\_tdc [4]

D: FA OR → miniball → m\_tdc [3]

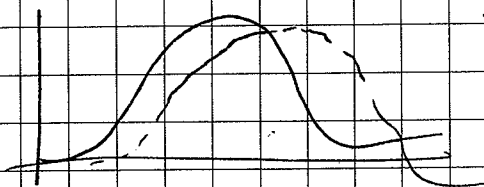
Wall A. Right-m\_tdc [2] → miniball → m\_tdc [6]  
 - fa [6] in miniball

Check time offsets on Miniball From FA.

Feb. 14

Check a sample or two MB TDC channels.

MB channel 34



Spectrum offset depending on FA channel triggered.

FA FA trig

m\_TDC low chan

0	<del>50.79</del> 56.93	<del>29.47</del> 46.4
1	<del>48.78</del> 47.45	<del>51.55</del> 52
2	<del>46.4</del> 45.45	<del>37.46</del> 38
3	<del>53.76</del> 52.44	<del>53.72</del> 54
4	<del>48.81</del> 44.33	<del>29.47</del> 32
5	<del>50.89</del> 49.31	<del>29.48</del> 50
6	<del>48.83</del> 47.465	<del>44.40</del> 43
7	<del>50.93</del> 49.46	<del>45.48</del> 48
8	<del>48.67</del> 47.40	<del>47.39</del> 45
9	49.80	<del>44.48</del> 45
10	52.35	<del>39</del> 40
11	53.48	<del>48</del> 40
12	47.68	40
13	50.232	<del>46</del> 52
14	<del>48.63</del> 50.46	<del>52</del> 43
15	43.38	55



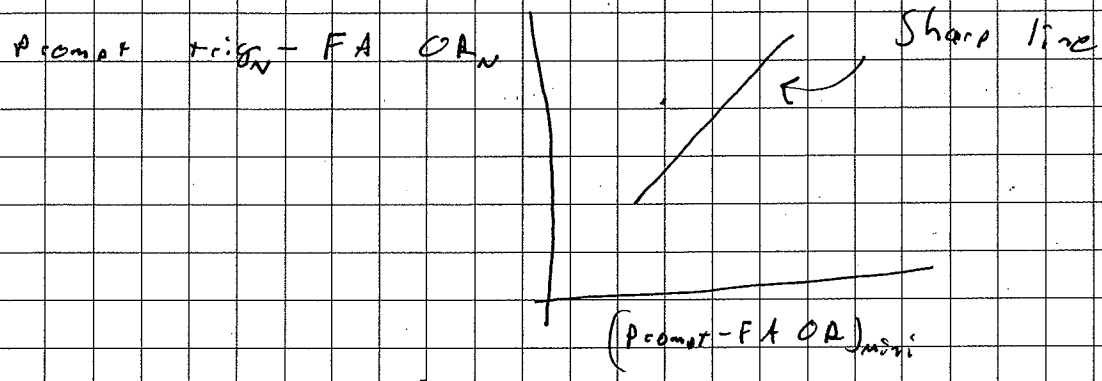
5/20/00

We can't use FA OR as either because of the intrinsic time jitter between FA OR on each TOC.

- We need to plot a common time signal in each case.
- Prompt trigger perhaps.

- Plot prompt trig - FA OR in each case to see if they match.
- Plot raw prompt trig in each case  
→ difference is relative time jitter.

What we need:



If the line is share (i.e.,  $\sigma \ll \text{ms}$ ) we can plot RAW prompt trig to see relative time between Neutron TOC and MiniBall TOC on an event-by-event basis.

Procedure

1. Find  $(T_p - T_{OR})_N = A$

$T_p$  = prompt trig time  
 $T_{OR}$  = FA OR in neutron.

2. Find  $(T_p - T_{OR})_{msi} = B$

3. Plot A vs. B

4. If A vs B is linear with  $\sigma \ll \text{ms}$  we can proceed.

5. Find  $T_{p,raw}$ ,  $T_{p,msi}$

6. Time difference:  $T_{p,msi} - T_{p,raw} = C$

7. Neutron Time  $T_N = C - T_{p,raw}$

↑  $\square$  FA offset to MiniBall TOC

It would appear that the  $N_{TOF}$  and  $N_{TOC}$  has no correlating event in the MiniBall TOC. However, it appears that the events for which there is no FA-QR are those which the neutrons are very late, very low E  $\rightarrow$  possibly non-correlated, so we can likely ignore these. That is, they do not occur in the TOC window.

FEB 12

### Neutron PID Function

FEB 25

$G_f$  = Geometric Mean for fast signal

$G_r$  = Geometric Mean for total signal

$$P_{10} = \frac{G_f}{A + B G_f + C G_r^2}$$

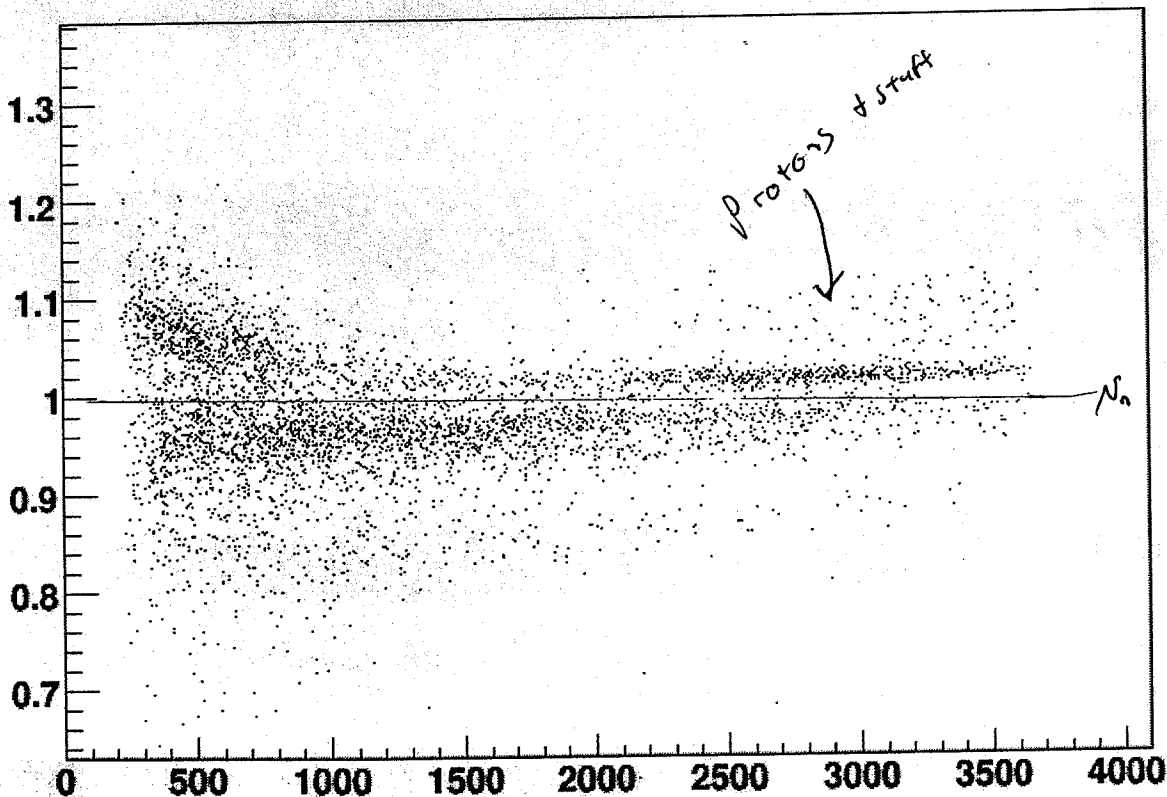
$$A = 20.27475$$

$$B = 0.8538659$$

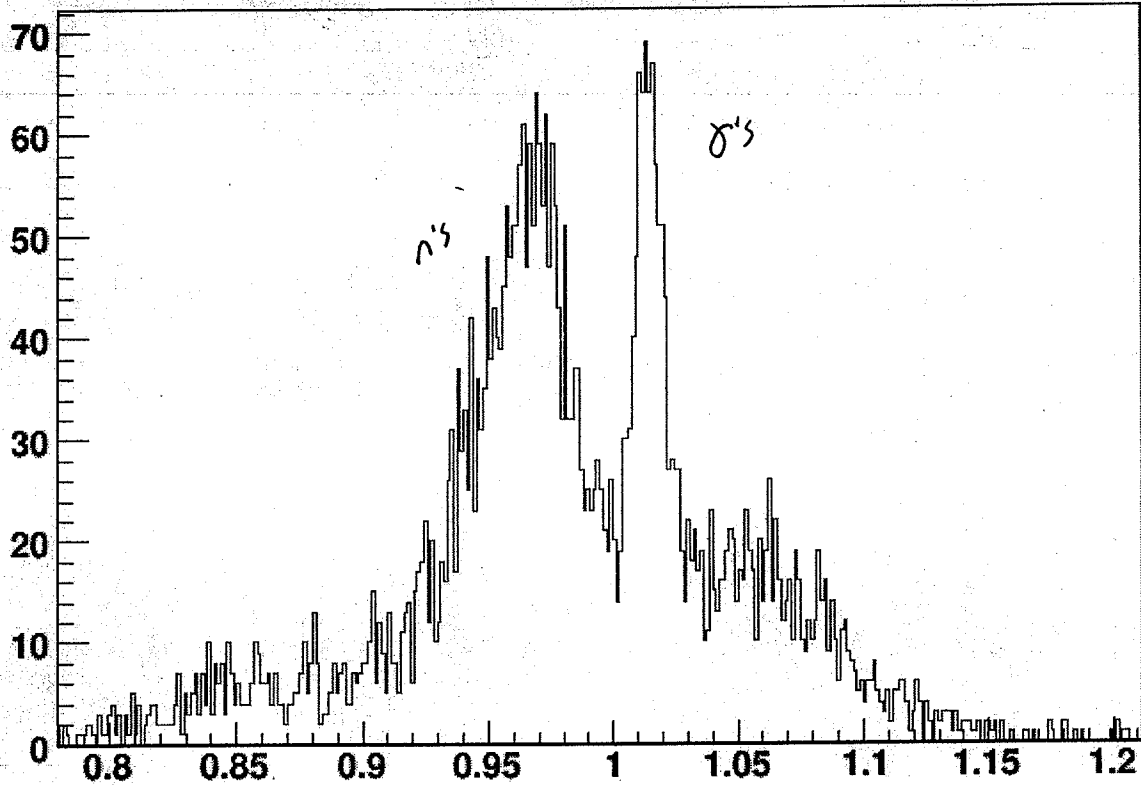
$$C = -5.409404 \times 10^{-6}$$

Then Neutrons  $\Rightarrow P_{10} < N_n$

$N_n$  depends on the tube.



Tube 12  
PID



Tube 12  
Wall A  
PID for  
all n-j  
GM?

32240793

PID Values

N<sub>n</sub>

~~32240793~~

Tube

Wall A

Wall B

0

0.976843

0.991025

1

0.976843

1.02648

2

1.01488

0.966983

3

0.963481

~~0.965777~~ 1.06319

4

0.990051

~~1.06379~~ 1.01547

5

0.992581

0.987516

6

0.974133

1.00092

7

0.992581

0.976678

8

1.05205

1.01251

9

1.04064

1.02727

10

1.00846

1.0363

11

1.01847

1.02983

12

0.986664

1.05305

13

0.982491

1.07127

14

1.04052

1.0363

15

1.00133

1.05702

16

1.01585

1.05314

(cont.)

Tube	wall A	wall B
19	1.04247	1.04349
20	1.02311	1.05018
21	0.989551	1.06739
22	1.03214	1.02724
23	1.04118	1.01959

Note: For values  $N_n \geq 0.1$ , we may be inaccurate.  
It may be better to fit for every tube  $\rightarrow$  difficult!

wall B tube 5 could be better.

March 1, 2010

Examining Proton Veto vs TOP to see proton Contamination

$\rightarrow$  actually, we want to see <sup>maximum</sup> proton Energy in walls for N-P correlations

Recall: A.V. channels are in FA adc chns 16-26  
(channel 23 bad, so moved to 24)

16-23, 25-26

order  
16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, ~~23~~, 24, 25, 26

P10 values

$\gamma = 1$   
 $n = 2$   
 $p = 3$   
 $d = 4$   
 $t = 5$

4.3.2018

## Neutron- $\gamma$ discrimination

- Many overflow events in QDC spectra. However, these are mostly neutrons so we can ignore them in the P0 spectra.
- The true neutron events - after throwing out gammas - will be taken from
- Method
  1. Eliminate  $\gamma$ 's from P10 plot
  2. Get energy from TOC plot.

## Things to check

- Many Events in TOC don't have start sigs.
  - double check
  - verify
  - Try to find reasons
  - correct in efficiency
- These are mostly low E events.

## To do:

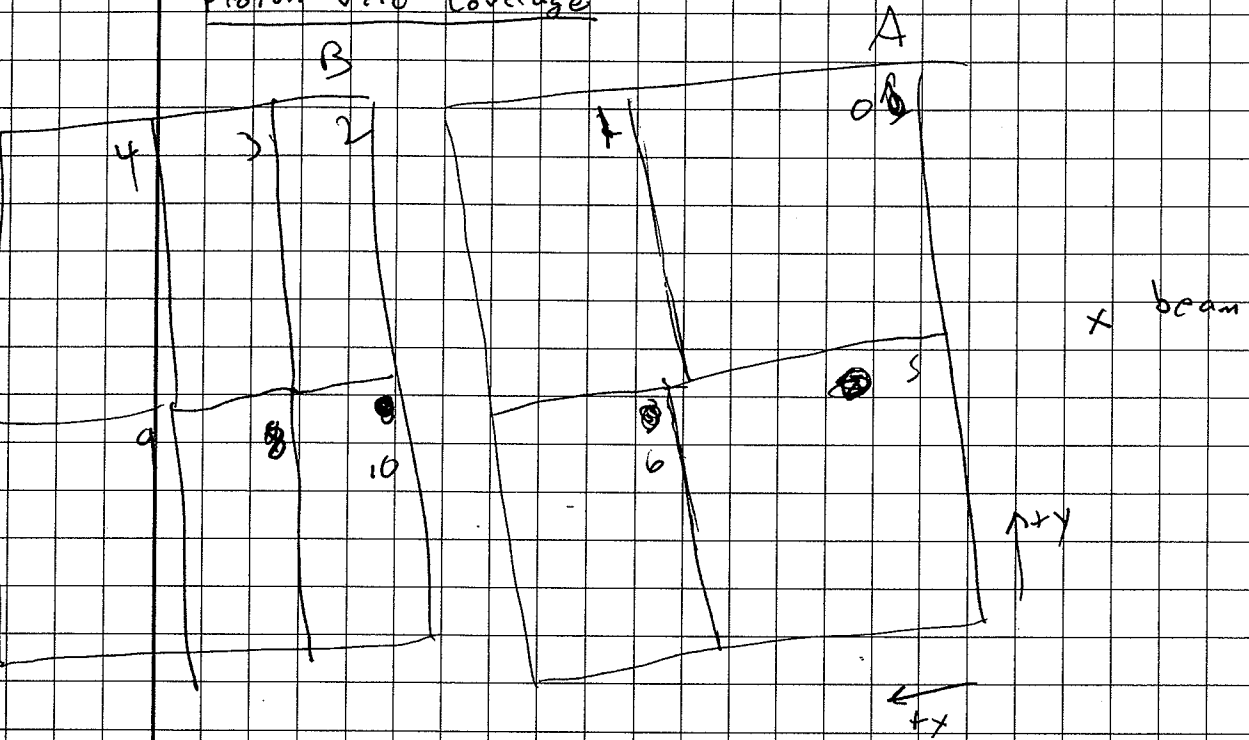
- Get proton, deuteron, triton disc.
  - Veto paddles
  - p, d, t bands
- ~~Count~~ Don't write all events  $\rightarrow$  only events w/ data
  - $\rightarrow$  must write event number & run number
- i
  - If a bad event then no need to process rest of it.

PID looks pretty good. Could be a bit better, but  
 Not Bad. Also got scattered  $\gamma$ 's.

To do:

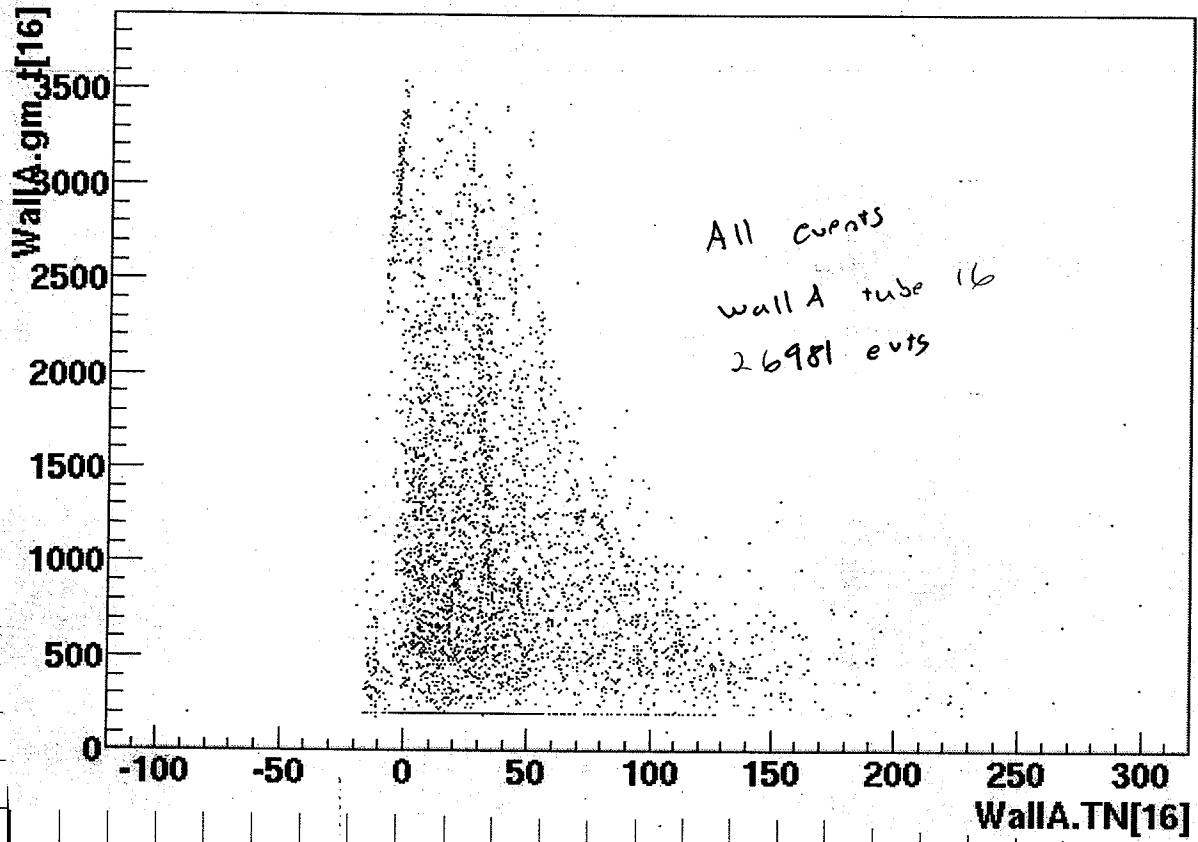
- protons
- deuterons
- tritons.

Proton Veto Coverage

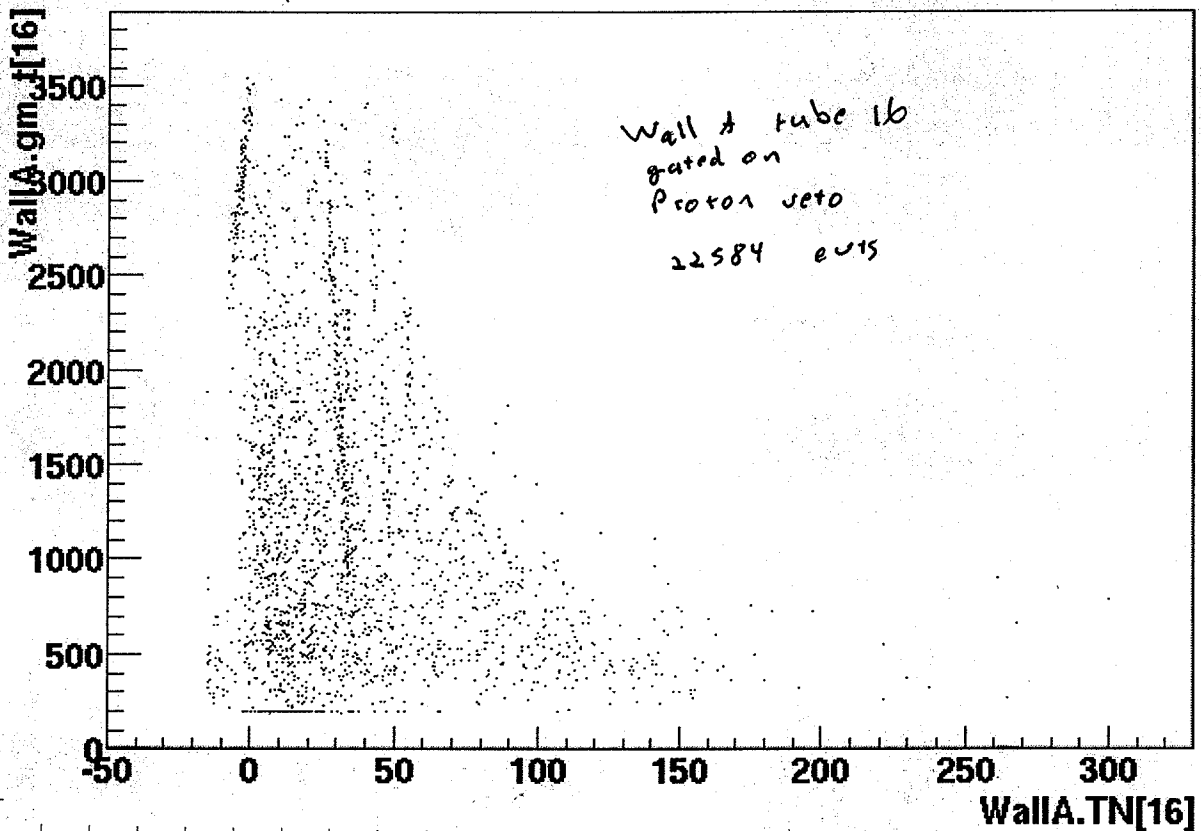


<u>Wav</u>	<u>ADC</u>	<u>X<sub>min</sub></u>	<u>X<sub>max</sub></u>	<u>Y<sub>min</sub></u>	<u>Y<sub>max</sub></u>
A	0	89	173	-18cm	0
A	1	173	273	<del>0</del>	<del>173</del>
B	2	297	319	-8	<del>173</del>
B	3	319	376	-15	
B	4	376	429	-16	
A	5	83	176		-12
A	6	163	273		0
B	8	322	369		-15
B	9	369	427		-16
B	10	<del>292</del>	<del>322</del>		-8

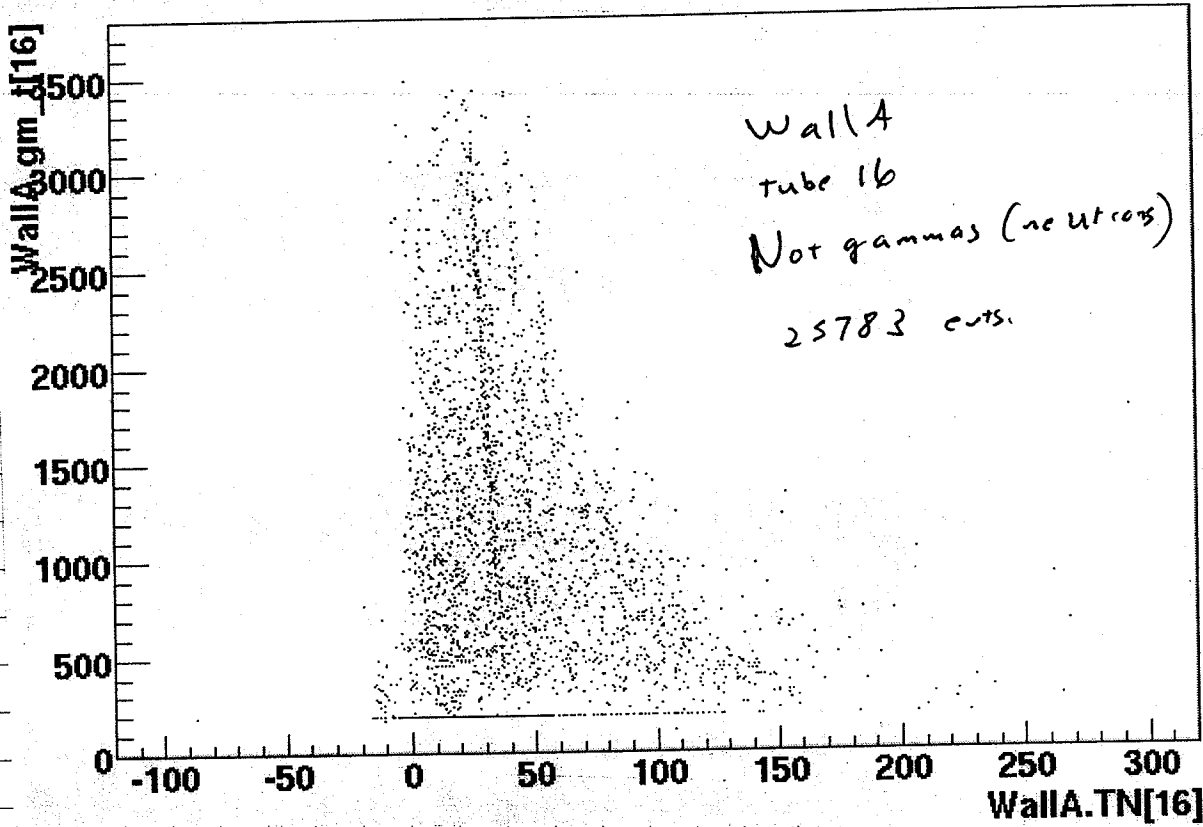
WallA.gm\_t[16]:WallA.TN[16] (WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100)



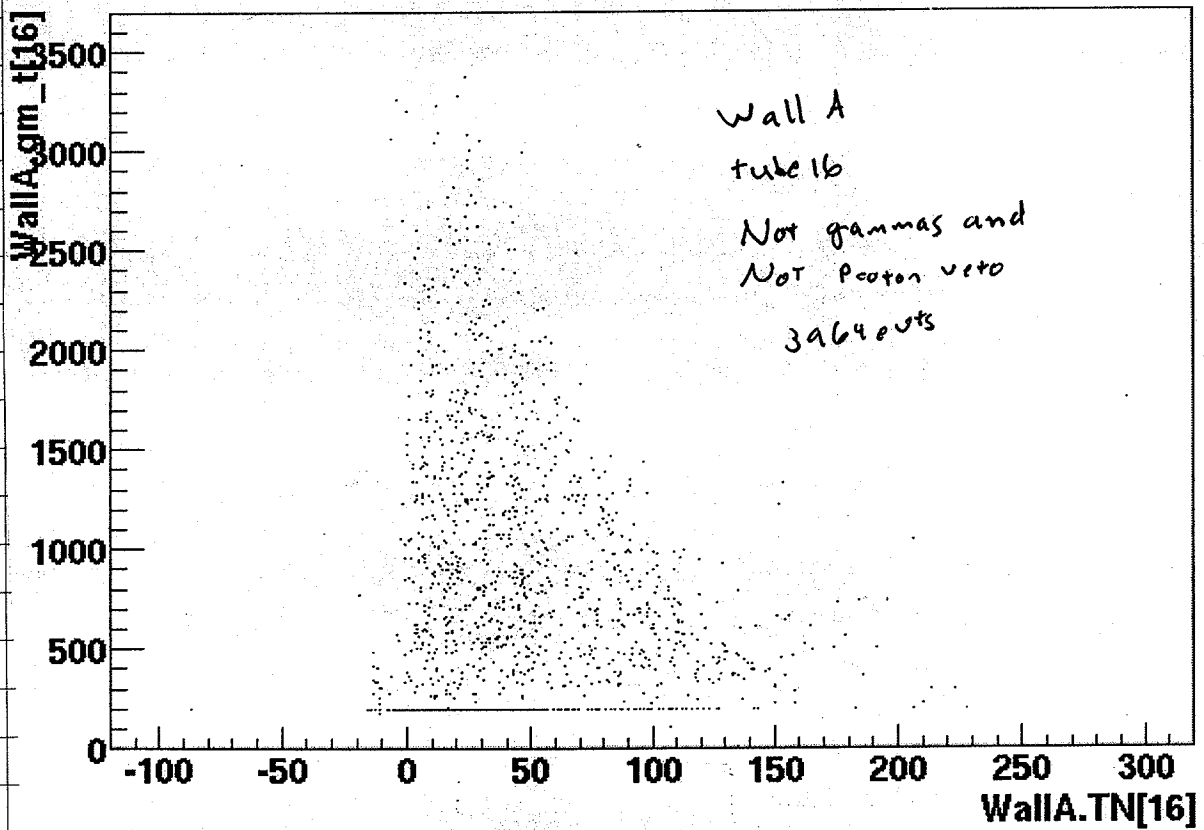
WallA.gm\_t[16]:WallA.TN[16] (WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100&&(Veto.adc[0]>200||Veto.adc[1]>274))



WallA.gm\_t[16].WallA.TN[16] {WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100&&WallA.pid[16]!=1}



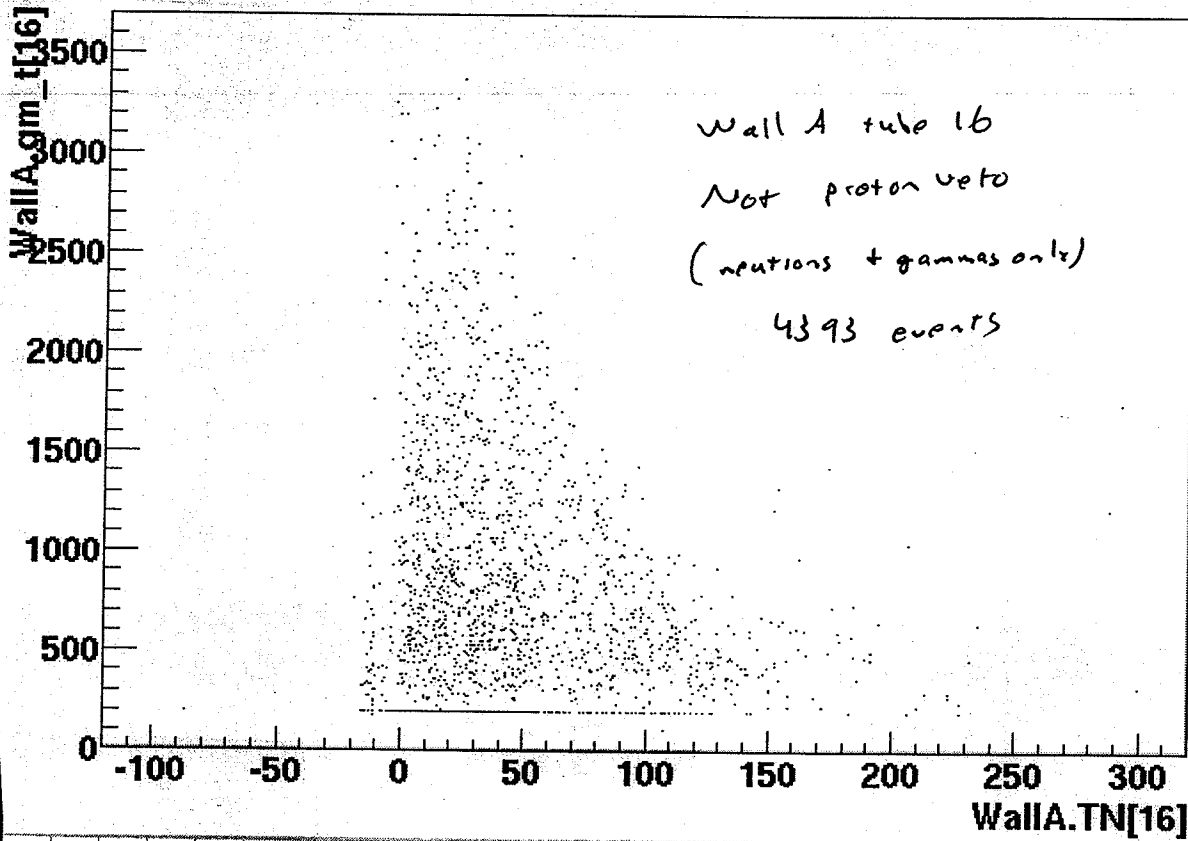
WallA.gm\_t[16].WallA.TN[16] {WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100&&Veto.A[16]<200&&Veto.Adc[16]>2746&&WallA.pid[16]!=1}



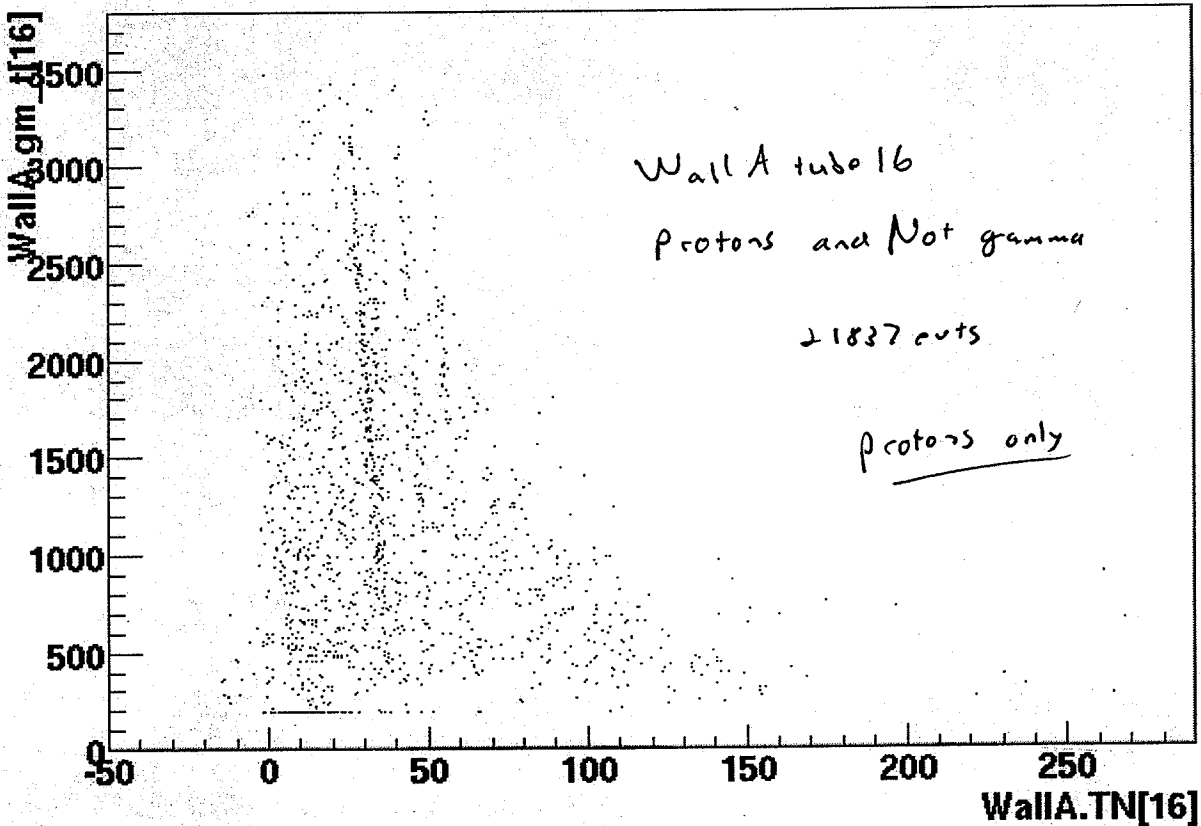
Neutrons only →



WallA.gm\_t[16]:WallA.TN[16] <WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100&&(Veto.adc[0]<200&&Veto.adc[1]<274)>



WallA.gm\_t[16]:WallA.TN[16] <WallA.TN[16]<300&&WallA.TN[16]>-100&&(Veto.adc[0]<200|Veto.adc[1]<274&&WallA.pid[1417]<1)



Proton veto Coverage at bottom of page 143

<u>Veto ADC</u>	<u>wall</u>	<u>X range</u>	<u>Y range</u>	<u>Tubes</u>
0	A	(489) - 173	-18 →	
1	A	173 - 273	0 →	
2	B	297 - 319	-8 →	
3	B	319 - 376	-15 →	
4	<del>A</del> B	376 - 429	76 →	
5	A	83 - 176	→ -18 <del>+16</del>	
6	A	163 - 273	→ -18	
7				
8	B	322 - 369	→ -15	
9	B	369 - 422	→ -16	W
10	B	292 - 322	→ -18	
11				

To eliminate neutrons

- PV greater than certain value  $\Rightarrow$   $\gamma$  + n's
- $\gamma$  line
- $E_0$   $\gamma$ 's, n's, charged particles

Veto adc cuts

- Used for cuts for neutrons + CPs.  $\rightarrow$  anything above is CP's.

ADC                      Cut off

0	185
1	227
2	204
3	148
4	73
5	128
6	144
8	89
9	171
10	172

File: neutron\_PV\_CUTS.dat

Need to:

- Check each tube for protein contamination
- Adjust coverage of vefos if necessary

11,200 Double-check tubes

Tube	Wall A	Wall B
<del>Wall A</del>	OK	OK
0	✓	✓
1	✓	✓
2	✓	✓
3	Very small amount of contamination	✓
4	✓	✓
5	✓	✓
6	✓	✓
7	✓	✓
8	✓	✓
9	Maybe some cont.	✓
10	Some Cont.	✓
11	Some Cont.	✓
12	Some Cont.	✓
13	Maybe some tiny cont.	✓
14	✓	✓
15	✓	✓
16	✓	✓
17	✓	✓
18	✓	✓
19	✓	✓
20	✓	✓
21	✓	✓
22	✓	Some Cont.
23	✓	Some Cont.

# Fine tuning of Vetos

Wall A

173

0

1

tube 11

tube 10

Tube 13

tube 11 / tube 12

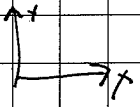
→ possible area not covered  
by veto

5

6

0

173



Wall B tubes 22 + 23 have a small amount of proton contamination

March 15, 2016

- Maybe from veto 3 only?
- Maybe eliminate those?
- Maybe ignore, not too much.

Wall A tubes 10 : small amount of contamination

- { 11 : small amount of contamination
- { 12 : some contamination. A bit more than tube 11
- { 13 : very tiny amount of contamination

It looks like a small section ~~bordered~~ corresponding to  $x > 173$   
and tube 11 + 12 may not have good veto coverage

- tube 12 may be covered by veto 1 + half by veto 6
- Same for tube 11

Many events have TOC time, but NO QDC events. These ~~must be~~ ~~not~~ are all fast events, ~~thus~~ and below software threshold on QDC. Thus, they probably aren't neutrons, but maybe fast protons. we should check this

$T \approx 30 \text{ ns}$   
 this corresponds to a proton  $E \approx$  ←  
 Neutron Energy  $E \approx$   
 For this proton  $E$ , the energy deposition in liquid is:

Example, tube 5

Number of events	GM <sub>T</sub> = ped	<del>1629</del> 1629	Neutrons
Number of events	Total	6744	
Approx 1/3 of all events are pedestal as expected ↓			

Problem

- Most of the events are overflow, and these are thrown out, i.e.  $E=0$
- However, Most of the  $\gamma$  events are not overflow, so we can eliminate them

Number of events w/ Conditions table 5A

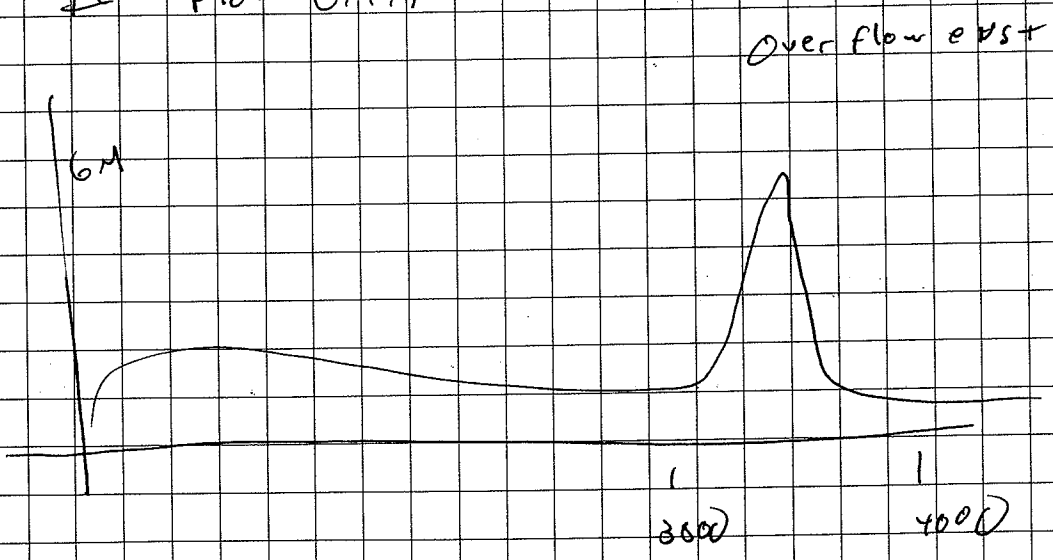
		Valid T	"Neutrons"	"Charged p"	$\delta$
overflow	G.M. = 0	17478	1544	15934	0
Pedestal	G.M. = Ped	<del>1168</del> 1365	1288	74	3
	G.M. = Normal	4262	1168	2421	673
	Total	23133	4007	18450	673

So How can we have so many events w/ G.M. = 0 and T  $\neq$  0  
 - those are overflow events  
 - are we handling overflow events correctly?  
 - ~~we can~~ That is, are we identifying them correctly?

Most - overflow events are charged particles  
 - we don't expect too many from  $\gamma$ 's

Consider G.M. w/ overflow

~~to~~ Plot G.M. T



For all events	Number of cts between 3000 + 4000 (7000)	$\times 4173$	<u>overflow</u>	G.M. = 500's <u>not overflow</u>
	- 2852			
For only protons	- 2779			
	All :	1602		14875
	p-zero only :	1543		13231
	neutrons or gamma :	58		<del>1568</del> 166

It looks like at least 96% of all overflow events are charged particles ~~and neutrons~~ only. The rest can then easily be distinguished with PID.

- What about pedestal events (Tube 5A)

	Neutrons	charged p.	$\gamma$	Total
Fatal ped	4007	18450	676	23133
Not Ped	1288	74	3	<del>4736</del> 1365
				21762

Most in the pedestal are neutrons. Can this be?

- Maybe.

- They can't be C.P because the veto

- Could the  $\gamma$  be  $\gamma$ 's?  $\leftarrow$  they might be scattered  $\gamma$ 's

- that would be where all our  $\gamma$ 's are!

- below QDC thresh!

$\Rightarrow$  Vetos coverage is not quite right. This thus some C.PS are escaping into the wall.

$\Rightarrow$  Might need a 2-D array for veto coverage

Cutoff [tube][veto]

$\Rightarrow$  To speed things up, we can also initialize everything to zero  $\phi$ .

Coordinate Cuts for each tube G AP

<del>Tube #</del> Tube	Wall A		Wall B
	cut between veto		cut
0	177	<del>164-174</del> 164-174	
1	173	161-181	
2	175	168-181	
3	175	166-183	
4	175	166-184	
5		164-186	
Veto 6		169-183	
<del>Tube</del> 7		166-185	
5 + 6 8		164-184	
9		166-185	
10		163-183	
11		165-187	
12		161-192	
Veto 13		162-191	
14		166-196	
OTZ 15		168-193	
16		174-194	
17		171-198	
18		175-195	
19		175-193	
20		174-194	
21		176-194	
22		174-188	
23			

- There is a small gap between Veto 5 and 6
- Probably best to eliminate this area

To do

- also check wall B gaps.
- Check beam side wall cuts
- also cut for TOF to eliminate y's that way



⇒ It looks like we can safely conclude that almost all overflow events are from charged particles → very hopeful. success = 4%

Now

Minimum coverage for edge nets

Tube	wall zero left
0	0
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	93
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

<sup>Not</sup>  
Active areas covered by vicos

Tube

A

B

0	143-184 (looks odd)	
1	160-187 (looks odd)	
2	161-188	
3	164-194	
4	163-188 <del>160-188</del>	
5	168-188	
6	166-185	
7	162-188	
8	166-188	
9	165-188	
10	167-185	
11		(Something wrong)
12	AV	
13	AV	
14	171-185	
15	171-190	
16	171-185 (looks funny)	
17	171-193	
18	<del>166-188</del> 171-192	
19	170-187	
20	169-190	
21	171-188	
22	171-193	
23	172-191	

## Veto Coverage

Veto [5]

Veto ADC [6]

Wall A tube

x

0

168-283

0-168

1

172-283

0-~~168~~ 172

sil 3, 2010

Identifying neutrons + protons using veto + gm-t

veto &gt; ped = protons

gm-t = ped  $\Rightarrow$  almost all protons

sil 6, 2010

Final check on sil 0 - veto

Questionable tubes

Wall A, tube 6

tube 11

tube 12  $\Rightarrow$ 

shadowing by beamline?

13

14

18

19

To do

- Check PID of all tubes
- Check veto coverage of all tubes.
- Check E vs.  $\Theta$  of all tubes
- check blocking of wall by ring 6 in MiniBall
- look at contamination of n's
  - protons
  - $\gamma$ 's
- look at neutrons lost to protons.
- Is the spectrum purely geometric?

